June 2, 1768. NUMB. 2058

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain NICHOLSON, arrived at New-York from Dublin, we have the following Advices, viz.

LONDON, *March* 15.

WE have been told, and we believe by pretty good Authority, that the Affair of Mr. Wilkes ſtands thus:---He intended to ſtand a Candidate for Weſtminſter, and to have ſtarted at the Poſt, which if he had done, there would have been no Doubt of his Election. This the Friends of the other Candidates knew, and were determined to prevent, if poſſible; accordingly Mr. Wilkes was ſent for by a noble Duke, and they had a Conference on the Subject, which it was propoſed and promiſed, That if Mr. Wilkes would decline ſtanding for Weſtminſter, and at any future Opportunity could get a Borough or City, that then the noble Duke, with his Connections, would uſe all their Intereſt with the King for a Pardon. On this Mr. Wilkes declined Weſtminſter, and told his Friends the Probability he had of a Pardon, which was the Occaſion of its being given out that he had got it, in order to have Weight in the City, for which he was adviſed immediately to declare himſelf a Candidate; in which if he ſucceeds, or for any other Place, he is then to have the Intereſt of the greateſt Families in the Kingdom to intercede for his Pardon.

It is ſaid, that it was debated in Council this Week, whether the *Capias Utlagatum* ſhould be executed on Mr. Wilkes; but carried in the Negative.

March 17. A Subſcription is begun at Lee and Ayton's, Bankers, in Lombard-ſtreet, to ſatisfy the Creditors of John Wilkes, Eſq; and to qualify him as an independent Member of the Houſe of Commons, and it is not doubted but that the Friends of Liberty will immediately favour ſo laudable an Undertaking.

We are informed that the Subſcription for ſatisfying the Demands of Mr. Wilkes's Creditors, fills apace; and that the firſt Day, a great Number of Gentlemen ſubſcribed £ 150 each, and others £ 100. We hear that a thorough Reconciliation is likely to take Place between Mr. Wilkes and every Branch of his Family.

It is ſaid the Inhabitants of a certain Borough, are ſo eager to have a certain popular Gentleman for their Repreſentative, that they are reſolved not to nominate nor fix upon more than one Candidate, till they know what will be his Fate in the Capital.

It is currently reported at the Weſt-End of the Town, that in Caſe Mr. W. does not get a Seat in the B. Senate, an Invitation will be given him to go to Dublin, to offer himſelf a Candidate for that City, along with the famous Dr. Lucas, who is juſtly ſtiled the Wilkes of Ireland.

We hear, that the favourite Candidates with the Ladies, both at the Eaſt and Weſt End of the Town, are the Lord-mayor and Mr. Wilkes, who, they obſerve, are very properly coupled together on the Huſtings at Guild-hall.

It is ſaid, that ſhould Mr. Wilkes fail of being elected a Member of the Britiſh Senate, he intends to retire to Boſton in N. England.

Saturday in the Afternoon, John Wilkes, Eſq; was taken in an open Chair from Guild-Hall, preceded by a Band of Muſick; when he got to the End of King's-Street, a Number of the Populace took the Chair upon their Shoulders, and in that Manner conveyed Mr. Wilkes to the King's-Arms Tavern, in Cornhill, amidſt the Acclamations of an incredible Number of Spectators: When ſome of the Mob hoiſted Mr. Wilkes's Sedan-Chair on their Shoulders, and bore him in that Manner to the King's-Arms Tavern, in Cornhill, one Fellow hollowed out, as they were lifting him up, By G--d Maſter Wilkes, we'll carry you, whether you carry your Election or not. It is confidently aſſerted, that ſhould Mr. Wilkes fail of being returned a City Member, he intends to put up for Knight of the Shire for the County of Middleſex.

Yeſterday the Maſter of a public Houſe by the Side of the Fleet-Market, hired the Hackney-Coach, No. 45, and ſix black Horſes, with long Tails, on the Top of which was a Man with a Flag, and another behind the Coach, who held the End of it, with blue Cockades in their Hats; and in this Manner he was carried to Guild-Hall, accompanied in the Coach by a Fruiterer in the Fleet Market, and other Friends, and each of them gave ſingle Votes for John Wilkes, Eſq; from Guild-Hall they proceeded in the ſame Manner over London and Weſtminſter Bridges, in their Return Home, followed by a Number of People huzzaing, and crying out, "Wilkes and Liberty!"

White-Hall, Council Office, March 21.

His Majeſty having cauſed the Cuſtody of the King's Seal to be re-delivered to the Right Hon. William Lord Chatham, a Council was this Day held at his Lordſhip's Houſe at Hayes, where the Oath of Keeper of the Privy Seal, was adminiſtered to his Lordſhip.

The following is a genuine Copy of a Letter ſent by Mr. Wilkes, to Thomas Nutall, Eſq; and Thomas Francis, Eſq; the Solicitor and Deputy-Solicitor of the Treaſury.

SIR, *London, March* 23, 1768.

"I take the Liberty to acquaint you, that in the Beginning of the enſuing Term, I ſhall preſent myſelf to the Court of King's-Bench. I pledge my Honour, as a Gentleman, that the very firſt Day [the 17th of April] I will there make my perſonal Appearance. I am, Sir, your moſt humble Servant,

JOHN WILKES."

Yeſterday came on the Election of Members for the Borough of Southwark; when after the three Candidates had paraded round the Boroughwick in grand Cavalcade, who all, with their Friends, made a very grand Appearance, they drew up on St. Margaret's Hill; and the Majority appearing to be for Mr. Thrale and Mr. Belchier, a Poll was demanded for Sir Joſeph Mawbey, which began Yeſterday Afternoon. On the cloſe of the Poll laſt Night the Numbers ſtood as follow:

For Henry Thrale, Eſq;	332
Sir Joſeph Mawbey, Bart.	199
William Belchier, Eſq;	153

March 24. Yeſterday Afternoon, at Four o'Clock, ended at Guildhall the Poll for Repreſentatives of this City in Parliament, when the Numbers ſtood thus:

For The Rt. Hon. Thomas Harley	3729
Sir Robert Ladbrooke	3678
Mr. Alderman Beckford	3402
Mr. Alderman Trecothick	2957
Sir Richard Glyn	2823
John Patterſon, Eſq;	1769
John Wilkes, Eſq;	1247

The common Crier proclaimed the Poll ended, and ſummoned a Common Hall To-morrow at Nine o'Clock for the Sheriffs to make their Declaration.

The Crowd was ſo great Yeſterday at Guildhall, that ſeveral Perſons were greatly hurt; the Iron Gates belonging to the Hall were broke to Pieces, the Lamps therein were likewiſe demoliſhed, and other Damage done: Some of the Mob mounted the Huſtings, bid Defiance to the Conſtables, and ſwore they would chooſe Repreſentatives for themſelves. Mr. Wilkes upon this departed the Hall as ſoon as poſſible, in Hopes that the Clamour would then ceaſe; having firſt addreſſed the Livery as follows:

GENTLEMEN, and FELLOW CITIZENS,

"*The Poll being now finiſhed, I return my ſincereſt Thanks to thoſe diſintereſted and independent Friends, who have ſo ſteadily and generouſly ſtood forth in my Favour: The Want of Succeſs, out of our Power to command, has not in the leaſt abated my Zeal for your Service. You cannot be unacquainted with the various circumſtances which have contributed to it. My Friends were of Opinion that I ſhould wait the Diſſolution of the laſt ſlaviſh and venal Parliament, while the other Candidates had been for many Months ſoliciting your Intereſt. Miniſterial Influence, aſſiſted by private Malice, has been exerted in the moſt arbitrary and unconſtitutional Manner, and by Means of the baſeſt Chicanery and Oppreſſion.*

"*But though diſappointed, I am not in the leaſt diſpirited: On the contrary, I reflect with Pride and Gratitude on the many Inſtances of Regard and Affection I have received from the Livery of London.*

"*I beg Leave to make my beſt Acknowledgments to the Sheriffs, who have ſhewn the utmoſt Candour and Impartiality during the Election, accompanied with a Dignity of Character becoming their Station in this great Metropolis.*

"*And now, Gentlemen, permit me to addreſs you as Friends to Liberty, and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex, declaring my Intention of appearing as a Candidate to repreſent you in Parliament, and ſtill hoping, by your Means, to have the Honour of being uſeful to you in the Britiſh Senate.*

"GENTLEMEN OF THE LIVERY,

"*I recommend it to you, in the ſtrongeſt Manner, to exert yourſelves to preſerve the Peace and Quiet of this City.*"

Several Diſpatches of Importance, were ſent away Yeſterday for North-America.

His Serene Highneſs Prince Charles of Heſſe-Caſſel, is expected here ſome Time in May, on a Viſit to our Court.

According to private Letters from Senegal, there is Advice, that the French had offered a powerful Prince on the African Coaſt, a very large Sum of Money to exclude the Engliſh from trading in any Part of his Dominions.

A certain Lady of Quality, ſaying to her Daughter-in-Law, ſhe hoped to ſee her have a Son; was anſwered----Never by your Son.

We hear the Right Hon. Lady, lately divorced, and lately again married, had 20,000 l. generouſly added to her Fortune by the noble Duke, her Ladyſhip's Brother.

We learn from Geneva, that the celebrated Mr. Voltaire, lies dangerouſly ill at his Seat at Ferney, near that City.

Briſtol, March 19. We hear that there is ſo great a Demand for Proviſions in a certain Borough in the Weſt, that 300 Guineas have been given for Half an Ox, and it is yet expected to be a more advanced Price.

DUBLIN, March 22.

Such Attention is paid to the glorious Cauſe of Liberty in this Kingdom, and eſpecially in this Metropolis, where it has been ever tenderly nurſed ſince its happy Fruits have been made known and underſtood, that we hear, in caſe that Martyrdom in the Cauſe, John Wilkes, Eſq; (who has been exiled from *his* Country) ſhould, by the illicit Influence of Power, loſe his Seat for the Metropolis of the neighbouring Kingdom, he will be invited to ſtand a Candidate for the *Metropolis* of HIBERNIA, on the enſuing General Election: His Succeſs, where the Eſſence of Freedom and Independance has been ſo clearly demonſtrated, cannot be doubted.---Hear this, ye Sons of Liberty, and rejoice!

Meſſieurs *HALL* and *SELLERS*,

GENTLEMEN, Philadelphia, May 20, 1768.

THE cruel and barbarous aſſault upon Mr. Thomas Walker of Montreal, has occaſioned many publications; and altho' by your Gazette of the 14th of laſt month, the determination of ſix actions brought againſt him appears in his favour; and that George M'Gavock, indicted for wilful and corrupt perjury, had been tried, and found not guilty of that charge; yet one other preſentment of the ſame Grand Jury, very particularly affecting Mr. Walker, and Mrs. Walker, his wife, remaining unnoticed, you are requeſted to inſert what follows from the Public Advertiſer, printed in London the 9th of February laſt, viz.

To the Printer of the PUBLIC ADVERTISER.

SIR,

IN your paper of 6th of June paſt, you inſerted the following paragraphs relating to the trial of Daniel Diſney, Eſq; for an attempt on the life of Thomas Walker, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace for Montreal, which has greatly injured the character of the ſaid Walker, and has been the means of preventing applications to his Majeſty's miniſters. As we are now poſſeſſed of an authentic copy of a letter from his Majeſty's Attorney General in Canada to the Grand Jury at Montreal, which tends to ſet that affair in its true light, we expect, from your promiſed impartiality, that you will inſert it as a juſtification of Mr. Walker's Character. The paragraphs above referred to.

Quebec, March 23. At the Supreme Court, which commenced at Montreal on Saturday the 28th of February laſt, and ended the 12th inſtant, bills of indictment againſt Lieut. Simon Evans, of the 28th regiment; Daniel Diſney, Eſq; Captain in the 44th regiment; and Monſ. Lacorne St. Luc, of Montreal, who were, with three other gentlemen, confined on the teſtimony of George M'Gavock, ſoldier in the 28th regiment, for the aſſault committed on Thomas Walker, Eſq; on the 6th of December 1764. The Grand Jury returned the bills againſt Lieutenant Evans and Monſ. Lacorne St. Luc ignoramus, and that againſt Mr. Diſney a true bill; and on Wedneſday the 11th inſt. Mr. Diſney was arraigned and tried, and after a trial of 8 hours, and many witneſſes examined on both ſides, Mr. Diſney was moſt honourably acquitted; the caſe being ſo clear, that the Petit-jury did not take more than half an hour to conſider on their verdict, which time was barely ſufficient to read over the notes of the poſitions made by the ſeveral witneſſes. On the trial, George M'Gavock appeared ſo guilty of perjury, that the other gentlemen, who were confined on his teſtimony, were the next morning diſcharged by proclamation.

The Grand Jury have likewiſe preſented him for wilful and corrupt perjury; and for the greater ſafety, he is now in cuſtody in the goal at Quebec, and will be proſecuted therefor at the next Supreme Court to be held at Montreal.

Amboy, April 24. Laſt week our Supreme Court of Aſſizes, at which appeared all the officers and ſoldiers of the 28th regiment, who lay under the imputation of the aſſault on Mr. Thomas Walker; but as no other teſtimony was brought againſt them but the depoſition of a villain, who had lately been preſented by the Grand Jury for wilful and corrupt perjury, they were all releaſed from their recognizances.

Extracts from the preſentments of the Grand Jury of Canada.

ARTICLE VII.

That by the alibi of Major Diſney proved yeſterday in Court, Mr. Thomas Walker, and Mrs. Walker, his wife, have been guilty of perjury; for that they did on oath poſitively ſwear, that the ſaid Major Daniel Diſney, in diſguiſe, was in the houſe of the ſaid Thomas Walker on Thurſday, the 6th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1764, between the hours of 8 and 9 of the clock in the evening of that day.

ARTICLE VIII.

That George M'Gavock, now or late a ſoldier in his Majeſty's 28th regiment, is guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury; for that he, at ſundry times and places, being under oath legally adminiſtred, did commit perjury, and particularly yeſterday, being the 11th day of March, in open Court, did poſitively ſwear he was preſent at the aſſault committed on Mr. Walker the 6th day of December, 1764; and that he did carry intelligence of the aſſault from the ſaid Walker's houſe to Capt. Payne, and Lieut. Tottenham, who were then at the houſe of Serjeant Mee; and for that the ſaid M'Gavock did then and there utter divers other wilful and corrupt perjuries. Signed, *Samuel Mackay*, Foreman.

Montreal, March 12, 1767.

Mr. Marſeres, his Majeſty's Attorney General for Canada, his letter to the Gand Jury of Montreal, dated September 16, 1767.

GENTLEMEN,

AS it has been repreſented in the Supreme Court, that at the laſt ſeſſion held at this place, I gave the Grand Jury then in being an unſatisfactory anſwer to ſome queſtions which they thought fit to propoſe to me concerning the nature of preſentments and indictments, I beg leave to ſtate to you, in a ſhort and plain manner, what thoſe queſtions were, and what anſwers I gave to them, that it may be ſeen how far I was from concealing from that Grand Jury any information that it was in my power to give them, in order to enable them to proceed with ſpirit and propriety in their important office of enquiries for our ſovereign lord the King into all felonies, and other crimes committed in the diſtrict of Montreal. I had not at the time they propoſed thoſe queſtions to me the leaſt apprehenſion that they entertained any deſign of preſenting George M'Gavock to the Supreme Court for any wilful and corrupt perjury committed by him at the trial of Capt. Diſney. There ſeemed to me to be no reaſon to ſuſpect him of that crime ariſing from any part of the evidence at that trial; and if there had been any reaſon to ſuſpect it, there ſeemed to be no legal evidence then at hand to prove it. Much leſs could I imagine that they entertained an intention of preſenting Mr. and Mrs. Walker for perjury. They never communicated their intention to me, nor deſired me to give them a general form of an indictment for perjury, that they might afterwards fill it up with the names of the perſons they intended to preſent. They only aſked me theſe ſhort queſtions; Whether there was any difference between an indictment and a preſentnent, and what that difference was? And whether it was neceſſary that a preſentment ſhould be upon oath? I anſwered, that I knew no legal difference between an indictment and a preſentment of a Grand Jury; that every indictment was, properly ſpeaking, a preſentment, being a charge againſt a man preſented to the Court by the Grand Jury upon their oath as a true charge; that it was indeed uſual in common converſation to call a charge preſented to the Court by the Grand Jury upon their own knowledge only, without hearing any witneſſes examined in ſupport of it, a preſentment; and a charge preſented by them in conſequence of the evidence of witneſſes examined before them, an indictment; but that the forms of both were exactly the ſame, and that it was neceſſary that both of them ſhould be ſtated to be upon the oath of the preſenters. This I took to be a full and proper anſwer to the queſtions that were propoſed to me; at leaſt it was the beſt that I was able to give them. They aſked me no further queſtions and I withdrew, not knowing or conjecturing for what end or purpoſe they had aſked me theſe.

In the afternoon of the ſame day, or of the day following (I forget which) I was greatly ſurprized to hear that they had delivered to the Chief-Juſtice the preſentments againſt George M'Gavock, and Mr. and Mrs. Walker, for perjury.

Four particulars, relating to theſe preſentments, occaſioned this ſurprize; firſt, becauſe I was not able to diſcover any ground, ariſing from the evidence given at Captain Diſney's trial, to charge either of thoſe three perſons with perjury, ſince the mere circumſtance of the Petit-jury's having thought fit to give credit to the witneſſes on the ſide of mercy and innocence, rather than to thoſe whoſe teſtimony tended to convict, ſeemed, by no means, either in law or reaſon, to be a ground for ſuch a concluſion.

If in every cauſe, in which contradictory, or ſeemingly contradictory evidence was given by the witneſſes on the different ſides, it were a juſt and legal concluſion that the witneſſes on the looſing ſide were all of them perjured, it would afford a terrible quantity of materials for the preſentments of Grand Juries: It would indeed entirely deſtroy all legal trials in the open, fair, and public manner in which they are now carried on; ſince no man would venture to give evidence in any cauſe, however juſt or honeſt, when he was liable to ſo dreadful a treatment, if the verdict ſhould happen to be given againſt his teſtimony. An Inquiſition upon the Spaniſh model, with ſecret evidence given in private by unknown accuſers, would become a neceſſary inſtitution.

The ſecond thing that ſeemed ſtrange in theſe preſentments was, that they ſhould not be ſtated to be upon oath, notwithſtanding the queſtions which the gentlemen of that Grand Jury had thought fit to propoſe to me upon that ſubject

The third thing that appeared remarkable was, that the perjury aſſigned in thoſe preſentments, as having been the principal perjury committed by George M'Gavock, and which was the only perjury expreſly ſet forth in the preſentment againſt him, was the declaration he made in the courſe of his evidence, that Capt. Payne had been ſtanding in the public ſtreet at Montreal, not far from Mr. Walker's houſe, at the time the cruel aſſault was committed upon Mr. Walker. For, ſuppoſing this fact of Capt.

[*For the Remainder, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By Captain CALEF, *arrived at Boſton, from London; and the Captains* GREEN *and* LAWRENCE, *arrived at New-York, from the ſame Place, we have the following Advices, viz.*

PETERSBURGH, February 9.

ACCORDING to the laſt advices, the biſhop of Cracow is removed to Schluſſelbourg, and there ſhut up in the ſame apartment as Peter the third died in.

Vienna, March 2. The earthquake, which we had here on the 27th of laſt month, was not ſo ſenſibly felt at Preſbourg as in this city, but as it was ſtronger at Newſtadt, about three poſts from hence, in the road to Italy, it is imagined it came to us from that part of the world. There is ſcarce a houſe at Newſtadt that has not ſuffered more or leſs, and the royal military academy there has been ſo much damaged, that it is computed the repairs will amount to 30,000 florins at leaſt. There is no account of any lives having been loſt. It is computed by the aſtronomer of the Jeſuits college here, who was at that inſtant in the obſervatory, that the earthquake laſted with us thirty ſeconds, in which time, he ſays, he felt more than an hundred ſhocks.

Whitehall, March 19. *The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Sir Edward Hawke, Knight of the Bath, Charles Townſhend, John Buller, Eſqrs. the Right Hon. Henry Viſcount Palmerſton, of the Kingdom of Ireland, Sir George Yonge, Bart. Sir Piercy Brett, Knight, and Charles Spencer, Eſq; commonly called Lord Charles Spencer, to be Commiſſioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of Great-Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Iſlands and Territories thereunto reſpectively belonging.*

LONDON, *March* 19.

Yeſterday, at four o'clock in the afternoon, died the Rev. Mr. STERN, author of *Triſtram Shandy*, ſome volumes of ſermons, and the Sentimental Journey.

Alas, *poor Yorick!* I knew him well, a fellow of infinite jeſt, moſt excellent fancy, &c.

Wit, humour, genius, *badſt thou, all agree,*
One grain of wiſdom *had been worth the three!*

We hear that two of the men of war now fitting out for ſea at Portſmouth, are to take on board a quantity of ordnance ſtores, and two companies of foot, for the ſettlement at Placentia, in Newfoundland.

Yeſterday a young man, parading along Fleet-ſtreet, on horſeback, in honour of Wilkes and liberty, was flung from his horſe near Fetter-lane end, fractured his ſkull, and died as he was taking to the hoſpital.

On the 27th ult. an earthquake was felt at Vienna, which threw the city into great conſternation; but it was more violent in ſome neighbouring places, particularly at Newſtadt, where great damage was done, and part of the fine caſtle occupied by the military academy thrown down.

By a letter from General Paoli, which is handed about at Leghorn, it ſeems as if an accommodation between the Corſicans and Genoeſe was ſtill at a great diſtance. Five Genoeſe ſhips are taken by the Corſicans.

The general review of the Pruſſian troops, as ſome of the regiments come ſeveral hundred miles, ſeems to portend ſomething ſerious. When that monarch entered Saxony laſt war, he made a feint of the ſame kind, and marched immediately.

'Tis ſuppoſed that 70,000 fowls, upon an average, to ſay nothing of other articles, are now daily conſumed in the city of London.

The loſs occaſioned by idleneſs to the Metropolis, during a week of a general Election, is eſtimated at 100,000 l.

The following gentlemen were elected members on Wedneſday the 16th, viz. The right hon. George Grenville, Eſq; and his brother James Grenville, Eſq; for Buckingham.

The right hon. General Conway, and John Drummond, Eſq; for the Borough of Thetford.

John Bullock, and John Huſke, Eſqrs. for Malden, who, in their addreſs of thanks to the freemen of that borough, ſay, they were re-elected againſt a "bold, though unſucceſsful oppoſition---which will excite in them inceſſant endeavours to deſerve the continuance of their eſteem by an active diſcharge of the duties they owe their country, their ſovereign, and their conſtituents."

Voltaire, ſpeaking of the Engliſh nation, ſays, "The people of this iſland are much ſubject to madneſs; but at the end of every ſeven years the diſeaſe is epidemical."

March 20. They write from Algiers, that the Dey had conſented to accept the ſum of money offered by the Venetians to conclude a treaty of peace with the Republic, in conſequence of which the Conſul of that nation had permiſſion to hoiſt his flag as uſual.

Wedneſday the 16th inſt. Lord George Sackville, and Major General Irwin, late governor of Gibraltar, were elected members for Eaſt-Grinſtead in Suſſex.

March 21. We hear that Sir William Baker, Thomas Truman, Eſq; and ſeveral other reſpectable merchants, gave their votes for Mr. Wilkes, which is thought by his friends a ſingular honor, from the high character they bear among their fellow citizens.

We are authorized to inform the public, that the reports which have been propagated, in ſeveral of the public papers, of a negociation having been entered into with Mr. Wilkes, to induce him to decline offering himſelf a candidate for Weſtminſter, are totally without foundation.

March 22. Private letters from Liſbon mention, that the Portugueſe miniſtry have at length reſolved to redreſs all the grievances of the Engliſh merchants, in his moſt Faithful Majeſty's dominions, according to the true ſpirit of the treaties ſubſiſting between the two crowns.

By letters from various parts of Ireland we learn, that it is expected the number of conteſted elections in that kingdom this ſummer will be five times greater than in Great-Britain, notwithſtanding the former returns little more than half the number of members to parliament that the latter does.

A letter from Oxford informs us, that on Tueſday a dreadful riot happened there, on the candidates for that town canvaſſing. The parties met the candidates at their head, and although Mr. Nares, and Col. Harcourt, did every thing in their power to prevent their people from engaging; and likewiſe Mr. Craven, exerciſed all his influence with his party, yet ſo great was the animoſity of the people to each other, that they would not be withheld; a ſmart engagement enſued, when Mr. Craven's party prevailed, and drove their antagoniſts out of the town. We are well aſſured no lives were loſt.

It is ſaid, that during the preſent conteſt for the town of Northampton, upwards of ſixteen hundred pounds have been expended in the ſingle article of ribbons.

It having been reported that adminiſtration have interfered in the hitherto free election for this city, *by directing the ſupport of the four old members*, cloſe enquiry has been made into the matter, and, to our grief and aſtoniſhment, it is found to be ſtrictly true.

We hear that a liſt of all thoſe liverymen, ſtiled the Sons of Liberty, who have polled for Mr. Wilkes, will be printed.

We hear, that during the poll at Guildhall, on Saturday laſt, a gentleman aſked Mr. Wilkes, with a ſneer, 'Whether he was not tired with ſtanding?' To which the latter chearfully replied, 'Not in the leaſt, Sir; I am determined to ſtand to the laſt, and then I ſhall get a ſeat.'

Yeſterday as Mr. Wilkes was coming out from Guildhall, after the cloſe of the poll, he was followed by a great number of people, ſome of whom ſtopped the coach, took out the horſes, and dragged the carriage themſelves, with Mr. Wilkes, and another gentleman in it, from the Manſion-houſe to the George and Vulture, in Cornhill.

Sunday the following printed paper was ſtuck up on the doors and walls of ſeveral churches in this city, viz. "The prayers of this congregation are earneſtly deſired for the reſtoration of Liberty, depending on the election of Mr. Wilkes."

The following is handed to us, as the letter from J. Wilkes to a great Perſonage.

SIRE,

"*I beg thus to throw myſelf at your M------'s feet, and ſupplicate the mercy and clemency which ſhine with ſuch luſtre among your princely virtues.*

"*Some former Miniſters, whom your M------, in condeſcenſion to the wiſhes of your people, thought proper to remove, employed every wicked and deceitful act to oppreſs your ſubject, and to avenge their own perſonal cauſe on him, whom they imagined to be the principal author of bringing to public view, their ignorance, inſufficiency and treachery to your M-----y and the nation.*

"*I have been the innocent and unhappy victim of revenge. I was forced by their injuſtice and violence into exile, which I have never ceaſed to conſider, for many years, as the moſt cruel oppreſſion; becauſe I could not longer be under the benign influence of your M-----y, in the land of liberty.*

"*With a heart full of zeal for the ſervice of your M-----y and my country, I implore, Sire, your clemency. My only hopes of pardon are founded in the great goodneſs and benevolence of your M-----y; and every day of freedom you may be graciouſly pleaſed to permit me the enjoyment of, in my dear native land, ſhall give proofs of my zeal and attachment to your ſervice.* J. WILKES."

March 24. By nothing tranſpiring from the numberleſs expreſſes lately arrived from America, ſome people conjecture freſh diſcontents in that quarter.

Since the cloſing of the poll for this city, Mr. Wilkes has made the following application to the Freeholders of the County of Middleſex, viz.

"Gentlemen, Having ever glorioufly diſtinguiſhed yourſelves as Engliſhmen, by preventing the encroachments of arbitrary power, deſpiſing miniſterial influence, and maintaining the rights and privileges of the freeborn ſubjects in a land of liberty, I beg leave to offer myſelf a Candidate to repreſent you in the enſuing parliament; and to give you the ſtrongeſt aſſurances, that I ſhall, on this and every other occaſion, exert that inflexible ſteadineſs and undaunted perſeverance in the beſt of cauſes, which, I truſt, have hitherto recommended my conduct, and will ever conſtitute the moſt eſſential part of my character.

I am, Gentlemen, with the trueſt eſteem and regard, your moſt obedient humble Servant, JOHN WILKES."

March 28. *Great numbers of the Freeholders of Middleſex, we hear, intend going to Brentford in their coaches, and put up at the inn provided by the old Members, it being lawful, according to all the rules of war, to live at free quarters upon the enemy.*

It is thought there will be more complaints to Parliament, on account of improper returns at the preſent election, than have been known ſince the revolution.

March 29. *We hear that Sir William Trelawney, Bart. will ſet out this week for Portſmouth, to embark on board the Jaſon man of war for Jamaica, of which place he is appointed Governor.*

Some letters from Leghorn ſay, it was currently reported there, that a body of Engliſh troops were expected to arrive about the month of June next in Corſica.

Letters from Marſeilles and Toulon mention, that orders had juſt been received there for the immediate equipment of ſeveral ſhips of war and tranſports, but the place of their deſtination was not yet known.

This morning an extraordinary meſſenger was diſpatched to his Excellency the Earl of Rochfort, Ambaſſador at the Court of France.

Yeſterday morning Sir W. B. Proctor, Mr. Cooke, and Mr. Wilkes, the candidates for the county of Middleſex, ſet out for Brentford, when the election came on for Knights of the ſhire for that county: The latter was in a coach, drawn by ſix long tail horſes, and was attended by an amazing number of people to the place of election, which was held in the middle of Brentford Butts, a temporary booth being erected there for that purpoſe, in which were fifteen poll books, one for each diviſion.

The candidates were put up at half an hour paſt eleven o'clock, when the ſhew of hands was almoſt general for Mr. Wilkes, and for Sir William Beauchamp Proctor there was a very great ſhew, but for Mr. Cooke very few; whereupon the two former were declared to have the majority; but a poll being demanded by the friends of Mr. Cooke, the ſame began at one o'clock, and it was agreed that the books ſhould be cloſed at eight.

Laſt night at the cloſe of the poll, the numbers were,

For Mr. Wilkes, - - -	1213
Sir Wm. Beauchamp Proctor, - -	750
Mr. Cooke, - - - -	646

This morning the poll was agreed to be open again, and finally to cloſe at two.

The infatuation for Mr. Wilkes was ſo great, that every perſon was obliged to declare for him, and have blue cockades, before they were admitted to poll.

The mob behaved in a very outrageous manner at Hyde-park Corner, where they pelted Mr. Cooke, ſon of the City Marſhal, and knocked him from his horſe, took off the wheels of one of the carriages, cut the harneſs, and broke the glaſſes to pieces; ſeveral other carriages, with the friends of Meſſieurs Proctor and Cooke, were greatly damaged. The reaſon aſſigned for theſe proceedings is, that a flag was carried before the proceſſion of Mr. Wilkes's antagoniſts, on which was printed 'No Blaſphemer.'

Laſt Saturday Lord Baltimore was tried at the aſſizes holden for Surry, before the Hon. Mr. Baron Smythe, for a rape upon Sarah Woodcock, and acquitted; and at the ſame time Mrs. Griffinburg, and Mrs. Harvey, were tried as acceſſaries to that felony, and alſo acquitted. The trial begun about ſeven in the morning, and continued till near three next morning.

Letters from Amſterdam of the 19th inſtant, inform, that there will fail this year for the whale fiſhery, in the Greenland ſeas, 123 Dutch ſhips, 24 veſſels from Hamburgh, two from Altena, one from the coaſt of the Baltic ſea, and five from Bremen; in all 155 ſhips.

The late remarkable trial of ------- and two women, came on exactly at half paſt ſeven in the morning, and laſted till three the next morning. Twelve out of twenty four jurymen were objected to by the priſoners. In the courſe of the trial, the proſecutrix gave evidence, that ſhe was not prevailed upon for the firſt two nights of her confinement to undreſs or go into bed; and that on her arrival at the country houſe, ſhe was preremptorily told by the two women, that ſhe muſt at all events that night go to bed to ----------, that ſhe was forcibly undreſſed by them, and put to bed to him accordingly. That afterwards in the ſtate of deſpair in which ſhe found herſelf, ſhe conſented to whatever was deſired of her, except what was criminal. Upon the return of the jury, ------ was ordered to hold up his hand, and the foreman anſwered to the uſual queſtion, not guilty. Upon the ſame queſtion being put concerning the firſt woman, the foreman anſwered, guilty; but their Verdict, of not guilty, including all the three priſoners, they were all acquitted.

Another proſecution is carrying on in the ſame cauſe for the ſeduction only, which will be tried in the court of King's-Bench.

Miſs W------- was under examination four hours and an half, and afterwards croſs examined two hours; during all which time her teſtimony was the moſt conſiſtent, ſteady and ſenſible, that ever was known, which drew tears from many of the audience.

A prodigious concourſe of people aſſembled at Brentford, who would not ſuffer any coaches to enter the town without "No. 45," and the words "Wilkes and Liberty on them."

Several flags were flying with the motto, *More meat, and fewer cooks.*

Letters from Leghorn mention, that a freſh miſunderſtanding had happened between the Genoeſe and Corſicans, on occaſion of the former refuſing to deliver up certain priſoners claimed by the latter.

They write from Paris, that a number of counterfeit Engliſh guineas are now circulating there, ſo well executed, that it requires great art to diſcover the fraud.

By letters from Cheſhire, Shropſhire, and Lancaſhire, we learn, that there is as fine a proſpect of a plentiful harveſt this ſummer, as has been known in thoſe parts for many years paſt.

A Liveryman of London aſking a friend of Mr. Wilkes, whether he thought it would not have been more prudent for Mr. Wilkes to have thrown up the poll ſooner, as by carrying it on to the end, he ſhewed how ſmall a part of the Livery he had on his ſide? He turned it off with a ſmile, and ſaid, "Mr. Wilkes only wanted to have it in his power to ſay, that there were above 1000 honeſt men in London.

'Tis computed that no leſs than forty ſeven lives have been already loſt by the general election.

Yeſterday there was a levee at St. James's, and afterwards a privy council, at which the two Secretaries of ſtate, and ſeveral other lords of the privy-council, aſſiſted.

March 30.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders, of the County of MIDDLESEX.

GENTLEMEN,

MOST gratefully ſenſible of thoſe generous and patriotic principles, which have induced you to elect me your repreſentative in parliament, I intreat you to accept of my beſt endeavours to expreſs the joy, which inſpires me on ſo intereſting, ſo affecting an occaſion. The perſonal regard you have ſhewn me, indeed, confers on me an obligation, the due ſenſe of which I too cordially feel to find words to deſcribe. I cannot however forbear congratulating you, as the moſt diſtinguiſhed of Engliſhmen, on the honourable proof you have given, that the genuine ſpirit of independency, the true love of our country, for which the county of Middleſex has for ages been ſo eminently conſpicuous, ſtill glow in your breaſts with unremitting ardour, ſtill ſhines forth with undiminiſhed luſtre. Let the ſons of venality bow the knee to the idol of ſordid intereſt. Let them call their puſillanimity prudence, while they ignominiouſly kiſs the rod of power, and tamely ſtoop to the yoke, which artful miniſters inſidiouſly prepare, and arbitrarily impoſe. You, Gentlemen, have ſhewn that you are neither to be deceived nor enſlaved. In proving yourſelves enemies to miniſterial perſecution, the eyes of the whole kingdom, of the whole world, are upon you, as the firſt and firmeſt defenders of public liberty. Happy ſhall I think myſelf, if, fired by your example, the efforts of my warmeſt zeal may be deemed an adequate return for the favours you have beſtowed on me; but however inefficient my abilities, my will to ſerve you is unbounded, as it is unalterable. Engaged as I have long been in the glorious cauſe of freedom, I beg you to conſider my paſt conduct as an earneſt of the future, and to look on me as a man, whoſe primary views will ever regard the rights and privileges of his fellow countrymen in general, and whoſe ſecondary views ſhall be attentively fixed on the dignity, advantage, and proſperity of the county of Middleſex. Let me therefore deſire of you, Gentlemen, to favour me from time to time with ſuch inſtructions as may beſt enable me to accompliſh thoſe ends, reſting aſſured of always finding me devoted to your ſervice, and that the happieſt moments of my life will be thoſe in which I am employed in maintaining the civil and religious rights of Engliſhmen, and in promoting the intereſts of my conſtituents.

I am, with the trueſt reſpect, Gentlemen, your obliged, and faithful humble ſervant, JOHN WILKES.

Tueſday, March 29.

The election for the county of Middleſex was finiſhed, as uſual, in one day, on Monday laſt, when the poll was cloſed; the whole paſſed with the greateſt order and regularity at Brentford, where the two ſheriffs attended in perſon, as well as the three candidates, Sir William Beauchamp Proctor, George Cooke, Eſq; the two old members, and John Wilkes, Eſq; Sir William and Mr. Wilkes remained the whole day on the Huſtings, but Mr. Cooke did not appear there. At 7 in the evening 3 proclamations were made, and no more voters appearing to poll, the ſheriffs declared the poll to be cloſed, and adjourned to the next morning at nine, to caſt up the books. On the Tueſday morning the ſheriffs again attended at the uſual place in perſon, as did Sir William and Mr. Wilkes. After the books were all caſt up, the ſheriffs proclaimed that the numbers were, for

John Wilkes, Eſq;	1292
George Cooke, Eſq;	827
Sir Wm. Beauchamp, Proctor,	807

and then declared John Wilkes, Eſq; and George Cooke, Eſq; duly elected. William Beckford, Eſq; Sir George Colebrooke, Sir Richard Glyn, Sir Francis Blake Delaval, Mr. Alderman Shakeſpear, Mr. Cooke's ſon, and many other gentlemen, were upon the Huſtings. The mob were remarkably quiet and orderly, owing it is generally imagined to the prudent conduct of Mr. Wilkes, and his friends, who beſides the advertiſements in all the public papers, diſtributed 40,000 hand bills, recommending to all the voters to preſerve the peace and quiet of the county. The town of Brentford was illuminated on the Monday evening, and the utmoſt joy appeared on the countenance of almoſt every freeholder, but the illuminations in London exceeded any thing which has been known.

We are informed, that on Monday laſt the houſe of Mr. Richard Wilkes, the Robinhood, near Great Turnſtile, Holbourn, was opened at the expence of 45 reſpectable neighbours, who all met there in the evening, and drank 45 bottles of wine; and when the news arrived in town of Mr. Wilkes's having conſiderably the majority of the other candidates, 45 candles were immediately lighted up in the windows, 45 gallons of beer were given to the populace; and the evening was concluded with that order becoming ſo reſpectable a company.

BOSTON, May 23.

In Captain Calef came Paſſenger Commodore Loring, and the Rev. Mr. Samſon Occom, an Indian Teacher, who lately went from hence for England with the Rev. Mr. Whitaker, to ſolicit Contributions from charitably diſpoſed Perſons there, to ſupport the Indian School at Lebanon, and for propagating the Goſpel among the American Heathen; and it is ſaid, have ſo far ſucceeded as to collect about 11,000 l. Sterling, which is depoſited in the Hands of Truſtees, to be appropriated to that pious Uſe.

Extract of a late Letter from London.

"*Bating the unavoidable Buſtle, occaſioned by the Elections, we are in a State of perfect Tranquility. No Talk of the leaſt Change in the Miniſtry, or any material Alteration of any Kind in any Department.*"

By Letters from London we learn, that the Bill brought into Parliament for the Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures in America, eſtabliſhes four Courts of Vice-Admiralty on this Continent, viz. at Charleſtown, New-York or Philadelphia, Boſton, and Halifax, which are to have original Juriſdiction in and over the particular Diſtricts of Colonies aſſigned to each; and in Caſes of Proceedings had in the Admiralty Courts already eſtabliſhed, are to hear and determine upon Appeal from the Judgments or Decrees of ſuch Courts, without the reſpective Juriſdictions aſſigned. The preſent Appointment of the Court at Halifax over all North-America, is to ceaſe and determine after paſſing the new Bill. Meſſieurs Garth, Charles, Montague, Franklin, Delancey, and other Colony Agents had a Meeting, on the Bill being ordered to be brought in, when finding that no new Extenſion of Power was intended, but only to reduce the Extent of Juriſdiction of the Court at Halifax, giving to the others the ſame Power, but more confined in Juriſdiction, for the Eaſe of both Crown and People, they concluded that any Application againſt it would be unneceſſary, as well as improper. The Appointments of the Judges are to be ſuch as to engage Gentlemen of Science and Abilities to execute the Office, and are not to ariſe from Fees or Condemnations.

NEW-YORK, May 26.

On Monday laſt his Excellency the Governor ſet out, attended by ſeveral Gentlemen of the Province, for Albany, in his Way to the Mohawk Country, in order to ſettle ſome Provincial Diſputes which have ſubſiſted for ſome Time with the Indian Nations, and to forward the running out of the general Boundary Line, agreeable to his Majeſty's Orders to Sir William Johnſon, Bart. for that Purpoſe.

May 30. In Captain Lawrence came paſſengers James De Lancey, Eſq; of this city, and nine other cabin paſſengers, beſides twenty ſteerage ones:---We are told that Col. Morris, with his Lady, the Dutcheſs of Gordon, had engaged to come with Capt.

Lawrence, but ſome unforeſeen accident had prevented them; but 'tis ſaid they will come over very ſhortly :---It is obſerved, that all the Veſſels lately from England, have brought ſeveral paſſengers, many of the inhabitants of that country ſeeming deſirous of ſeeking a better *(if they knew where to find it.)* The Snow Mercury, Captain Haight had fell down to Deptford, and was to ſail directly after Captain Lawrence, ſo he may be hourly expected :---We hear alſo that Captain Kennedy, who lately went home from this place with his Majeſty's Ship Coventry, is again appointed to this ſtation in another Ship of War, and may be expected here in a ſhort time.

By letters from London, we learn, That the miniſtry, and the Nabobs, have, in general, loſt all their elections throughout England; that Sir James Lowther alone had expended no leſs than £125000, at different elections, and with great difficulty only carried two; that the night on which Mr. Wilkes was returned for Middleſex, his Party ſallied into the City, and broke all the windows that were not illuminated on the occaſion, among them the Manſion-houſe, that of the Earl of Bute and Northumberland, &c.

Captain Nicholſon ſpoke with the following veſſels, on his paſſage, viz. The 7th of April, in lat. 47, long. 24, with the ſhip London-Packet, Captain Taylor, from London for Boſton, 6 days from the Lizard; the 5th inſtant, in lat. 36, long. 50, with the ſhip Culloden, Captain Hunter, from Philadelphia, for Gibraltar, 10 days out; and on the 19th following, lat. 37, long. 69, with the ſnow Barbados-Packet, Capt. Chancellor, from Philadelphia, bound for Barbados, 4 days out, and all well on board each veſſel.

Extract of a letter from London, dated March 23.

"Wilkes and liberty are almoſt extinct, he is quite aground in the poll; and tho' the ſtreets have rung with liberty for ſome time, the poor champion this very day, at Guildhall, loſt that liberty he boaſted of giving to others, by being arreſted for debt."

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.

A few Days ago arrived in Town from Pittſburgh, JOHN ALLEN, and JOSEPH SHIPPEN, junior, Eſquires, Commiſſioners from this Province at the Conferences lately held there with the Weſtern Indians, under the Direction of GEORGE CROGHAN, Eſq; Deputy Agent for Indian Affairs. At this Meeting were preſent upwards of One Thouſand Indians, beſides about Three Hundred Women and Children, conſiſting of Six Nations, (chiefly Senecas) Shawaneſe, Delawares, Munſies, Mohickons and Wyondots. After the Commiſſioners had condoled with the Indians in Behalf of this Government, on account of their late as well as former Loſſes, buried the Bones of all their deceaſed Friends, and covered their Graves with Preſents of Condolance, according to the Indian Cuſtom; they, in like Manner, went through the ſame Ceremonies of burying the Bones of ſuch of his Majeſty's Subjects as have been killed by their People ſince the Peace. In the Anſwers they returned to the Speeches delivered to them, they expreſſed the utmoſt Satisfaction in meeting Commiſſioners from the Government of Pennſylvania, and having an Opportunity of renewing the Peace and Friendſhip which formerly ſubſiſted between them and the People of this Province.----The ſeveral Tribes having been earneſtly deſired to open their Minds fully, by diſcloſing every Thing which gave them the leaſt Diſcontent or Uneaſineſs; they publickly acknowledged, that their Hearts were now made eaſy, with reſpect to the ſeveral Loſſes they had ſuſtained, and that they entirely buried in Oblivion all paſt Misfortunes, ſo that their Children might never remember them hereafter.----They then acquainted the Commiſſioners, that the only Matter which they had ſtill reaſon to complain of was, the Settlements made on their Lands. But before the Conferences ended, during which the Indians behaved in the moſt orderly and friendly Manner, they were made ſo fully ſenſible that the Government had taken every Step to remove thoſe lawleſs People, who had ſettled on their Lands, and to apprehend and bring to Juſtice the Villains *Stump* and *Ironcutter*, that they expreſſed great Satisfaction at our public Conduct.----They afterwards, according to their Cuſtom, cleared and made ſmooth the Road of Peace, ſo as to be travelled by all People with Pleaſure and Safety, brightened and ſtrengthened the ancient Chain of Friendſhip, and engaged, in the moſt hearty Manner, to unite with their Brethren the Engliſh, in holding it faſt for ever, and to live with them in the ſtricteſt harmony for the future.

At the Concluſion of the Treaty, the Commiſſioners delivered conſiderable Preſents of Goods to the ſeveral Tribes, in Behalf of the Province of Pennſylvania; to which Mr. CROGHAN made an Addition on the Part of the Crown.-----The whole ended to the entire Satisfaction of all the Indians, who parted with the Commiſſioners in ſo friendly a Diſpoſition, as promiſes to us the faireſt Proſpect of a laſting Peace.

We are aſſured that Mr. CROGHAN diſcovered the greateſt Knowledge and Addreſs in the Management of the Indians on this Occaſion, and gave Proofs not only of his Attachment to his Majeſty's Service in general, but the moſt ſincere and earneſt Deſire to promote the particular Intereſts and Welfare of this Province.

From St. Chriſtophers we learn, that on the 12th of April laſt at Night, about 20 Men armed, ſuppoſed to be Spaniards and Mulattoes, went on board a Sloop, commanded by Joſeph Compte, lying at the Mouth of the River Piloſe, in Martinico, ſeized the Captain and Crew, conſiſting of two white Men, and eight Negroes; and after robbing the Captain of 80 Johannes's, and all his Papers, cut the Cables, and made off with the Sloop, ſending the Captain, one white Man, and a Negroe, aſhore in the Sloop's Boat.

Monday laſt Lieutenant PERKINS, of the Royal Iriſh Regiment, coming from Burlington in the Stage-Boat, unfortunately fell overboard, and was drowned, before any Aſſiſtance could be given him.

Captain Hood, from Dublin, on the 20th of April, in Lat. 44: 54, Long. 41: 52, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Steel, from Boſton for Tobago, 4 Days out; and on the 4th of laſt Month, in Lat. 38: 40, Long. 58: 19, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain M'Lane, from Virginia for Briſtol, 8 Days out, all well.

Captain Poole, arrived here from Poole, on the 22d of April, in Lat. 44: 2, Long, 29: 19, ſpoke a Schooner, from Boſton for Bilboa, all well.

Captain Wade, from Jamaica, on the 13th ult. in the Gulph of Florida, ſpoke with Captain Carter, in a Snow for Briſtol; and on the 15th, with Captain Cathcart, in a Brig for Boſton, both from Jamaica, and all well.

At the Supreme Court at Carliſle, Giles Bowers, alias Giles Powell, was the Perſon that received Sentence of Death.

And at Lancaſter, William Dobbins, and Thomas Hanna, were tried for Burglary, found guilty, and alſo received Sentence of Death.

Yeſterday Se'nnight, a Negroe Man hanged himſelf in a Hayloft on Society-Hill, in the Diſtrict of Southwark. His Body was ſent to the anatomical Theatre, by Requeſt of the Coroner's Jury.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Young, at Jamaica; Captain M'Cormick, at Antigua; and Captain Smith, at the Grenades.

At Antigua. Captains Uſher, Keeble, and Ardis, from Virginia; and Captain Tudor, from New-York.

At Cadiz. The Spiers, Luſk, and the Thomas, Blynn, from Virginia.

At Liſbon. The Conway, Elder, from New-York; and the Mary, Campbell, from Virginia.

Deal, March 22. Came down, The Charles, Waterman, for Virginia.

March 23. Remains, The Patuxent, Lewis, for Maryland.

March 25. Came down and ſailed, The Baltimore Packet, Hewet, for Maryland; and the Nancy, Lynch, for Virginia.

The Squirrel, Cotch, for New-England, was cleared out at London the 23d of March.

Deal, March 28. Sailed, The Good Intent, Necks, for Virginia.

Poole, March 26. Sailed for New-England, The Captains Sampſon, Wilcox, Penny, Whittle, Spencer, Boyle, Daw, Galton, Street, Vincent, and Duhame.

The *Commencement* for *Medical Degrees*, will be held in the College of this City on Tueſday, the 21ſt of June Inſtant; on which Occaſion ten Gentlemen, who have been regularly educated, and publicly examined, will be admitted to the Degree of *Bachelor of Phyſic*. As the Weather will probably be warm, and the Company very full, it is propoſed to open the Hall Doors at 8 in the Morning; to begin the Exerciſes punctually at 9, and to finiſh the Whole by 12, without meeting in the Afternoon.

☞ *Several of the Managers of the* Philadelphia Public Lottery *now on Foot, having ſold all their Proportion of Tickets in the firſt Claſs, and the remaining Managers having but very few left, have, on a View of this quick and extraordinary Sale, ſome Thoughts of ſhortening the Time by them appointed for drawing the ſaid firſt Claſs; and they are now rolling up the Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, in order to proceed: Such Perſons therefore, as are inclined to become Adventurers in this Lottery, are deſired to be ſpeedy in their Applications, leſt they be excluded, as orders for Tickets are daily coming to Hand from the neighbouring Governments. Thoſe few Tickets which are on hand are to be had of the Printers hereof, and of ſome of the Managers, if applied for in Time.*

*** The PUBLIC are cautioned to beware of Counterfeit EIGHT DOLLAR Maryland Bills, as ſome are paſſing amongſt us. They are not done with Printing Types, as the true Bills are; the Letters not ſo regular, and the Arms and Ornaments not ſo neatly finiſhed; they are alſo printed on double Paper, and the genuine Bills on ſingle Paper.----The whole of the Bill is pretty well imitated, but on a little Inſpection may eaſily be diſcovered.

L-------r C----y. May 30.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

GENTLEMEN,

I AM ſurprized at the inſenſibility of your city---I am amazed they have not done ſomething in defence of their invaded rights and privileges---I am aſtoniſhed any have been ſo *miſtakenly* ſelfiſh, as to oppoſe entering into meaſures ſimilar to thoſe of Boſton and New-York. There are, as I have been informed, many ſmall ſocieties, companies and clubs in your city---I would therefore humbly propoſe the following queries.

1. Is it not eaſy, advantageous and honourable, for the members of theſe ſeveral ſocieties, companies and clubs, each to unite in ſundry public ſpirited meaſures, which cannot be ſo eaſily entered upon by larger bodies of men, not ſo immediately connected with each other?

2. Has not the want of ſuch ſtated and regular interviews among the merchants, ſomewhat obſtructed the patriotic reſolutions ſo long expected from them?

3. Has not the company of *Fort St. David's* ſet a good example, even in giving a juſt tribute of praiſe to a benefactor of theſe colonies, and may we not expect ſomething more from them?

4. Is it not the *many* that ſpread and ſupport a faſhion, and may not theſe ſeveral ſocieties, by their determinations and reſolutions, in favour of their injured country, introduce and eſtabliſh the glorious faſhion of wearing none but *American manufactures*.

5. Would it not therefore be highly proper, and vaſtly to their honor, for the ſeveral *Fire-companies*, &c. &c. each to reſolve for a limited time to eat no lamb---to encourage our own manufactories as much as poſſible---to wear none but home-made clothes---and, in the public prints, to publiſh to the eyes of the *world*, theſe their *glorious reſolutions*, to ſtand as *laſting memorials* and *teſtimonies* of their *public ſpirit*, and *noble zeal*, in the cauſe of LIBERTY and their COUNTRY?

PRICE CURRENT, *the ſame as our laſt.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Leopard, T. Church, and Schooner Priſcilla, J. Shaw, from Halifax. Ship Newry Packet, S. Hood, N. Caſtle, on Delaware. Sloop Molly, N. Stone, and Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Sloop Abigail, G. Harriſon, R. Iſland. Brig Leopard, W. Poole, Poole. Brig Morning Star, T. Callender, from St. Kitts.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Ranger, W. M'Culloch, for Maryland. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, and Brig Betſy, Z. Hutchings, Halifax. Sloop Peggy, T. Eaſtwick, and Brig Dolphin, D. M'Carty, St. Kitts. Sloop Molly, N. Stone, and Sloop America. J. Gorham, Boſton. Sloop Hope, R. Albertſon, New-York. Ship Madeira Packet, J. All, London. Sloop Abigail, G. Harriſon, for R. Iſland.

CLEARED. Sloop Patience, W. Ward, N. Carolina. Brig Charming Peggy, W. Marſhall, and Schooner Barbados, J. Barry, Barbados. Sloop Rachel, T. Mulford, Georgia. Sloop Beſſy-Bell, A. Calder, Maryland. Sloop Betſy, C. Anderſon, Virginia. Snow Britannia, R. White, Liſbon. Brig Elizabeth, C. Weſt, Jamaica. Ship Eſther, R. Adams, Malaga. Ship Myrtilla, J. Caton, Cork. Snow Betſy, W. Barber, Antigua. Schooner Cicero, E. Needham, Salem, N. England. Brig James, W. Carliſle, St. Kitts. Brig Peggy, J. Drew, to Quebec.

TO be SOLD at public ſale, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Tueſday, the 14th of this inſtant June, at 6 o' clock in the evening, if not ſold before at private ſale, A houſe, and lot of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 14 feet 6 inches, and extending back 80 feet, to a 3 feet alley, leading into Arch-ſtreet; the houſe is 40 feet deep, carried up in the back 3 ſtory high with brick, and in the front two ſtory, with two garrets, alſo a good brick kitchen; ſubject to a groundrent of Two Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; now rented for 50l. per annum; bounded on the north by the houſe Mr. Cornelius Bradford lives in, and on the ſouth by Mr. Samuel Cheeſeman's houſe.

Alſo at the ſame time and place, a lot of ground in Shippen's Lane, near the Lower Ferry road, about two miles from the Court-houſe, containing 3 acres and 3 quarters, in good fence, adjoining to Mr. Thomas Lightfoot's, with a two ſtory frame houſe on it 16 feet ſquare, which, with the land, letts for 14 l. per annum. There is alſo a ſmall brick ſummer-houſe thereon. The whole ſubject to a groundrent of Five Pounds Sterling, and is now leaſed for three years and a half to come.

Likewiſe to be ſold at the ſame place, on the 27th day of June, if not ſold before at private ſale, a three ſtory brick houſe and lot, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, near the corner of Second-ſtreet, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 6 inches, including a 3 feet alley, over which the houſe is built, and in length 102 feet. The houſe is 36 feet deep, with a brick kitchen, one ſtory, and a ſmall apartment, two ſtories high, between the houſe and kitchen; there is alſo at the end of ſaid lot, a 2 ſtory brick tenement, 16 feet by 15; bounded weſtward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, eaſtward by Hugh Hodge's houſe and lot, and weſtward by the following houſe and lot, to be alſo ſold at the ſame time, viz. a two ſtory wooden houſe and lot, containing in breadth 10 feet, and in length 102 feet; the houſe is 40 feet deep, with a two ſtory brick kitchen, and a ſmall two ſtory brick tenement on the end of the lot, 10 feet by 15; bounded weſtward by a houſe and lot late of James M'Cullough, and northward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, now in the tenure of the widow Coombes, and letts for 30 l. per annum. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH REDMAN, in Market-ſtreet, or Dr. JOHN REDMAN, in Second-ſtreet.

N. B. The three Story Brick Houſe is ſubject to a Groundrent of Twelve Pounds Currency per Annum.

WHEREAS a report is induſtriouſly circulated, that I John Wolf Litzel, Miniſter of Philipſburgh, in Weſt New-Jerſey, have married together a certain Lydia Purſley to Lyon Jones, of Philipſburgh, merchant; this is to declare the ſaid report to be injurious, falſe and groundleſs, as witneſs my hand, M. JOHN WOLF LITZEL. *

A Parcel of FRESH LISBON LEMONS, and a few Bottles of *OLIVE OYL*, To be SOLD by CHEW, CLAYTON and CHEW. ‖

BY virtue of a writ to me directed will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 15th of this inſtant June, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the houſe of Peter Paris, at the corner of Second and Race-ſtreets, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, on the north ſide of Mary-ſtreet, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 40 feet, and in depth 122 feet; bounded ſouthward with the ſaid ſtreet, eaſtward with John Smith's Lot, northward with ground of Marcus Fox, and weſtward with Peter Etter's ground; late the eſtate of Peter Broades and Wife, and to be ſold by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be LETT, or SOLD,

A NEW brick houſe, and back buildings, with a Carpenter's ſhop and ſtable, at the end of the lot, ſituate on the South-Eaſt corner of Fourth and Vine-ſtreets. If ſold, the purchaſer may have time to pay the money, giving good ſecurity.

For terms enquire of JOSEPH SIMS below the Drawbridge.

N. B. Said SIMS has a copper ſtill, that will hold about 11 or 12 hundred gallons, with a worm for ditto, which he will ſell upon very reaſonable terms. §

RUN away, on the 29th of laſt Month, from the ſubſcriber, in Little Britain Townſhip, Lancaſter County, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN MUNDAY, a labourer, a ſtout well made fellow, about 5 feet 7 inches high, of a ſandy complexion, and has long hair tied behind. He took with him a ſuit of new ſky blue broadcloth lapelled clothes, lined with ſerge of the ſame colour, with gilt buttons, the backs of the jacket are of brown cloth, the breeches have yellow buttons, and are made with a half falling Spare; new hemp petticoat trowſers, blue ſtockings, and good ſhoes, with yellow buckles, and a good felt hat, full cocked. He is a conceited comical fellow, talks much on the Brogue, and is a great ſwearer and drunkard. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in any goal, ſhall have Four Dollars reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT FULTON. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from me, the ſubſcriber, living in the province of Pennſylvania, and county of Philadelphia, an indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM OSIER, but it is likely he will change it; he is country born, about 45 years of age, wears black buſhy curled hair, is between 5 feet 6 and 8 inches high, appears to be a ſtout well ſet fellow, is much given to drink, and is apt to boaſt of what he has been, has done, or can do; took with him a bundle of old clothes, conſiſting of a blue ſurtout coat, part of the ſkirt cut off all round, the cuffs made leſs than when new, two or three old jackets, one whereof brown or ſnuff coloured; another, the fore parts of which have been green pluſh, but is much faded; the other black, the fore parts of which are velvet; they are all worn ragged. Took alſo with him an old pair of ſaggaby breeches, and old tow trowſers; he has two new ſhirts, made of Ruſſia linen, with brown homeſpun thread; had on an old beaver hat, and half worn ſhoes, lately ſoaled. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS, Pennſylvania currency, and reaſonable charges; and if taken up out of the province, the above reward, paid by JOHN BULL. ¶

STOLEN out of Captain HAY's Stable, a Servant's new Saddle, old curb Bridle, and a Coachman's Great Coat, alſo a Pair of Shoes, and a Pair of Stockings, by Perſons unknown, who broke open the Coach-houſe Window, on Monday Night, the 30th ult. Whoever ſecures the Perſon or Perſons, ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward, or a reaſonable Reward for either the Saddle or Great Coat, from Captain HAY, in Front-ſtreet.

RUN away on Sunday, the 8th of May, from the ſubſcriber, living in Straſburgh townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant, named PATRICK HAMILTON, about 25 or 30 years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches high; has ſhort black hair, and cut before, of a browniſh complexion, has the Iriſh tone, and a ſtoppage in his ſpeech. Had on, when he went away, an old patched broadcloth coat, of a light winſtone colour, a green jacket, old breeches, and coarſe trowſers, old blue ſtockings, and ſhoes, with iron buckles, a coarſe ſhirt, and worn felt hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me SAMUEL HAWTHORN. ‡

Philadelphia, May 30, 1768.

For LONDON,

The SHIP *MADEIRA PACKET*, ISAAC ALL, Maſter; Has good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail in Twelve Days, having great Part of her Cargoe ready to put on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JAMES, THOMAS, or JOHN WHARTON; or to the Captain on board ſaid Ship, now lying near Cheſtnut-ſtreet Wharff. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

TWO Negroe Boys, and a Negroe Girl, their Ages from 16 to 19; all have had the Small-Pox and Meaſles; brought up to Country Work; a Vendue to be at the Subſcriber's of Sundries on Monday, the 13th of June, 1768. ¶

JOHN GILLEYLEN.

RUN away, the 20th of the 5th Month, 1768, from the ſubſcriber, living in Middletown, Bucks County, a ſervant lad, named MICHAEL CASTLE, this country born, between 18 and 19 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, a little pitted with the Small-pox; had on, when he went away, a good home made broadcloth coat and jacket, of a drab colour, the jacket double breaſted, both bound, large breeches, likewiſe bound, the binding lighter than the cloth, a good fine ſhirt, black ſilk neckcloth, new felt hat bound, white thread ribbed ſtockings, and new ſoaled pumps. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any jail, or otherwiſe, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings reward; and reaſonable charges, paid by me

¶ ROBERT COLLISON.

New-Caſtle County, May 28, 1768.

To be SOLD, by virtue of an order of an Orphan's Court, held for the above county, on the 27th day of June next, by way of public vendue, on the premiſes,

A VERY good griſt-mill, on a good ſtream of water, with about 13 acres of land whereon ſaid mill is built, ſituate in St. George's Hundred, and county aboveſaid, being a very good part of the country either for merchant or country work, about three miles from a public landing. And alſo two eighths of a certain tract of land and marſh, in the ſaid hundred and county, being the lowermoſt faſt land on the north ſide of Appoquinimy creek, containing, in the ſaid two eighths, 269 acres and three quarters of faſt land, marſh and meadow ground, 18 acres whereof is within a good tide bank, and a conſiderable part more may be banked off at a ſmall expence, being part of the real eſtate of Samuel Vance, late of the above county, deceaſed. Attendance will be given by

† HANNAH VANCE, Adminiſtratrix.

N. B. Near two eighths more of the ſaid tract of land and marſh, containing 269 acres, as convenient for meadowing as the former mentioned, will be expoſed to ſale at the ſame time.

Payne's preſence there to have been abſolutely falſe in itſelf, I could not recollect a tittle of evidence delivered at that trial, that had the leaſt tendency to prove it ſo; and beſides, if it was falſe, and could have been proved to be ſo by the cleareſt and moſt indiſputable evidence, it ſeemed to me to be a perjury not puniſhable by law, becauſe it related to an immaterial point of the trial then in hand, and had no tendency to cauſe Capt. Diſney to be either convicted or acquitted.

And fourthly, it was remarkable that, though George M'Gavock was preſented as committing wilful and corrupt perjury, Mr. and Mrs. Walker were preſented as guilty only of perjury, without the words *wilful and corrupt*; that is, in a legal ſenſe, as guilty of no crime at all, but only of a miſtake in having been induced, by ſome ſtrong circumſtances of reſemblance, to take another man for Captain Diſney. As this was not a legal charge, it was grievous to ſee ſo harſh a word as that of *perjury* uſed by gentlemen who filled the reſpectable office of Grand Jurymen, in ſpeaking of perſons of ſo fair and unſullied a character as Mr. and Mrs. Walker.

As I hope I have now ſatisfied you, Gentlemen, that I did not conceal any neceſſary informations from the late Grand Jury, that they thought proper to deſire of me, I beg leave to aſſure you, gentlemen, that are now upon the preſent Grand Jury, that I am extremely ready to do every thing that lies in my power to aſſiſt you in the enquiries, which your office obliges you to make, into the crimes that have been committed in this diſtrict, and to reduce into form, as well as I am able, any charge which you ſhall think fit to preſent as a proper object of proſecution, even though I ſhould not myſelf think the evidence in ſupport of it ſo full as it ought to be, in order to be the ground of ſuch a proceeding. Such deference I ſhall pay to the ſentiments of a Grand Jury, whom I ſhall preſume to act with a due regard to the ſolemn oath they have taken, of preſenting no man through envy, hatred or malice, and of leaving no man unpreſented through fear, favour or affection. I do not in general think it expedient for an officer of the Crown to take an active and leading part in ſetting forward criminal proſecutions, even where he approves them, and thinks them founded upon ſufficient evidence; much leſs in other caſes. This active conduct ſeems to be more properly the duty of the Grand Jury. But I ſhall always think it an honour to act in concert with that reſpectable body, when called upon by them ſo to do.

I ſhall only add, that indictments for wilful and corrupt perjury, are very nice and difficult things to draw, and when drawn with the utmoſt exactneſs, cannot be ſupported without a very great deal of clear and indiſputable evidence.---The evidence upon which a Grand Jury can find ſuch an indictment, muſt be either their own certain knowledge, or the evidence of witneſſes examined a-new before them, and not the opinion of the gentlemen who conſtituted a former Grand Jury; and the points in which the perjury was committed muſt be clearly ſet forth, and muſt be ſuch as were material to the point in iſſue on the trial, at which the ſuppoſed perjury was committed.

I have the honour to be, with great regard,

GENTLEMEN,

Your moſt obedient, and moſt humble ſervant,

(Signed) FRANCIS MASERES.

PRINTING,

Performed in a neat and correct Manner, by

JOHN DUNLAP,

At the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, on the South Side of the JerſeyMarket, the third Door below Second-ſtreet; who has for Sale, a ſmall Aſſortment of Books and Stationary, among which are,

BIBLES, Teſtaments, Spelling-Books, Primers, Confeſſions of Faith, Thomas Chalkley's Works, Barclay's Catechiſm and Confeſſion of Faith, Watts's Pſalms, Scougall's Life of God in the Soul of Man, Ruſſell's ſeven Sermons, Oeconomy of Human Life, Erſkine's Goſpel Sonnets, Pope's Eſſay on Man, Moral and Divine Songs, Child's Playthings, Reading made Eaſy, Writing Paper, Quills, Ink-Powder, black Lead Pencils, Playing Cards, Fuller's and Bonnet Paſteboard, Blank Bonds, Powers of Attorney, Bills of Sale, Penal Bills, Bills of Lading, Apprentices and Servants Indentures, &c.

Thoſe that pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on his utmoſt Endeavours to ſerve them to their Satisfaction.

Said DUNLAP wants, as an apprentice, a ſmart active Lad, about 14 Years of Age, who can read and write well.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to acquaint his friends and the public, that he has removed into that large and commodious Inn, ſituated in Third-ſtreet (between Market and Arch-ſtreets) for ſome time known by the name of the BULL's HEAD (but is now called the BUNCH of GRAPES) where he purpoſes to keep a genteel HOUSE of ENTERTAINMENT, for travellers and others, who may depend on the beſt fare and civileſt treatment, as it will be his conſtant endeavour to give the moſt perfect ſatisfaction to all who ſhall favour him with their cuſtom.

He has furniſhed his houſe with the beſt liquors, as well as every other requiſite ſuitable to his deſign; and has alſo prepared STABLES and SHEDS (which are as good as any in this province) for the reception of HORSES and CARRIAGES, which ſhall be taken the utmoſt care of.

His Houſe is very well calculated for an Inn, and has the advantage of an elegant and ſpacious room for the accommodation of large companies, who may have occaſion to meet on buſineſs or recreation.

When it is conſidered that Third-ſtreet is becoming one of the grandeſt avenues into this city,---that the houſe ſtands in the neighbourhood of many principal merchants and capital ſtores,---and that it is alſo very near the Market, the propriety of a good Inn, in ſuch a place, will undoubtedly be generally allowed-----he therefore hopes that his endeavours to ſerve and oblige, will (by the generoſity of the public) be attended with ſome benefit to himſelf. JOSIAH F. DAVENPORT

To be SOLD on Saturday, the 11th of June, at 7 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe,

TEN lots of ground, containing 20 feet each on Spring-ſtreet, and extending 120 feet in depth, bounded by land of John Smith, and others, ſituate in Spring-Garden, in the Northern Liberties. ¶

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, on Thurſday, the 12th of May, a ſmall dark bay mare, about 12 or 13 hands high, a natural trotter, about 6 or 7 years old this graſs, a blackiſh mane and tail, with a black liſt along her back, ſhod all round when ſhe went away. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to the owner, or to SARAH HOPKINS, at the ſign of the White Horſe, on the provincal road, leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, or to DAVID NELSON, merchant in Wilmington, ſhall receive Fifteen Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JAMES BROWN. ¶

CAME to the PLANTATION occupied by JACOB FREEBORN, near the Riſing-Sun on Germantown Road, the Beginning of May, a red COW, with long Horns. The Owner proving his Property, and paying Charges, is deſired to take her away. §

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 17th of June inſtant, at 5 o' clock in the evening, at the houſe of Daniel Etter, at the corner of Second and Race ſtreets, A certain 3 ſtory brick meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth-ſide of Saſſafras-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on ſaid ſtreet, 17 feet, and in depth 140 feet; bounded eaſtward with a lot of Henry Hill's, northward by Saſſafras-ſtreet aforeſaid, and weſtward by a lot of Captain Samuel Flower's.

Alſo one full, equal and undivided ſeventh part of and in a certain meſſuage and tract of land, ſituate at Point-No-Point, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing about 50 acres, adjoining lands of Joſeph Fox, and Abel James.

Alſo one full, equal and undivided ſeventh part of and in a certain tract or piece of land, ſituate at Point-No-Point aforeſaid, containing about 7 acres, bounded by the river Delaware, and lands of John Linn, and Jeremiah Elfreth.

Alſo one full, equal and undivided ſeventh part of and in a certain 3 ſtory brick meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt-ſide of Second-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet aforeſaid 33 feet, and in length or depth 99 feet, or thereabouts, bounded ſouthward by ground of Daniel Mackinet, weſtward by an alley, and northward by a houſe and lot, late of Benjamin Leigh deceaſed.

Alſo one full, equal and undivided ſeventh part of and in a certain meſſuage and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, in the ſaid city, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 18 feet, and in depth 51 feet, bounded ſouthward and weſtward by a meſſuage and lot of the widow Steinmetz.

And alſo one full, equal and undivided ſeventh part of, in and to the reverſion of a certain meſſuage, two lots of ground, and piece of land. One of the ſaid lots whereon the ſaid meſſuage is erected, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, and north ſide of Cherry ſtreet, in the city aforeſaid (now in the poſſeſſion of the widow Steinmetz) containing in breadth, on Third-ſtreet aforeſaid, 18 feet, and in depth 51 feet. The other of the ſaid lots ſituate on the north ſide of Cherry-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in breadth 21 feet 3 inches, and in depth 143 feet, or thereabouts.

And the ſaid piece of land, ſituate on the north-ſide of Hickory Lane, in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, containing about 4 acres, adjoining lands of Jeremiah Elfreth, and Walter Goodman. All late the eſtate of Frederick Shreyer and wife, and to be ſold by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

TO be SOLD by way of public vendue, on the 14th day of June inſt. a certain LOT of ground, ſituate in Germantown, near the Friends Meeting-Houſe, being a convenient ſituation for a tavern, ſtore, or any other public buſineſs; together alſo with all the buildings and improvements thereon erected, which are, a good dwelling-houſe, ſtable, barn, kitchen, ſtore, and other out buildings; the ſaid vendue to begin at 10 o' clock. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid premiſes, either before, or at the ſaid day of ſale, may be informed of the terms, by applying to JOHN JONES, Tanner, of Germantown, or to the owner, at Samuel Morris's mills, in White-Marſh. ABRAHAM GRIFFITH. ¶

N. B. The above is the place where MOSES HALL formerly kept ſtore.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Wedneſday, the eighth day of June, at ſix o' clock in the evening, at the widow Jenkins's, the ſign of the Coneſtogoe waggon, in Market-ſtreet,

A THREE ſtory brick houſe, almoſt new, 17 feet front, and 32 feet deep, with a kitchen, and hatter's ſhop back of the houſe, 28 feet deep, and 2 ſtory high, the whole well finiſhed; now in the tenure of William Jenkins, bounded weſtward with the widow Jenkins's houſe, eaſtward with a houſe in the tenure of Dr. William Shippen, junior, and northward with Market-ſtreet, with the privilege of an alley; ſubject to a groundrent of 5 l. 16 s. 8 d. ſterling, per annum, late part of the eſtate of Charles Jenkins, innholder, deceaſed. A good title will be made the purchaſer, by MARY JENKINS, and GEORGE GRAY, Executors.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of Charles Jenkins, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment, and thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, in order to be ſettled and paid, by Mary Jenkins, and George Gray, Executors.

TO BE LETT,

A COMMODIOUS brick houſe, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, with a ſtable, horſe ſhed, and ſalt ſtores, now in the tenure of Thomas Dunn, Eſq; at Chriſtiana Bridge, in the county of New-Caſtle, is very convenient for a ſtore, and the ſituation is much more healthy than any other in the place. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. DUNN, or of ROBERT MONTGOMERY, in Philadelphia.

Who has for ſale, at his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, a few cheſts of bohea tea, ſome packs of beaver and racceon ſkins, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24, and 30 d. nails, 9 by 7, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, and 12 by 10 window glaſs, ſome crates of ſide glaſs, Cheſhire, ſingle and double Glouceſterſhire cheeſes, and a few crates of ſtone ware and wine glaſs, with ſundry other articles.

Robert Montgomery once more deſires all thoſe that are indebted, either to the eſtate of Thomas Montgomery, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, or to the late partnerſhip of Thomas Montgomery and Son, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, or he will be under the neceſſity of employing an attorney to recover the ſame.

To be LETT, for a Term of Years, and may be entered on immediately, or in September next,

THE Houſe, Store, and 160 Acres of Land, at Chriſtiana Bridge, where Mr. Thomas Montgomery, Merchant, late of this City, formerly lived. For further Particulars, enquire of THOMAS BENNET, Eſq; on the Premiſes, or of JOHN WILLDAY, in Philadelphia.

JOSEPH SWIFT

Has imported in the laſt Veſſels from England, particularly in Captain FALCONER,

A VERY neat Aſſortment of GOODS, which he will ſell upon reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or 6 Months Credit.

STRAYED or ſtolen, on Tueſday night, the 5th inſtant, from the houſe of Joſeph Williams, on the head of Bohemia, Cecil county, a ſorrel horſe, belonging to the ſubſcriber. He is four years old, and about 14 hands and a half high, has a white face, a yellow mane and tail, his fore feet only trimmed, he is low in fleſh, bare ſhod all four, do not remember if any brand, his neck galled with the collar. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and delivers him to John Neſmith, poſt, on his way to or from Philadelphia, may depend on receiving of him, TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and if ſtolen, and the thief convicted, FORTY SHILLINGS, by

¶ HAMILTON and LEIPER.

TO BE LETT,

THE late Dwelling Houſe of Samuel Flower, in Race-ſtreet; with a Coach-houſe, Stable, a vacant Lot, and a very fine Garden. Enquire of EDMOND PHYSICK, Eſq; next Door but one, or of ENOCH FLOWER, on Society Hill. †

Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, May 23, 1768.

THE creditors of RICHARD CARTER, who have neglected to bring in their demands againſt him, are once more notified to meet at the houſe of Henry Comly, jun. in the aforeſaid townſhip, on the 3d day of June next, between the hours of 9 in the morning, and 5 in the afternoon, with their accounts, and as the eſtate is then expected to be ſettled, thoſe neglecting as aforeſaid, will be excluded. And all thoſe who are indebted to the aforeſaid Carter, are requeſted to attend at the above mentioned time and place, and diſcharge their reſpective accounts, otherwiſe they will be immediately proceeded againſt as the law directs, by ALEXANDER EDWARDS, JOHN PAUL, THOMAS AUSTIN, Auditors. †

Juſt arrived, on board the Ship NEWRY PACKET, lying oppoſite Market-ſtreet Wharff,

A NUMBER of healthy, likely, indented SERVANTS, Men, Women, and Boys (among which are ſundry Tradeſmen) whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of, on reaſonable Terms, by

FISHER, DONALDSON, and PRINGLE.

THE RICHMOND MEADOW COMPANY, are deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe in this City, the firſt Monday, being the 6th of June, at 3 o' Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe Managers, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year. Philadelphia, May 11, 1768.

ISAAC GRAY,

In Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Strawberry Alley, has for Sale,

PHILADELPHIA BOTTLED BEER and CYDER. Likewiſe LONDON Loaf Sugar, Cheſhire and Glouceſter Cheeſe, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Muſcovado Sugar, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cotton, Indigo, Pepper, Kegs of Raiſins, and Bar Lead. Alſo, Old Jamaica Spirit, bottled Claret, Madeira and Liſbon Wine, either in Bottles, by the Gallon, or Quarter Caſk, and a few Dozen of Kenton's London Porter. ¶ 6 W.

TO BE SOLD,

A STRONG healthy and likely MULATTOE WENCH, 16 Years old, has had the Small-pox, is capable and well inſtructed in all Sorts of Family Work. The Reaſon for which ſhe is to be diſpoſed of, will be fairly told, and will be no Objection to many, eſpecially in the Country. Enquire of the Printers hereof. §

To the PUBLIC.

THE Subſcriber, living in Chancery-Lane, oppoſite Meſſieurs Bayard and Jackſon's Vendue Store, has opened a Book of SHARES, in this preſent Philadelphia Public LOTTERY, and TICKETS are reduced from a Half, down to a Fourth, the Prices of which are, viz. for a Half 10 ſ 6, a Third 7 ſ 2, and a Fourth 5 ſ 6. The Adventurer in the firſt Claſs, has the particular Privilege of renewing his Share in the Second, provided it is done within two Months after drawing the ſaid Claſs.---A Plan of which may be ſeen at the above Place. The Whole ſhall be carefully managed, and the fortunate Numbers duly paid to the reſpective Proprietors, by their humble Servant, MOSES GHISELIN, *who ſtill continues the keeping and ſettling Shop-Books, Accounts, &c.*

Juſt imported, and to be ſold, by

DANIEL DRINKER,

In Walnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, Wholeſale and Retail,

A LARGE Aſſortment of white and enamelled Stone-Ware, a neat Aſſortment of CHINA and GLASS, and a Variety of other Kinds of Ware. Alſo a Parcel of Cruit-Frames, and Cut-Claſs Vinegar and Oil Cruits, out of Setts. §

TO be SOLD, in Frederick county, Virginia, by the ſubſcriber, living within 4 miles of Wincheſter, betwixt 4 and 5000 acres of valuable well improved land; 1200 acres within 4 miles of Winchester; 200 acres cleared land; 75 acres of meadow, in good order, and as much more may be made, with good conveniency of watering it;---a good orchard, dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſpring-houſe, ſtill-houſe, malt-houſe, barn and ſtables; all in good order; with other improvements, too tedious to mention: Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber for the terms, who will give reaſonable time for the payments. RICHARD PEARIS. ¶ 8 W.

AN Hundred Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the enſuing Harveſt, which are made with the utmoſt Care, will be ſold at the loweſt Rate, and inſured good, by JAMES HENDRICKS, CUTLER, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Priſon, in Market-ſtreet; where alſo is made, Scale Beams, Steelyards, Table Knives and Forks, an Aſſortment of Cutlery kept, and old Work ground or repaired. ¶ 6 W.

Imported in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London, and to be ſold by

JOHN BRINGHURST,

On the North Side of Walnut-ſtreet, the fourth Door from Second-ſtreet,

A SMALL Quantity of good Sail Cloth, from No. 1 to 7, with a few Pieces of beſt upperband Ticklenburg, and ſome good ſeaming Twine.------Alſo roll Brimſtone, Allom, about twenty Ton of Fuſtick, and two Caſks of White Flint Stoughton's Bitter Bottles.

BAR IRON, of the beſt Quality, neatly drawn, fitting for the London, Boſton, and Weſt-India Markets; IRON CHIMNEY BACKS, of different Sizes, with the King's Arms on, neatly caſt, TO BE SOLD BY PETER TURNER, junior, at his Warehouſe, on the South Side of Market-ſtreet, the fourth Door above the London Coffee-Houſe, who has imported in the laſt Ships from London, Liverpool, and Glaſgow, &c. A VARIETY OF FRESH MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the Seaſon, amongſt which are a great Aſſortment of the very BEST SUPERFINE, MIDDLING AND COARSE BOULTING CLOTHS, where Millers, and others, may be ſupplied with all Kinds of Cloths, ſuitable to every Branch of the Boulting Buſineſs, which they may depend on will give them entire Satisfaction.

N. B. A Plantation about two Miles from this City to be let, enquire as above.

TO BE SOLD,

A CERTAIN Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Sixth-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Market Streets, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth, North and South, 41 Feet 1 Inch, and 1 Fifth Part of an Inch, and in Depth 173 Feet, bounded Northward with Ground now or late of John Gillelen, Eaſtward by Sixth-ſtreet aforeſaid, Southward with Ground now or late of Jaſper Carpenter, and Weſtward with a certain 50 Feet Street, extending from High-ſtreet, into a certain 36 Feet Street, extending from Sixth-ſtreet to Seventh-ſtreet; late the Eſtate of Joſhua Croſby, deceaſed. For Terms, enquire of STEPHEN CARMICK.

N. B. To be LETT by ſaid CARMICK, two Houſes on the Dock, near Second-ſtreet.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

June 9, 1768. NUMB. 2059.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

As the Attention of the Public has, for ſome Time paſt, been much taken up with the Choice of Repreſentatives that might be made for the new Parliament; and as the Preſervation of the Liberties and Privileges of the Colonies may, in ſome Meaſure, depend thereon; we thought it would be agreeable to our Readers to publiſh theſe Elections as they came to Hand. What we have yet received are as follow, viz.

FOR *Banbury, Oxfordſhire,* Lord North. *Oxfordſhire,* Right Hon. Lord Robert Spencer, and Col. Gordon. *Grantham, Lincolnſhire,* Sir John Cuſt, late Speaker, and Lord George Sutton. *Colcheſter,* Charles Gray, and Iſaac Martin Rebow, Eſquires:----A Scrutiny is demanded by Mr. Fordyce. *Yarmouth, Norfolk,* Charles Townſhend, Eſq; and Hon. Robert Walpole. *Cambridge Town,* Hon. Mr. Cadogan, and Soame Jenyns, Eſq; *Canterbury,* William Lynch, and Richard Milles, Eſquires. *Sudbury,* Patrick Blake, and Walden Hanmer, Eſquires. *Shrewſbury,* Lord Clive, and Noel Hill, Eſq; *Sandwich,* Right Hon. Lord Viſcount Conyngham, and Philip Stephens, Eſq; *Dorcheſter,* John Damer, and William Ewer, Eſquires. *Reading, Berks,* Henry Vanſittart, and John Dodd, Eſquires. *Chippenham, Wilts,* Edward Baynton, Eſq; and Sir Thomas Fludyer. *Peterborough,* Sir Matthew Lambe, and Matthew Wildbore, Eſq; *Eaſt Retford, Nottinghamſhire,* John Offley, and John White, Eſquires. *Leominſter,* Lord Bateman, and Gen. Carnac. *Worceſter,* Henry Crab Bolton, and John Walſh, Eſquires. *Nottingham,* Col. Howe, and John Plumtree, Eſq; *Bridgewater, Somerſetſhire,* Lord Percival, Son to the Earl of Egmont, and -------- Allen, Eſq; *Winchelſea,* Earl of Thomond, Uncle to the preſent Earl of Egmont, and Thomas Orby Hunter, Eſq; *Wallingford, Berks,* John Aſkey, Eſq; and Col. Pigot. *Lewes, Suſſex,* Mr. Hampden, and Col. Hay. *Shoreham, Suſſex,* Peregrine Cuſt, Eſq; *Stockbridge, Hants,* Richard Worge, and Richard Fuller, Banker, Eſquires. *Bramber, Suſſex,* Earl Winterton, and Charles Lowndes, Eſq; *Ipſwich, Suffolk,* Thomas Staunton, and William Wollaſton, Eſquires. *Bridport, Dorſetſhire,* Hon. Thomas Coventry, and Benjamin Way, Eſquires. *Harwich, Eſſex,* Hon. General Harvey, and John Roberts, Eſq; *Seaford, Suſſex,* Lord Gage, and Mr. Medley. *Hull,* Lord Robert Manners, and Mr. Weddell. *Dover,* Lord Villiers, and Sir Joſeph Yorke. *Berwick,* Sir John Huſſey Delaval, Bart. and John Paris Taylor, Eſq; *New-Caſtle upon Tyne,* Sir Walter Blacket, Bart. and Matthew Ridley, Eſq; *Durham,* General Lambton, and John Tempeſt, Eſq; *Plymouth,* Lord Barrington, and Admiral Holbourn. *Portſmouth,* Sir Edward Hawke, and Matthew Featherſtonehaugh. *Horſham, in Suſſex,* The Right Hon. James Grenville. *Whitchurch, Hants,* The Hon. Thomas Townſhend, and Henry Wallop, Eſq; *Rye, Suſſex,* John Norris, and Roſe Fuller, Eſquires. *Shaftesbury, Dorſet,* Ralph Payne, and ------ Groves, Eſquires. *Steyning, Suſſex,* Sir John Filmer, Bart. and Thomas Edwards Freeman, Eſq; *Tewkeſbury,* Sir William Coddrington, Bart. and Nicholſon Calvert, Eſq; *Windſor,* The Hon. Auguſtus Keppel, and Lord George Beauclerk. *Maidſtone,* The Hon. Charles Maſham, and ------ Gregory, Eſq; *Norwich,* Harboard Harboard, and Edward Bacon, Eſquires. *For Agmondeſham,* William Drake, and Thomas Drake, Eſquires. *Bedford,* Richard Vernon, and Samuel Whitbread, Eſquires. *Bletchingly, Surry,* Sir Kenrick Clayton, Bart. and his ſon, Robert Clayton Eſq; *Wigan, Lancaſhire,* George Byng, and Benjamin Botham, Eſquires. *Warwick,* Lord Greville, and the Hon. Henry Archer, Eſq; (ſince dead.) *Hereford,* Richard Symons, and John Scudamore, Eſquires. *Honiton, Devonſhire,* Sir George Yonge, Bart. and Braſs Croſby, Eſq; Alderman of Breadſtreet Ward, London. *Higham Ferrers,* Frederick Montague, Eſq; *Huntingdon,* The Hon. Mr. Seymour, and Robert Jones, Eſq; *Lymington, Hants,* Henry Burrard, and Andrew Drummond, Eſq; *Lyme Regis, Dorſet,* The Right Hon. Lord Burgherſh, and Henry Fane, Eſq; *Malmſbury, Wiltſhire,* The Earl of Donegall, and Mr. Thomas Howard. *Minehead,* H. F. Luttrell, and C. Whitworth, Eſqrs. *Bridgnorth, Bath,* John Seebright, and John Smith, Eſquires. *Bridgnorth,* Lord Pigot, and William Whitmore, Eſq; *Exeter,* John Rolle Walter, and John Buller, Eſquires. *Heyteſbury, Wilts,* General A'Court, and Charles Fitzroy Scudamore, Eſq; *Litchfield,* Thomas Anſon, and Thomas Gilbert, Eſquires. *Lancaſter,* Sir George Warren, and Francis Reynolds, Eſq; *Milborn Port, Somerſetſhire,* Thomas Hutchins Medlycott, and Edward Walter, Eſquires. *Old Sarum,* Right Hon. William Gerhard Hamilton, and John Crawford, Eſq; *Poole, Dorſetſhire,* Thomas Calcraft, and Joſhua Maugher, Eſq; *Stafford,* William Lord Viſcount Chetwynd, and Richard Witworth, Eſq; *Tamworth,* Edward Thurlow, and --- De Grey, Eſquires. *Taunton, Somerſetſhire,* Alexander Popham, and Nathaniel Webb, Eſquires. *Totneſs, Devon,* Peter Burrell, Eſq; and Col. Jennings. *Wincheſter,* George Powlett, and Henry Panton, Eſquires. *Wenlock, Shropſhire,* Sir Henry Bridgman, Bart. and George Forreſter, Eſq; *Andover,* Sir John Griffin, and Benjamin Lethiulier, Eſquires. *Aſhburton,* Laurence Sulivan, and ---- Boon, Eſquires. *Beverly, Yorkſhire,* Hugh Bethell, and ------ Anderſon, Eſquires. *Barnſtable,* Denys Rolle, and John Cleveland, Eſquires. *Carliſle,* Lord Edward Bentinck, and George Muſgrave, Eſquires. *Dartmouth,* Lord Howe, and Richard Hopkins, Eſq; *Eaſt Looe,* John Buller, and Richard Huſſey, Eſquires. *Fowey,* ---- Ruſhleigh, and ----- Haywood, Eſquires. *Grimſby, Lincolnſhire,* Joſeph Melliſh, Eſq; and Lieut. Col. St. Leger. *Hedon, Yorkſhire,* Sir Charles Saunders, Knt. and Beilby Thompſon, Eſq; *Haſtings,* William Aſhburnham, and Samuel Martin, Eſquires. *King's Lynn, Norfolk,* ---- Walpole, Eſq; and Sir John Turner. *Knareſborough, Yorkſhire,* The Honourable Robert Boyle Walſingham, and Sir Anthony Thomas Abdy, Bart. *Launceſton,* Right Honourable Humphrey Morrice, Eſq; and Col. William Amherſt. *Luggenhall,* Lord Garlies, and Peniſtone Lamb, Eſq; *Liverpoole,* Sir William Meredith, Baronet, and Richard Pennant, Eſq; *Midhurſt, Suſſex,* Lord Staverdale, and Hon. C. Fox, Eſq; *Morpeth,* ---- Beckford, and Francis Eyre, Eſquires. *Beeralſton,* Sir Francis Drake, and the Hon. Mr. Hobbard. *Clitheroe,* Aſh. Curzon, and Nath. Liſter, Eſquires. *Devizes,* Charles Garth, and James Sutton, Eſquires. *Garton, Surry,* The Hon. John Damen, and Joſeph Martin, Eſquires. *Ilcheſter,* Brownlow Cuſt, and Peter Leigh, Eſquires. *Monmouth,* John Stepney, Eſq; *Newport, Cornwall,* Richard Bull, and Wm. De Grey, Eſquires. *Newark,* John Shelley, and John Manners, Eſquires. *Oxford Univerſity,* Sir Roger Newdigate, and --- Page, Eſq; *Oakhampton,* Thomas Pitt, and Thomas Brand, Eſquires. *Plymton,* Sir William Baker, and Paul Henry Ourry, Eſq; *Pontifract,* Sir Rowland Wynn, and Lord Galway. *Romney Newo,* Sir Edward Deering, and Richard Jackſon, Eſq; *Ryegate,* Hon. John Yorke, and Charles Cocks, Eſquires. *Appleby,* Philip Honeywood, and Charles Jenkinſon, Eſquires. *Alborough, Suffolk,* Nich. Linwood, and Zac. Phil. Fonnereau, Eſquires. *Biſhop's Caſtle,* George Clive, Eſq; and Captain William Clive. *Bewdley,* The Hon. Thomas Littleton. *Bodmin,* George Hunt, and Ja. Laroche, Eſquires. *Boſſiney, Cornwall,* Lord Mount Stewart, and ------ Luttrell, Eſq; *Brecon,* Charles Morgan, Eſq; *Camelford,* Charles Philips, and William Wilſon, Eſquires. *Carmarthenſhire,* George Rice, Eſq; *Cambridge Univerſity,* Hon. Charles Yorke, and Hon. Thomas Townſhend. *Droitwich,* The Hon. Robert Harley, and Thomas Foley, Eſq; *Eveſham,* John Ruſhout, and George Durant, Eſquires. *Glouceſterſhire,* Thomas Tracy, and Edward Southwell, Eſquires. *Lincolnſhire,* The Hon. Lord Brownlow Bertie, and Thomas Whichcot, Eſq; *Ludlow,* Edward Herbert, and ------ Fellows, Eſquires. *Montgomery Town,* Rich. Clive, Eſq; *Malton,* Lord Downe, and Savile Finch, Eſq; *Marlborough,* Colonel Robert Brudenell, and Sir James Long, Bart. *Newport, Iſle of Wight,* John Eames, and Hans Sloane, Eſquires. *Newtown, Iſle of Wight,* Sir John Barrington, and Harcourt Powell, Eſq; *Newtown, Lancaſhire,* Peter Leigh, and Anthony James Keck, Eſquires. *Norfolk,* Sir Edward Aſtley, and Thomas De Grey, Eſq; *Penryn, Cornwall,* Fran. Baſſet, Eſq; and Captain Hugh Pigot. *Scarborough,* George Manners, and Fountain Wentworth Oſbaldiſton, Eſquires. *Stamford,* George Aufrere, Eſq; and General Howard. *St. Michael, Cornwall,* John Stephenſon, and James Scawen, Eſquires. *Saltaſh,* ----- Hawke, and ----- Bradſhaw, Eſquires. *Somerſetſhire,* Sir Charles Kemys Tynte, and Richard Hipſley Cox, Eſq; *Thirſk,* Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart. and W. Frankland, Eſq; *Tregony, Cornwall,* George Pownal, and ----- Gray, Eſquires. *Wells, Somerſetſhire,* Robert Child, and Clement Tudway, Eſquires. *Weſtlooe, Cornwall,* James Townſhend, and William Graves, Eſquires. *Wallingford, Berks,* John Aubrey, and Robert Pigot, Eſquires. *Weſtbury, Wilts,* William Bluckſton, and Peregrine Bertie, Eſquires. *Yarmouth, Iſle of Wight,* Jarvis Clarke, and William Stroud, Eſquires. *York,* Lord George Cavendiſh, and Charles Turner, Eſq; *Cambridgeſhire,* The Right Hon. the Marquis of Granby, and Sir John Hynde Cotton, Bart. *Grampound, Cornwall,* Grey Cooper, and Charles Wolfran, Eſquires. *Lincoln City,* ---- Phipps, and ----- Scroop, Eſquires. *Brackley,* Robert Wood, and William Egerton, Eſquires. *Bury St. Edmunds,* Right Hon. Auguſtine John Harvey, and Hon. Col. Charles Fitzroy. *Haverfordweſt,* William Edwards, Eſquire. *Helſtone,* Earl Cambraſſil, of Ireland, and William Evelyn, Eſq; *Hertfordſhire,* William Plumer, and Thomas Halſey, Eſquires. *Northallerton, Yorkſhire,* Dan. Laſcelles, and Ewd. Laſcelles, Eſquires. *Orford,* Lord Beauchamp, and Ed. Colman, Eſq; *St. Ives, Cornwall,* ---- Dorrant, and Adam Drummond, Eſquires. *Wilton, Wilts,* The Hon. Nich. Herbert, and Henry Herbert, Eſquires. *Wiltſhire,* ----- Popham, and ----- Goddard, Eſquires.

To be SOLD in the Borough of LANCASTER,

A LOT of ground in Queen-ſtreet, containing in front 21 feet, 5 inches and a half, and in depth, to a 14 feet alley, 245 feet; on which are erected a two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, brick kitchen, with a room behind the ſame, in which is a Dutch ſtove, and at the front of the garden there is a brick ſhop, and at the end thereof a log ſtable and chair-houſe. The dwelling-houſe adjoins the houſe in which George Roſs, Eſq; lives, and being but a few doors from the Court-houſe, and the center of the town, makes it valuable for any buſineſs. The title is indiſputable, and credit will be given for part of the purchaſe money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, and is ſubject to Four Pounds Sterling per annum groundrent.

Alſo another lot of ground in ſaid Borough, containing in front, on Orange-ſtreet, 64 feet, 4 inches and a half, and in depth, to a 14 feet alley, 245 feet, and is near to where Edward Shippen, Eſq; lives. There is erected thereon a two ſtory brick houſe, and an oven in the yard; there will be given ſuch a title as has been made, ſubject to a groundrent of Fourteen Shillings Sterling per annum.

Likewiſe a valuable ten acre lot, near ſaid Borough (the town is laid out to the fence thereof) on which is built a brick houſe, with a diſtillery, and two ſtills, &c. there is a fine ſpring at a ſmall diſtance from the houſe, and the water is carried under ground to a pump at the door; about half the lot is woodland, and there is a good ſtone quarry on the ſame. The title is indiſputable. If they are not ſold, it will be agreeable to rent any of the houſes, and the ſtill-houſe and ſtills. For terms, apply to WALTER SHEE, in Philadelphia. 6 W

North-East, Cecil County, Maryland, June 1, 1768.

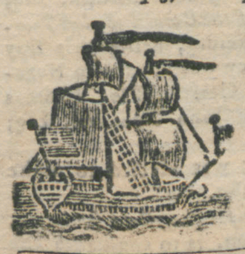
RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 17th day of laſt Month, a luſty young likely Negroe man, named BENN, aged 19 or 20 years; had on when he went away, a coarſe homeſpun dark coloured kerſey jacket, with the under part of the ſleeves white, old hat, fine ſhirt, with cambrick at the boſom, ſtriped lincey trowſers, and good ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroe, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any goal, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM CURRER. §

CAME to the plantation of RICHARD WHITMAN, in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, a grey mare, 14 hands high, about 10 years old, paces well, neither brand nor mark. She came to the ſaid place about the 29th of May. The owner is deſired to prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ‡

For LONDON.

The BRIGANTINE

HETTY,



A good new Veſſel, now taking in Goods at Hamilton's Wharff; has great Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will ſail with all expedition. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or THOMAS PENROSE.

To be SOLD,

A FEW ſetts of the LAWS of Barbados, publiſhed Anno 1764. Enquire of the printers.

To be LETT,

THAT forceable Merchant Mill, and Saw Mill, called MOUNT-JOY MILLS, ſituate very convenient on Account of Wheat, either by Land or Water, and is capable of doing near as much Work as any Mill in the Province. Enquire of JOSEPH POTTS, in Philadelphia, or THOMAS HOCKLEY, at Mount-Joy Forge.

Philadelphia, June 6, 1768.

THE Subſcriber, intending very ſoon to leave this Province for England, requeſts thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, or the late Partnerſhip of STEWART, DUNCAN, and Company, to call on him for Payment.

¶ THOMAS DUNCAN.

THIS is to give notice to all perſons indebted to the eſtate of THOMAS SEYLES, deceaſed, in the townſhip of Springfield, in the county of Philadelphia, that they are hereby deſired to make ſpeedy payment, or otherwiſe may expect trouble, which will be attended with coſt; and all thoſe that have demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to meet at William Barge's School-houſe, on the 25th day of this inſtant June, and bring in their accompts proved; ſo that they may be adjuſted and paid, when money comes to hand, by MATTHEW ADAMS, and CHRISTOPHER OTTINGER, Executors. ‡

To be SOLD or LETT, on reaſonable terms, and the purchaſer may have a conſiderable time for payment of the money, giving ſecurity, and may be entered on immediately;

A PLANTATION, with a griſt-mill and ſaw-mill, and a dwelling-houſe thereon, containing 30 acres of land, in Cecil county, a little below Nottingham, in Cheſter county; it lies upon Octarara Creek, about half a mile up it, above where it enters Saſquehannah, and about four miles to water carriage; and as Lancaſter road leads from Grubb's iron works by ſaid mills, there is an opportunity of ſelling to the back teams as much board as they can ſaw, as well as a good opportunity of getting wheat from Lancaſter. Enquire of SAMUEL RENNELLS, of Nottingham, or ISAAC GARRETT, of Williſtown, in Cheſter County. ¶

To be LETT, for the Summer Seaſon,

A GENTEEL HOUSE (with or without furniture) a chair-houſe, ſtable, &c. The houſe pleaſantly ſituated, and commands an agreeable proſpect of the Falls of Schuylkill, and is in every reſpect calculated for a gentleman's country ſeat.

Alſo a convenient two ſtory ſtone houſe and kitchen, and a good garden: It has an airy pleaſant ſituation, and commands an extenſive ſoutherly proſpect, ſtands near the upper end of Germantown, on the hill above Mrs. Mackenet's, to whom apply for a ſight and terms of this houſe; for the former, apply to the ſubſcriber at the Falls, EDWARD ROBESON.

N. B. The laſt mentioned will be lett for any term of time. ¶

Philadelphia, June 3, 1768.

For BRISTOL,

The SHIP

BRITANNIA,

JOHN SCOTT, Maſter,

Has good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail in two Weeks, having her Cargoe already engaged, except a few Tons of Iron, wanted on Freight. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to THOMAS SAVAGE, or the Captain on board ſaid Ship, lying near Market-ſtreet Wharff.

Notice is hereby given to the PUBLIC,

THAT the STAGES are continued plying as uſual between Philadelphia and Baltimore-town, by the ſubſcribers. WILLIAM HENDERSON's ſtage, to leave Chriſtiana bridge on Tueſdays, and proceed to Philadelphia, and attends at Mr. John Meaſe's wharff, below the Drawbridge, where there is a good ſtore-houſe for the reception of goods. And, on Saturdays ſets off from ſaid wharff to Chriſtiana bridge, where ALLEN GILLESPIE attends to receive goods, and has ſufficient ſtore-houſes for the reception of all ſuch goods as he receives. MICHAEL STITIS's waggons attend at ſaid place on Mondays (one of which is a proper ſtage-waggon) and tranſports goods and paſſengers from thence to Perch-creek landing, on Elk river, where NICHOLAS HOUSELBACK's ſtage-boat, commonly called the Dutch packet, attends on Tueſdays, to receive goods and paſſengers for Baltimore, and ſets off from thence on Saturdays to Perch-creek. Thoſe who chooſe to favour us with their cuſtom, may depend on the greateſt punctuality, diſpatch and care, by WILLIAM PATTERSON, and ALLEN GILESPIE, at Chriſtiana Bridge. WILLIAM HENDERSON, at Philadelphia. NICHOLAS HOUSELBACK, at Baltimore Town. MICHAEL STITIS, at Perch-creek.

N. B. Allen Gilleſpie and company, have likewiſe a ſhallop for carrying on the flour buſineſs, commanded by Solomon Maxwell, one of the company, who will tranſact the flour trade with the greateſt care and diſpatch, and will ply conſtantly between Chriſtiana Bridge and Philadelphia.

Mr. Abraham Robinſon, next door below Mr. John Meaſe's, will receive orders and goods in the abſence of the ſtage. ‡

FOUND, ſome time ago, tied up in a check handkerchief, near Poole's bridge, two pair of breeches, three ſhirts, and a pair of pumps. The owner deſcribing them, and paying charges, may have them again, by applying at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Jerſey Market. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 15th of this inſtant June, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the houſe of Peter Paris, at the corner of Second and Race-ſtreets, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, on the north ſide of Mary-ſtreet, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 40 feet, and in depth 122 feet; bounded ſouthward with the ſaid ſtreet, eaſtward with John Smith's Lot, northward with ground of Marcus Fox, and weſtward with Peter Etter's ground; late the eſtate of Peter Broades and Wife, and to be ſold by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

By the Brig Nancy, Captain JOHN SKIMMER, *arrived at Boſton from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, *March* 29.

LORD R--------m, we hear, has loſt 1000 guineas to 50, by betting againſt Mr. Wilkes.

March 30. An opulent elector, in a certain borough in the weſt, was lately offered 50 l. a year, and 700 l. in money, for his vote and intereſt, which he nobly refuſed.

This day his Serene Highneſs the Prince of Monaco, at whoſe palace his late Royal Highneſs the Duke of York died, was introduced to his Majeſty at St. James's, and graciouſly received.

About nine laſt night, upon the return of the pollers from Brentford, the mobility grew extremely riotous and tumultuous; ſome perſons who had voted in favour of Mr. Wilkes, having put out lights, the mob paraded the whole town, from eaſt to weſt, obliging every body to illuminate, and breaking the windows of ſuch as did not do it immediately. The windows of the Manſion-houſe in particular were demoliſhed all to pieces, together with a large Chandelier, and ſome pier glaſſes, to the amount of many hundred pounds.---From thence they proceeded to the Lord Mayor's houſe, in Alderſgate-ſtreet, but that being a back houſe, they could not get at it. They demoliſhed alſo, the windows of Lords Bute, Egmont, Sir Sampſon Gideon, Sir William Mayne, and many other gentlemen and tradeſmen in moſt of the public ſtreets of both cities, London and Weſtminſter; at one of the above-mentioned gentlemens houſes, the mob were in a great meaſure provoked to it by the imprudence of a ſervant, who fired a piſtol among them. At the Duke of Northumberland's houſe, at Charing-croſs, the mob alſo broke a few panes, but his Grace had the addreſs to get rid of them, by ordering up lights immediately into his windows, and opening the ſhip ale-houſe, which ſoon drew them off to that ſide. Laſt night a little paſt eleven, a party of the guards arrived from the Tower to quell the mob before the Manſion-houſe, who thereupon diſperſed.

Among the many houſes of perſons of diſtinction, at the weſt end of the town, that were illuminated on Tueſday night, on account of Mr. Wilkes being elected Knight of the ſhire for the county of Middleſex, were thoſe of their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland.

March 31. *We are informed that an eminent ribbon merchant in the city has ſold near* 5000 l. *worth of ribbons during the preſent general elections.*

April 2. It having been reported to a great perſonage, that a Liveryman was threatened with the loſs of his place, for not voting at the city election agreeable to order, aſked, "If the man had voted according to his engagements?" Which being anſwered in the affirmative, it was replied, "Had he voted contrary to his engagements, he ſhould certainly have been diſcharged."

One day laſt week, as a *great Perſonage* was going to Richmond, accompanied by his *illuſtrious Conſort*, a rabble in the road thither, gathered round his carriage, clamouroufly begging a pardon for Mr. Wilkes, and they grew ſo numerous and troubleſome, that the *great Perſonages* thought proper to return to town, inſtead of proceeding to Richmond.

We alſo hear, that one of the *Brothers* of the above *great Perſonage* was ſtopped by the mob near Brentford, in his carriage, and they inſiſted on his pulling off his hat, and hallooing out, *Wilkes and Liberty*.

Among the other pranks of their High Mightineſſes the mob, on account of the Middleſex election, they ſtopped the French Ambaſſador in his coach, and *politely* inſiſted on his drinking a draught of porter (which they offered him) to *Wilkes and Liberty*, to which his Excellency with the greateſt affability complied.

Wedneſday four men were committed to the Compter, for being concerned in breaking the windows of the Manſion-houſe.

We have it confirmed to us, that Mr. Wilkes will be enabled to diſcharge all his debts, principally by the aſſiſtance of an amiable and patriotic nobleman.

The general toaſt among the popular party, now is, "*May Liberty never want a Wilkes, and may Wilkes never want Liberty.*

The celebrated Triſtram Shandy was buried privately in a new burying-ground, belonging to the pariſh of St. George's, Hanover Square, at twelve o'clock at noon, attended only by two gentlemen in a mourning coach, and no bell tolling.

This morning at eleven o'clock, and not before, Mr. Wilkes ſet out for Bath.

It is ſaid that a gentleman of the firſt eminence in the law, has given it as his opinion, that the outlawry againſt Mr. Wilkes is not legal.

It is ſaid that among the ſeveral flaws in Mr. Wilkes's outlawry, one is, that he was not declared an outlaw in three different pariſhes in the county where he lived. And it is likewiſe ſaid, that the outlawry was not regiſtered in the proper office.

We hear that a number of people will ſoon embark for America, at the expence of the government, to ſettle there, with their families.

We hear by a gentleman who arrived from France, that on Tueſday evening, when he landed at Dover, the whole town was illuminated, and every town he travelled through, till he arrived in London.

The codicil of the will of Sir Andrew Chadwick, Knight, in favour of Mr. Wilkes, is in the following terms; "*Item*, I give and bequeath to John Wilkes, Eſq; late member for Ayleſbury, 1000 l. as a teſtimony of his intrepid conduct in oppoſing a wicked, corrupt and profligate adminiſtration."

The following toaſt is drank every night, "May the light of liberty never be put out by a Scotch extinguiſher."

On Tueſday night the mob broke the windows of his Grace the Duke of Argyle's houſe, in Soho Square; and alſo the windows of his ſon, the Marquis of Lorn's houſe, in Argyle Buildings, where they did conſiderable damage; every window belonging to the Earl of Bute's houſe in South Audley-ſtreet were ſo broke, that ſcarce a pane of glaſs was left whole.

A certain nobleman being aſked by the ------, what he apprehended would be the conſequence of a late election? replied, as the gentleman was elected, he muſt take his ſeat accordingly.

We have it confirmed to us, that by the aſſiſtance of his friends (the ſubſcription being ſtill open) and particularly a very amiable, patriotic nobleman, that all Mr. Wilkes's debts will be poſitively adjuſted, ſettled, and ſatisfied, previous to the enſuing ſeſſion of parliament.

We hear that it has already coſt one candidate for a borough northward, who, it is expected, will loſe his election, at leaſt, upwards of thirty thouſand pounds.

Mr. Wilkes's declaration of a ſurrender, it is ſaid, renders the outlawry void, provided he ſurrenders according to the declaration, the the firſt of next term.

April 4. It was remarked, that ſeveral of the Livery of London, who lately voted againſt Mr. Wilkes at Guildhall, were the firſt to poll in his favour at Brentford.

Monday died in Oxford Road, Mr. Alexander M'Cloud; the news of Mr. Wilkes's election affected him in ſuch a manner, that he expired ſoon after.

The expences of the election for N. Hampton, amount to 60,000 l. at leaſt, to both parties.

Mr. Wilkes, during his exile, enjoyed a penſion of 1200 l. per annum, by a private ſubſcription of a few friends, among whom are ſeveral Right Honourables of the preſent miniſtry.

We hear that an offer was made to Mr. Wilkes by his friends, that if he choſe any one to join candidate with him, they would hold for them jointly; on which Mr. Wilkes replied, that he was infinitely obliged to them for the offer, but as the public had intereſted itſelf ſo much in his favour, he thought himſelf ſufficiently honoured if they choſe him, without preſuming to dictate their choice of any one elſe, and very politely declined the offer.

It is ſaid the damage done to Lord Bute's houſe, by the mob on Monday night laſt, cannot be repaired for leſs than 5000 l. a great deal of rich furniture having been broke to pieces.

A genuine letter from Ayleſbury in Buckinghamſhire, to a gentleman in London, dated March 30*th*, 1768.

"This day about noon we received the news of Mr. Wilkes's election for the county of Middleſex, by a great majority. The inexpreſſible joy that appeared among the inhabitants in general is not to be conceived; the bells were immediately ſet a ringing, and continued upwards of twelve hours, and every inhabitant of the town appeared with a blue cockade in his hat, interwoven with the words, *Wilkes* and *Liberty*, and underneath, *The worthy freeholders of the county of Middleſex, who voted for him.* The windows in every houſe of the town were illuminated, and ſeveral of the principal inhabitants, provided hogſheads of beer at their own expence, at different parts of the town, for the populace. Bonfires were immediately made, and the evening concluded with the greateſt joy and decorum imaginable----The next morning the populace carried a blue flag round the town, whereon was painted the portrait of Mr. Wilkes, and underneath, *Wilkes and Liberty*, accompanied by a great number of the principal inhabitants, who, as ſoon as the parade ended, fixed it on the Town Hall, there to remain to the lateſt poſterity."

Lord Baltimore's defence, read to the Court and Jury, upon his trial at Kingſton in Surry, on Saturday, the 26*th ult. taken in Court by a gentleman preſent.*

My Lord, and Gentlemen,

"I have put myſelf upon my country, confident that prejudice and clamour will avail nothing in this place, where it is the privilege of the meaneſt of the king's ſubjects to be preſumed to be innocent, until his guilt has been made appear by legal evidence. I wiſh I could ſay, that I have been treated abroad with the ſame candour; I have been loaded with obloquy; the moſt malignant libels have been circulated, and every method that malice could deviſe, has been taken to create a general prejudice againſt me. I thank God, that under ſuch circumſtances I have had firmneſs and reſolution enough to meet my accuſers face to face, and provoke an enquiry into my conduct. *Hic murus abæneus eſto, nil conſcire ſibi.*

"The charge againſt me, and againſt theſe poor people, who are involved with me, becauſe they might otherwiſe have been witneſſes for me, is, in its nature, eaſy to be made out, and hard to be diſproved. The accuſer has the advantage of ſupporting it by direct and poſitive evidence: The defence can only be collected from circumſtances.

"My defence is compoſed of a very great variety of circumſtances, all tending to ſhew the falſity of this charge, the abſurdity of it, the impoſſibility that it can be true. It will be laid before the Jury by evidence, under the direction of my Counſel; and I have the confidence of an innocent man, that it will manifeſt to your Lordſhip, the Jury, and the whole world, that the ſtory told by this woman is a perverſion of the truth, and a mere invention.

"What could induce this woman to make ſuch a charge I can only ſuſpect.---Very ſoon after ſhe came to my houſe, upon her repreſentation to me that her father was diſtreſſed, I ſent him a conſiderable ſum of money: Whether the eaſe with which that money was obtained from me might ſuggeſt this idea, as a means of obtaining a larger ſum of money; or whether it was thought neceſſary to deſtroy me, in order to re-eſtabliſh the character of the girl with the world, I know not; but I do aver upon the word of a man of honour, that there is no truth in any thing which has been ſaid or ſworn of my having offered violence to this girl. I ever held ſuch brutality in abhorrence. May I be allowed to add, without offending againſt that decorum which ought to be obſerved here, that, as a man of pleaſure, I am in opinion againſt all force. I ſhould not have introduced this ſentiment, if it had not been pertinent to the ſubject. Other opinions on other ſubjects, no way relating to this charge, have been imputed, and falſly imputed to me, to inflame this accuſation. Libertine as I may have been repreſented, I hold no ſuch opinions; and conſidering the debility of my conſtitution, it is not only a moral, but a phyſical impoſſibility for me to have raviſhed this woman, who is ſtronger than I am. Much has been urged againſt me upon that of having ſeduced her from her parents and friends. Seduction is not the point of this charge; but I do aſſure your Lordſhip and the jury, that this part of the caſe has been aggravated exceedingly beyond the truth. If I have been in any degree to blame, I am ſure I have very ſufficiently attoned for every indiſcretion, which a weak attachment to this unworthy woman may have led me into, by having ſuffered the diſgrace of being expoſed as a criminal at the bar, in the county which my father had the honour to repreſent in parliament, and where, if this ſort of an active life had been my object, my own rank and fortune gave me ſome pretenſions to have attained the ſame honour. I will take up no more of your Lordſhip's time than to add, that if I had been conſcious of the guilt now imputed to me, I could have kept myſelf and my fortune out of the reach of the laws of this country. I am a citizen of the world, and could have lived any where; but I love my country, and ſubmit to its laws; and reſolving that my innocence ſhould be juſtified by the laws, I now, by my own voluntary act, by ſurrendering myſelf to the Court of King's-Bench, ſtake upon the verdict of twelve men my life and fortune, and, what is dearer to me than either, my honour."

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) May 17, 1768.

Letters from the Cherokee country, inform us of the death of Kittaguſta, the great Sachem or Prince of Chote, and of the whole nation, brother of Ouconnoſtata, or the Great Warrior. The Upper Cherokee towns are greatly harraſſed by ſeveral parties of Indians from the Ohio and Miſſiſippi, who kill every body they meet with, whether White Men or Indians: On the 17th of laſt Month, two White Men, looking for their horſes, were killed and ſcalped, and another very much wounded. Some Renegado Creeks, diſowned by their own nation, have lately been giving out inflammatory ſpeeches among the Cherokees.----The ſame letters add, that the people of the lower towns expreſs the higheſt ſatisfaction with the King's order, for running the boundary line between their hunting-grounds and Virginia, which had been communicated to them by Mr. Stuart, Superintendant of the ſouthern diſtrict.

BOSTON, May 26.

The following Gentlemen were Yeſterday, in the Afternoon, elected Counſellors for the Year enſuing, by the General Court.

For the late Colony of Maſſachuſetts-Bay,

The Hon. Iſaac Royall, Eſq; John Erving, Eſq; William Brattle, Eſq; James Bowdoin, Eſq; Thomas Hubbard, Eſq; Harriſon Gray, Eſq; James Ruſſell, Eſq; Thomas Flucker, Eſq; Nathaniel Ropes, Eſq; Timothy Paine, Eſq; Royal Tyler, Eſq; James Pitts, Eſq; John Worthington, Eſq; * Joſeph Gerriſh, Eſq; * Thomas Sanders, Eſq; * Samuel Dexter, Eſq; * John Hancock, Eſq; * Artemas Ward, Eſq;

For the late Colony of Plymouth,

Gamaliel Bradford, Eſq; * James Otis, Eſq; Samuel White, Eſq; * Jerathmeel Bowers, Eſq;

For the late Province of Maine,

John Hill, Eſq; Nathaniel Sparhawk, Eſq; John Bradbury, Eſq;

For Sagadahock, Jeremiah Powell, Eſq;

At Large, Samuel Danforth, Eſq; Benjamin Lincoln, Eſq;

*The Gentlemen with this * Mark, were not of the Council the laſt Year.*

The Liſt of Counſellors, choſen Yeſterday, being this Day preſented to the Governor, his Excellency was pleaſed to Negative the Hon. James Otis, Eſq; Joſeph Gerriſh, Eſq; Thomas Sanders, Eſq; Jerathmeel Bowers, Eſq; John Hancock, Eſq; and Artemas Ward, Eſq;

This Day his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to make the following SPEECH to both Houſes, viz.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

AS the chief Intention of this Seſſion, is to conſtitute the General Court for the Year enſuing, and the Seaſon makes a long Continuation of it very inconvenient, I muſt recommend to you to avoid all Buſineſs that can well be poſtponed to the next Seſſion.

Among thoſe that will demand your immediate Attention, will be the providing for the Solicitation of the Cauſe of this province with regard to the boundary Line with New-York. As you are contented with that Line, which has heretofore been reported by the Lords Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, and the Province in general has hitherto acquieſced in it, there is great Reaſon to expect that it will be confirmed.

I have ſent Copies of the Papers relating to the Treaty between the two Provinces concerning the Line, to the Secretary of the Board of Trade; and have prayed that this Province may have Time to appoint an Agent or Solicitor, before their Cauſe is brought into Judgment. I ſhall write more fully upon the Subject, as Occaſion ſhall ſerve, and ſhall give this Buſineſs all the Aſſiſtance, which my Station and Ability will afford.

Council Chamber, May 26, 1768. FRAN. BERNARD.

May 30. Captain Skimmer left Falmouth the 7th of April, and informs, That the Packet was to ſail from thence for New-York in a Fortnight after him. Three Days before Captain Skimmer arrived, he ſpoke with a Ship from Glaſgow bound to Caſco-Bay.

It may be depended on, that a Warrant is received, by which the Board of Commiſſioners here are ordered to pay Lieutenant-Governor Hutchinſon Two Hundred Pounds Sterling a Year, out of the American Revenues eſtabliſhed by Parliament. And that the ſame being mentioned in the Houſe laſt Week, there was no Man found to deny it. On the contrary, it was inſiſted on by one Gentleman, that the more Penſions were granted the better.

QUEBEC, May 5.

Saturday laſt the Ice in the Great River St. Lawrence broke up, and the ſame Day, as is imagined, from the large Quantities, that from off the Lakes paſſed by this City.

NEW-YORK, June 6.

Saturday laſt being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Birth-Day, when he entered the 31ſt Year of his Age, the ſame was obſerved here with great Solemnity. His Excellency General *Gage* (His Excellency Sir *Henry Moore*, our Governor, being at Albany) the Members of his Majeſty's Council for this Province, his Worſhip the Mayor, and the reſt of the Corporation, aſſembled in *Fort-George*, where his Majeſty's and many other loyal Healths were drank, under the Diſcharge of a Royal Salute from the Fort, which was immediately anſwered by three Vollies from the Detachment of the Train now here, and the 16th Regiment, drawn up in Order on the Green, under the Fort, where they were reviewed by the General, and made a very handſome Appearance. An elegant Entertainment was given by General *Gage*, to the Gentlemen of the Army, and of this Place. In the Evening a Number of Lamps were diſpoſed in ſuch a Manner over the Gate in the Fort, as to repreſent the Letters *G R*; and before the Door of his Excellency General *Gage*, was exhibited, by Lamps properly placed, an elegant Appearance of the Royal-Arms; there being alſo a general Illumination throughout the whole City, and every Demonſtration of Joy was ſhewn by all Ranks, that could be expreſſed by a loyal People to a *gracious Sovereign*.

Laſt Sunday Week the Schooner Harmony, Capt. Timſon, arrived here from Coracoa, in 24 Days: The 22d ult. in Lat. 38, Lon. 74:30, he ſpoke with a Brig from Philadelphia, bound for St. Chriſtophers.

Capt. Stewart, in 17 Days from Montſerrat, ſpoke with the following Veſſel on his Paſſage, viz. The 23d of May, in Lat. 28:43, Lon. 68:21, with George Hall, in a Snow from the Grenades, bound for Maryland, 11 Days out.

Thurſday Night the Snow Peggy and Polly, Capt. Creighton, arrived here from Madeira, in 35 Days. Capt. Green ſailed from Madeira, for Philadelphia, 6 Days before Capt. Creighton.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated March 29, 1768, *relating to the Election of Mr. Wilkes, as a Member for the County of Middleſex.*

A true Specimen of what is *called Engliſh Liberty.*

I INFORMED you in my laſt, that the celebrated Exile had become a Candidate for this City in Parliament, but, contrary to the Expectations of all, he loſt it by a great Majority againſt him. As ſoon as the Election was over, he declared himſelf a Candidate for the County of Middleſex. This was quite unexpected, and occaſioned much Confuſion in the *quiet* minds of the old Members. The Election came on Yeſterday at Brentford, ſeven Miles from London. It is impoſſible to paint the Scenes that preſented themſelves to a Spectator; it is thought that Fifty Thouſand People were collected on the Occaſion (and I was one among them) I ſtood on an Eminence, and was amazed to ſee how warm and rapturous the Mob were in Wilkes's Cauſe. Every one expected a ſevere Battle, and I make no Doubt but it would have enſued, had not the ſeparate Voters changed their Cockades. Wilkes's Enſign was blue; the mob never would have ſuffered Sir William Beauchamp, and ----- Cooke, Eſq; (the old Members) to have approached the Huſtings, had they not bawled, *Wilkes and Liberty for ever.* Every Coach that paſſed thro' the Town, was marked with the Number 45, and the Coachman ſtopped, until he convinced this infatuated Mob, that he was loyal to *Wilkes and Liberty, and heartily hated* Cooke *and* Beauchamp. Theſe Rioters are very dangerous at any Time, but particularly ſo now, when they think they have a Right to act as they pleaſe; at ſuch a Time they have as much Liquor as they chuſe, and it is natural to expect bad Conſequences. There were ſome Hundreds of Conſtables to keep the Peace, but they conſiſted moſtly of Countrymen, who were terrified with the Menaces of the People, who were armed with ſhort Bludgeons. At firſt the Candidates formed a Lane, to allow the Voters a Paſſage to the Stage; but this was of ſhort Continuance, for the Mob determining to have Wilkes elected, ſurrounded the Place, and rent the Air with, *Huzza* Wilkes, *and no* Cooke. I left the Place in the Afternoon, and came home in Alderman Shakeſpear's Coach and four: This Gentleman was warm in the Intereſt of Cooke, and was reſolved to expoſe no blue Ribbon; however, before we had proceeded a Mile, we were ſurrounded, and were glad to make any Excuſe to eſcape. At laſt our Coachman abſolutely refuſed to go on without we could conform, and the old Gentleman was obliged to have a Pannel of his Coach marked with Chalk Number 45, and in his Hat he carried (as we all did) a large Paper, with the *Words*, Wilkes *for ever, and no Exciſe*; by this Means we got ſafe Home, and found that as we approached London, they became more daring and impudent. At Hyde Park Corner, I ſaw a Gentleman's Coach, which was not marked, undergo a ſevere Diciplne; they daſhed the Windows to Shivers, and pelted the Coachman, who drove very expeditiouſly, or elſe they were attempting to cut his Traces. Many other Coaches were much damaged by their *Senſe of Liberty*. As every one was *obliged* (whatever was his real Sentiments) to declare for Wilkes, there was no conſiderable Damage done. I ſaw one poor Countryman, who had more Honeſty than Policy; the Mob inſiſted on knowing who he was for; he confeſſed he had promiſed his Vote to Mr. Cooke before Mr. Wilkes came; and have you given your Vote, Sir? I have; they immediately gave him a Blow, which ſtruck him down, and if ſome People had not taken his Part, they would have certainly murdered him. The Poll was not cloſed laſt Night, but they reckoned Wilkes was 500 Votes before Hand. As Buſineſs was not finiſhed till Duſk, this Troop of Banditti did not arrive in London till late, when they began at the Duke of Northumberland's Houſe, and inſiſted (tho' ſo late) on his putting up Lights; this he complied with, and added 6 Butts of Beer, which were placed round the Horſe at Charing Croſs. This imprudent Step made them mad; they immediately began a March up Pall Mall, and broke almoſt every Window in the Street, not ſparing the Duke of Glouceſter; and they never left a Nobleman's Houſe till they had put up Candles; this was about 12 o'Clock, and conſequently moſt People in Bed, ſo that by the Time the Servants could riſe, and get Lights, the Windows were much broke. Many of the Nobility in St. James's Square were very obſtinate, but were almoſt all obliged at laſt to ſubmit: Sir Sampſon Gideon expected them, and prepared Fire Arms to frighten them; the Leader of the

Mob hammered at the Door, and inſiſted on their ſhewing Candles; he was anſwered by a Piſtol fired by a Servant. This ſeemed to give them a Licence for any Outrage, for they ſoon obliged the Servants to retire, and broke all the Windows, Lamps, Doors, Saſhes, and every Thing that was frangible; another Party went thro' the City, and bawling impudently, *Wilkes and Liberty*, they broke all Lamps and Glaſſes they thought proper; they beſet the Manſion-houſe, and becauſe the Lord Mayor refuſed to ſhew Lights, they broke all his Windows, tore down the Lamps, and the Leader marched on with the Ring of a Lamp on his Head, by Way of Triumph; in ſhort, I believe there never was ſo much Noiſe and Confuſion made about one Man in England before; but I muſt ſay, that he has behaved with the greateſt Prudence and Steadineſs hitherto, and has uſed all his Endeavours to quiet Diſturbances. We expect dreadful rioting this Evening again."

On the 18th Day of laſt Month, the Grand Jury of the Court of Aſſize for Cumberland County, preſented the following ADDRESS to J--N D--K-NS-N, Eſq;

WORTHY SIR,

WHILE your ſeaſonable Appearance, and ſpirited Vindication of the Liberties of the Colonies, demand the grateful Acknowledgments of *Britiſh America*, we, however inconſiderable, could not acquit ourſelves to our own Breaſts, were we entirely ſilent when ſuch a Friend of Freedom, and public Benefactor, appeared among us.

The deep Reſearches you have made into the *Britiſh* Conſtitution; your natural and eaſy Manner of deducing thence the Privileges of *Britons*, and, by neceſſary Connection, of their Sons, in the moſt diſtant Climates; and Force of Argument, through the whole Performance, exhibit to the World your Genius, and procure the Admiration of the Learned: But, Sir, the Zeal that glows in every Page; your ſacred Zeal in Defence of the Rights of the *Britiſh* Colonies, will intitle you to the endeared Affection of every good Man, of every Lover of his Country, of all who, unbiaſſed by ſordid Views, wiſh the Proſperity of riſing Generations.

You, Sir, have taught the Coloniſts, that their chartered Privileges are not of Courteſy; but the eſſential Rights of *Britons*, of Freemen, with which they were born, and which they brought with them from *Britain*, inherent and unalienable; and, tho' recognized by Charters, what Charters could not beſtow.

You, Sir, have ſolidly proved, that tho' the P--------t of *G----t B-----n* may adjuſt the Trade and Commerce of the various Branches of the extenſive Empire, as will beſt promote the Happineſs of the whole, yet every Provincial Aſſembly has, muſt have, the Power of Taxation; or, *American Britons* are no more Freemen, nothing but Slaves, and Vaſſals of Power.

Proceed, Sir, and let not the Diſcouragements of Envy damp your Zeal. Envy muſt in Time die. You have the Joys of a patriotic Breaſt, the Applauſes of the Worthy and Good; and dared Envy ſpeak, ſhe would call you happy.

Whilſt the patriotic FARMER is receiving from opulent Cities, and honourable Corporations, the Tribute of Gratitude, deign, Sir, to accept our humble, but ſincere Acknowledgments. Tho' we are little, very little, among the many who have become your Tributaries, yet, believe it, Sir, we love our Country; we love our Liberty; we cannot but be grateful to her generous Votaries; and we wiſh the grateful Remembrance of your Name may be tranſmitted to diſtant, very diſtant Generations.

Carliſle, May 18, 1768. JAMES GALBREATH, *Foreman.*

To which he was pleaſed to make the following Anſwer.

GENTLEMEN,

I THANK you for this kind Addreſs, and am extremely glad to find my Conduct ſo much approved of by you.

As the Approbation of worthy Men will always give me Pleaſure, I hope you never will have any Reaſon to change the favourable Sentiments of me, which you now entertain.

I ſincerely wiſh Proſperity to you, Gentlemen, and to your County."

Thurſday laſt his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGUE, Governor of South-Carolina, and his Lady, came up to Town, from New-Caſtle, where they arrived the Day before, in his Majeſty's Sloop of War the Fowey, Captain ROBINSON, from Charleſtown.

A Snow from London for Virginia, loaded with Dry Goods, is aſhore to the Southward of Chincoteague.

The Ship Sally, Captain Rankin, in 7 Weeks from Newry, for this Port, is aſhore off Little Egg Harbour.

Captain Kerlin, from Jamaica, informs us, that the Sloop Mary Ann, Captain Vardill, arrived there from the Main on the 24th of April, and was to ſail for New-York about the 17th of laſt Month.

By Captain Doyle, in 30 Days from the Bay of Honduras we learn, that Captain Evans, in a Brig, belonging to New-York, ſailed for Amſterdam, a few Days before he came away.

Captain Fearis, from Jamaica, on the 15th ult. in Lat. 21: 13, ſpoke the Brig Mansfield, Captain Hervey, of this Port, bound to Briſtol from Jamaica, and kept Company with him till the 23d; on the 20th, off the Havanna, Captain Mansfield ſprung the Head of his Foremaſt, but got it ſecured, ſo that he could carry Sail; in Lat. 22: 26, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Dennis, from the Bay for New-York, out 14 Days; and on the firſt Inſtant, he ſpoke a Snow, Captain Foxiſs, from Virginia for Glaſgow, three Days out.

By Captain Miller, from Jamaica, we have Advice, that about the 5th of May, the Ship Minerva, Captain Smith, of and for Briſtol, lying in Martha Brea Harbour, full loaded, and ready for ſailing, was burnt down to the Water's Edge, occaſioned by a Lad going to draw Rum, with a Candle in his Hand.---- The Ship Britannia, Captain Cunningham, for Rhode-Iſland, ſailed in Company with Captain Miller, with whom he parted on the 2d Inſtant, off Cape-Hatteras, all well.

On Sunday Night, the 22d of laſt Month, a Fire broke out in the Houſe of Mr. Richard Dickinſon, Watchmaker, in Mountholly, which entirely conſumed the ſame, together with all the Furniture, and every Thing therein, to a conſiderable Amount. The Fire had got to ſuch a Head before it was diſcovered, that Mr. Dickinſon, the only Perſon in the Houſe, narrowly eſcaped with his Life.

Saturday laſt one of the Lunaticks in the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, was found hanging in his Cell. He had torn his Shirt into Slips, tied them together, and by faſtening one End to the Bars of the Window, unhappily accompliſhed his untimely End.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia. Captains M'Ilvaine, and Cheevers, at Londonderry; M'Cutchon, at Belfaſt; Beatty, at Dublin; Semple, at Newry; and Captain M'Cormick, in the Bay of Honduras.

From New-York. Captains Lawrence, and Shoals, at Jamaica; and Captain Stewart, in the Bay of Honduras.

From Virginia. Captain Smith, at Jamaica.

*** The Piece, ſigned, A CHESTER COUNTY FARMER, is come to hand, and will be inſerted next Week.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Nancy, J. Watſon, Sloop John and Betſy, W. Bunting, and Schooner Old Plantation, L. Pettit, from Virginia. Brig Lovely Laſs, A. Wade, Brig Roſe, G. Ord, Snow Molly, W. Kerlin, Brig Eagle, M. Miller, and Brig Elizabeth, F. Fearis, Jamaica. Brig Charlotte, R. Biſſell, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Polly, R. Banks, Grenades, Schooner Sophia, J. Clarkſon, Maryland. Brig Juno, J. Caton, Hiſpaniola. Ship Molly, B. Alliſon, and Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, Antigua. Brig Dolphin, G. Stevenſon, S. Carolina. Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, Schooner Kenſington, F. Moon, and Schooner Poor Man's Friend, R. Short, N. Carolina. Sloop Grace, J. Doyle, Honduras. Schooner Betſy, C. Biddle, from New-Caſtle on Delaware.

OUTWARDS. *Brig Hetty, P. Oſborn, for London. Ship Britannia, J. Scott, Briſtol. Brig Lovely Laſs, A. Wade, Jamaica. Brig Abigail, J. Guitton, for Cork.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Kingſton, J. Rivers, to Grenades. Snow Hope, J. Gilliat, Liverpool. Snow Nancy, W. Rogerſon, Antigua. Sloop Charming Sally, E. Taylor, Newfoundland. Brig Aurora, D. M'Carthy. Cadiz. Brig Elizabeth, J. Jones, Liſbon. Sloop Abigail, G. Harriſon, Rhode-Iſland. Brig Betſy. Z. Hutchings, Halifax. Sloop Peggy, T. Euſtwick, and Brig Dolphin, D. M'Carthy, St. Kitts. Sloop Ranger, W. M'Culloch, Maryland. Sloop Molly, N. Stone, Boſton. Brig Repeal, W. Lawrence, Teneriffe. Schooner Poor Man's Friend, R. Short, N. Carolina. Sloop John and Betſy, W. Bunting, and Schooner Old Plantation, L. Pettit, Virginia. Brig Jenny, L. Simmons, to Montreal.*

*** The PUBLIC are cautioned to beware of Counterfeit EIGHT DOLLAR Maryland Bills, as ſome are paſſing amongſt us. They are not done with Printing Types, as the true Bills are; the Letters not ſo regular, and the Arms and Ornaments not ſo neatly finiſhed; they are alſo printed on double Paper, and the genuine Bills on ſingle Paper.----The whole of the Bill is pretty well imitated, but on a little Inſpection may eaſily be diſcovered.

☞ *Several of the Managers of the* Philadelphia Public Lottery *now on Foot, having ſold all their Proportion of Tickets in the firſt Claſs, and the remaining Managers having but very few left, have, on a View of this quick and extraordinary Sale, ſome Thoughts of ſhortening the Time by them appointed for drawing the ſaid firſt Claſs; and they are now rolling up the Numbers, Blanks and Prizes, in order to proceed: Such Perſons therefore, as are inclined to become Adventurers in this Lottery, are deſired to be ſpeedy in their Applications, leſt they be excluded, as orders for Tickets are daily coming to Hand from the neighbouring Governments. Thoſe few Tickets which are on hand are to be had of the Printers hereof, and of ſome of the Managers, if applied for in Time.*

Next Week will be publiſhed, and ſold by D. HALL, and W. SELLERS, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia*, the Second Edition of

LETTERS from a FARMER in *Pennſylvania*, to the INHABITANTS of the *BRITISH* COLONIES.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1768.

TO BE SOLD,

BY PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tueſday next, at one o' Clock in the Afternoon, at JOHN HART's new Vendue Store in Southwark, a large and neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, &c. &c. &c.

Abington, Sixth Month 6, 1768.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 20th day of the Sixth Month inſtant, being the Second Day of the week,

THE PLANTATION late of HUMPHREY WATERMAN, deceaſed, containing about 125 acres, of which 8 or 9 acres are meadow ground, and about 30 acres woodland, ſituate in Abington townſhip, about ten miles from Philadelphia, on the Great Road from Frankford to Fletcher's mill. There is a convenient dwelling-houſe, kitchen, barn, ſtable and ſpring-houſe, built thereon, and is near ſeveral places of worſhip and merchant mills. The ſale to be held on the ſaid plantation, to begin at twelve o'clock, and ſeveral years credit will be allowed to the purchaſer for one half of the money, on his giving ſecurity for payment thereof, with Intereſt. The preſent tenant will deliver up the place either this fall or next ſpring, as may be agreed on at the time of ſale.

For DUBLIN,

The SHIP *NEWRY PACKET*, JAMES MONTGOMERY, MASTER;

Has good Accommodations for Paſſengers; is expected to ſail in three Weeks, the greateſt Part of her Cargoe being ready. For Freight or Paſſage apply to SAMUEL FISHER, JOSEPH DONALDSON, and JOHN PRINGLE, or ſaid Maſter, at the London Coffee-Houſe.

N. B. There are to be diſpoſed of on board ſaid Veſſel a few likely, healthy Men, Women and Boys, indented Servants, and a Parcel of Iron and Wood Hoop Water Caſk.

To be SOLD by public vendue,

ON the 22d inſtant, at the parſonage houſe of Wicacoa, near the Swediſh church, viz. A pair of large bay horſes, well uſed to a carriage, one of them is a good riding horſe, a four wheel carriage (the body new) and ſerves for a ſleigh in winter, with a good pair of ſleigh runners, and a light waggon. Alſo good houſhold furniture, a new book caſe, deſks, tables, chairs, looking glaſſes, beds, bedſteads, bed curtains, copper, pewter, china, garden tools, &c. &c. The vendue to begin at 10 of the clock that morning, or the next day, if the weather ſhould not be good.

Alſo at the London Coffee-houſe, on the 26th following, at 6 of the clock in the evening, 3 acres, and 65 perches, of low meadow ground, lying on the road to Glouceſter, on the left ſide going down; the ſame that was Jacob Duche's Eſq; afterwards Mr Charles Stedman's; is well fenced, and will probably give a good crop of hay. The purchaſer may have twelve months to pay for the ſame, giving ſecurity, with intereſt, or it will be ſold at private ſale by C. M. WRANGEL.

The ſubſcriber intending for Sweden, has for ſale, a Negroe man, who underſtands farming, has for ſome years drove a carriage, and attended his horſes, is handy in a family; alſo a Negroe woman, and a female child, 16 months old; the wench underſtands country work, is a good cook; they are both ſober and orderly, and can be well recommended; they are at liberty to chuſe their maſters, and will be ſold reaſonable, if they prove willing for their places.

THE LIBRARY of a Gentleman, lately deceaſed, conſiſting of a valuable Collection of Law----Hiſtory---- and Entertainment,--- will begin to be ſold, by Auction, by ROBERT BELL, BOOKSELLER and AUCTIONIER,---- on Monday next, being the 13th of June, 1768, ---at the Uppermoſt Vendue-Houſe, in Second-ſtreet, near Vine-ſtreet.---- Hours of Sale from 4 o' Clock till 7 o' Clock each Evening.--- Catalogues to be had at Mr. EMERSON's, in Market-ſtreet, near the River. ‡

Glouceſter County, June 6, 1768.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 4th inſtant, a Negroe man, named JACOB, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, has ſharp filed teeth, is apt to ſtutter if he talks faſt; had on, and took away with him, a brown bearſkin jacket, a ſhort brown kerſey under ditto, with ſleeves, one check ſhirt and trowſers, and one tow ſhirt and trowſers, half worn ſhoes, a ſpotted red ſilk hankerchief, and half worn felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM COOPER. ‖

N. B. All perſons are forbid to harbour or conceal ſaid Negroe, as they may depend on being proſecuted as the law directs.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method to inform the public, that he has removed to Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, where he formerly lived, and intends to carry on the weaving of diaper, and figured coverlids, double and ſingle; alſo camblets, calimancoes, &c. and moſt ſorts of ſtuffs that come from England. And as he intends to carry on the buſineſs in the beſt manner, would be very much obliged to his former cuſtomers, and others, to oblige him with their cuſtom, and they may depend upon being ſerved with good work, and quick diſpatch, by their humble ſervant, JOHN THOMPSON, from Dublin. ¶

SARAH HAY, from New-York,

HAS opened a BOARDING-SCHOOL, in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Front-ſtreets, where ſhe takes boarding and day ſcholars, and teaches reading in the moſt perfect manner, repeating, pſalmody, and all ſorts of plain work, Dreſden, crown, net, and coloured work, and takes particular care to implant the principles of religion and virtue in the minds of the children, to render them capable to receive good impreſſions, and teaches them a proper manner of ſpeaking and genteel behaviour: Her prices will be very reaſonable, and the ladies that favour her with their children, may depend on her utmoſt care in improving them.

ELIAS BOTNER, Sadler,

Lately removed to the ſign of the Hunting Side Saddle, in Market-ſtreet, four doors above the corner of Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

MAKES and ſells all ſorts of men and womens ſaddles, alſo ſurcingles, holſters, petticoat ditto, ſaddle bags, boot ſtraps, of various kinds, bridles, houſings, likewiſe coach and chair harneſs, of all kinds, cart gears, collars, blind halters, &c. gears for ſingle or double teams, fire buckets, jockey caps. Thoſe gentlemen and ladies that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved with the above articles, at the moſt reaſonable rates that can be afforded, and with the greateſt care and diſpatch.

SAMUEL WHEELER, CUTLER,

At the Sign of the HAND AND SICKLE, a few Doors above the Church, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

HAS for Sale, a Quantity of SCYTHES and SICKLES, of his own making. They may alſo be had at his Houſe, the Sign of the SCYTHE, in Church-Alley. He alſo makes any Kind of Iron Work for the Weſt-Indies, or elſewhere. §

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Wedneſday, the 15th Inſtant, at 2 o' Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, by the Subſcribers, Aſſignees of the Eſtate of Joſiah Jenkins, Cooper,

A GOOD 2 ſtory Brick Houſe, and Kitchen, with a large Room on a Floor, ſituate in Queen-ſtreet, Southwark, with a Variety of Houſhold Furniture; and alſo his Tools, ſuitable for a Cooper.---- Likewiſe, one Lot of Ground, containing one Acre and 30 Perches, ſituate between Chriſtiana Bridge and the Head of Elk River, New-Caſtle County. The Conditions to be made known, at the Time of Sale, by AARON MUSGRAVE, *and* CHARLES WOOLFALL. ‖

TO BE LETT,

A LARGE well finiſhed two ſtory houſe, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Delaware, near the Three Stores, or Kenſington, 3 good rooms on a floor, entry, piazza and kitchen, convenient yard, well regulated, large garden, under good board fence; one acre of good ground, adjoining ſaid dwelling-houſe, whereon is erected ſtabling for four horſes, with conveniencies for carriages of any kind.

N. B. Said houſe will be LETT either with or without the laſt mentioned lot and ſtabling. Enquire of the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, WILLIAM MASTERS.

To be LETT by the Subſcriber,

A COMMODIOUS ROOM, 45 by 25 feet, (ſtory 12 feet high) well calculated for a ſchool, having the advantage of light all round, ſituate oppoſite Union-ſtreet, in Fourth-ſtreet. For terms apply to § THOMAS NEVELL.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY young man ſlave, about 18 years of age, has had the ſmall pox, and is fit for country buſineſs. For further particulars, apply to the ſubſcriber in Water-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Andrew Hodge, or Mr. Vanderſpeigle.

§ EDWARD IRELAND.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 8th of May laſt, a Welch ſervant lad, about 18 years of age, named Thomas Williams, but it is likely he may change his name, as he has done heretofore; he is about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, round faced, black curled hair, had on when he went away, a ſhort grey homeſpun coat, a jacket without ſleeves, the fore parts blue, and the back parts red, a felt hat, old leather breeches, and had with him a pair of black knit breeches, patched on the knees, an ozenbrigs ſhirt, old ſhoes and ſtockings; he is ſuſpected of ſetting an houſe on fire, which is ſuppoſed to be the cauſe of his running away. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may have him again, or he brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, paid by me PETER IMLAY. ⊕

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Cumberland county, near Carliſle, on the 19th of May laſt, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JESSE HARRIS, 30 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, with ſhort black hair; had on and took with him, when he went away, a good beaver hat, a brown coat, trimmed with black buttons, a blue velvet lapelled jacket, with gilt buttons, a pair of new buckſkin breeches, new pumps, and ſilver carved buckles, a coarſe tow ſhirt, and blue yarn ſtockings. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me ⊕ JEREMIAH REESE.

N. B. He is very much addicted to drinking and quarrelling.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in York county, Hopewell townſhip, on the 6th day of April laſt, a bay MARE, about 8 years old, natural pacer, cut mane, branded on the near ſhoulder N T in a piece. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JAMES SAVAGE.

A Parcel of FRESH LISBON LEMONS, and a few Bottles of *OLIVE OYL*, To be SOLD by CHEW, CLAYTON and CHEW. ‖

TO BE LETT,

A COMMODIOUS brick houſe, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, with a ſtable, horſe ſhed, and ſalt ſtores, now in the tenure of Thomas Dunn, Eſq; at Chriſtiana Bridge, in the county of New-Caſtle, is very convenient for a ſtore, and the ſituation is much more healthy than any other in the place. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. DUNN, or of ROBERT MONTGOMERY, in Philadelphia.

Who has for ſale, at his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, a few cheſts of bohea tea, ſome packs of beaver and raccoon ſkins, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24, and 30d. nails, 9 by 7, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, and 12 by 10 window glaſs, ſome crates of ſide glaſs, Cheſhire, ſingle and double Glouceſterſhire cheeſes, and a few crates of ſtone ware and wine glaſs, with ſundry other articles.

Robert Montgomery once more deſires all thoſe that are indebted, either to the eſtate of Thomas Montgomery, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, or to the late partnerſhip of Thomas Montgomery and Son, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, or he will be under the neceſſity of employing an attorney to recover the ſame.

To be LETT, for a Term of Years, and may be entered on immediately, or in September next,

THE Houſe, Store, and 160 Acres of Land, at Chriſtiana Bridge, where Mr. Thomas Montgomery, Merchant, late of this City, formerly lived. For further Particulars, enquire of THOMAS BENNET, Eſq; on the Premiſes, or of JOHN WILLDAY, in Philadelphia.

TO BE SOLD, by

By PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 7th day of July next, at the London Coffee-House, in Philadelphia (the sale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon)

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 200 acres, situate in the Western Liberties of the city of Philadelphia; bounded on the east, with the river Schuylkill, on the north with High-street, or Conestogoe road, and Marshall's road, in part on the west, with a road leading from the Conestogoe road to Darby road, and bounded with the line of Mr. William Hamilton, and from thence on the south, along the line of said Mr. Hamilton, to the river Schuylkill;-------- there are upon this plantation, a commodious large brick house, two stories high, forty feet by thirty eight, with stabling, &c. near 100 acres of cleared land, 16 acres in banked meadow, the banks in good repair, 10 acres of upland meadow, and the rest as fertile to the farmer as any in the province, and the remainder is well wooded; several springs of water in it (along which may be made a quantity of watered meadow) which unite about one quarter of a mile from where they are embraced by the river Schuylkill. This plantation may be said, without vanity, to suit the gentleman, the farmer, or the grazier, and nothing but the READY MONEY must expect to get it, upon which a good title will be made by RICHARD GARDINER.

N. B. And, on the 9th day following, on the primises, will be sold, sundry HOUSHOLD GOODS; a number of cows and young cattle; horses, sheep, hogs, implements of husbandry, &c. The sale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on said day. R. G.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

ABSCONDED from Woodberry, in the county of Gloucester, and western division of the province of New-Jersey, the usual place of his abode, a certain NATHAN COLLINS, about 34 years of age, and about 5 feet 10 inches high, wore his own straight black hair, brown eyed, black eyebrows, thin faced, fresh coloured, and slender built, very talkative, and boasts much of his valour when a provincial soldier; his cloathing cannot be particularly described, as he took several sorts with him, chiefly pretty good, and it is supposed he had a considerable sum of money with him. He also enticed away, and took with him, an apprentice boy, named JOSEPH SHARP, about 5 feet 10 inches high, 18 years of age, wore his own light brown hair, down look, and well set; had on, when he went away, a good hat, ozenbrigs shirt, leather breeches, a sailor's nap vest, blue yarn stockings, and a pair of new pumps. Whoever takes up and secures said COLLINS and SHARP, so that the subscriber may have them again, shall have EIGHT POUNDS for Collins, and FORTY SHILLINGS for Sharp, paid by WILLIAM DOWNS. ¶

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On Saturday, the 11th day of June inst. at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at Lodwick Kuhn's, in Kensington,

ONE lot of ground, containing 3 acres and 77 perches, on which is a good convenient brick house, several kinds of fruit trees, and other improvements.---One other lot of ground, situate on Gunner's Run, and fronting on Prince and Duke-streets; this lot contains 3 acres and 65 perches, of which 1 acre is meadow ground.----Nine other lots of ground, fronting on Wood-street, 66 feet front each, and 396 feet deep; these lots are high upland, and pleasantly situated.----One other lot of ground, containing 3 acres and 12 perches, 1 acre and 140 perches of which is meadow, the remainder upland; this lot fronts on Wood-street, and joins Prince-street, and John Chevalier's ground.

All the above lots are situate in a healthy and agreeable part of Kensington.---Plans thereof may be seen at the place of sale; at Mr. Alexander Allair's, in Race-street; or, of Samuel Palmer, in Arch-street, Philadelphia, who will inform them of the titles, terms of sale, &c. ‖

TO be SOLD at public sale, at the London Coffee-House, on Tuesday, the 14th of this instant June, at 6 o' clock in the evening, if not sold before at private sale, A house, and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Second-street, containing in front, on said street, 14 feet 6 inches, and extending back 80 feet, to a 3 feet alley, leading into Arch-street; the house is 40 feet deep, carried up in the back 3 story high with brick, and in the front two story, with two garrets, also a good brick kitchen; subject to a groundrent of Two Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, Pennsylvania currency, per annum; now rented for 50l. per annum; bounded on the north by the house Mr. Cornelius Bradford lives in, and on the south by Mr. Samuel Cheeseman's house.

Also at the same time and place, a lot of ground in Shippen's Lane, near the Lower Ferry road, about two miles from the Court-house, containing 3 acres and 3 quarters, in good fence, adjoining to Mr. Thomas Lightfoot's, with a two story frame house on it 16 feet square, which, with the land, letts for 14 l. per annum. There is also a small brick summer-house thereon. The whole subject to a groundrent of Five Pounds Sterling, and is now leased for three years and a half to come.

Likewise to be sold at the same place, on the 27th day of June, if not sold before at private sale, a three story brick house and lot, on the north side of Market-street, near the corner of Second-street, containing in front, on said street, 16 feet 6 inches, including a 3 feet alley, over which the house is built, and in length 102 feet. The house is 36 feet deep, with a brick kitchen, one story, and a small apartment, two stories high, between the house and kitchen; there is also at the end of said lot, a 2 story brick tenement, 16 feet by 15; bounded westward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, eastward by Hugh Hodge's house and lot, and westward by the following house and lot, to be also sold at the same time, viz. a two story wooden house and lot, containing in breadth 10 feet, and in length 102 feet; the house is 40 feet deep, with a two story brick kitchen, and a small two story brick tenement on the end of the lot, 10 feet by 15; bounded westward by a house and lot late of James M'Cullough, and northward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, now in the tenure of the widow Coombes, and letts for 30 l. per annum. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH REDMAN, in Market-street, or Dr. JOHN REDMAN, in Second-street.

N. B. The three Story Brick House is subject to a Groundrent of Twelve Pounds Currency per Annum.

Philadelphia, May 30, 1768.

For *LONDON,*

The SHIP
MADEIRA PACKET,
ISAAC ALL, Master;
Has good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail in Twelve Days, having great Part of her Cargoe ready to put on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to JAMES, THOMAS, or JOHN WHARTON; or to the Captain on board said Ship, now lying near Chestnut-street Wharff. ¶

To be SOLD on Saturday, the 11th of June, at 7 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House,

TEN lots of ground, containing 20 feet each on Spring-street, and extending 120 feet in depth, bounded by land of John Smith, and others, situate in Spring-Garden, in the Northern Liberties. ¶

LISBON and MOUNTAIN WINES, and WEST-INDIA RUM, to be sold by *ALEXANDER STUART*, on the North-side of *Market-street* Wharff. ¶

TO BE SOLD,
By STEPHEN COLLINS,
At his Store in Second-street, opposite the Church,

TAYLOR's THREAD, manufactured at the House of Employment, in PHILADELPHIA, by Abraham Shelly, of a superior Quality to what is imported from England.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 10th day of June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at Jacob Mires, innkeeper, a certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, lying and being in the township of Bedminster, bounded by Durham road, lands of James Love, and others, containing 100 acres, with a log house and bearing orchard, &c. late the property of Henry Clymer; seized and taken in execution, and sold by ‡ WILLIAM BUCKMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 9th day of June, at the London Coffee-house, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, a lot of ground, situate on the east-side of Front-street, between High-street, and Mulberry-streets, containing in breadth on Front-street, about 15 feet, and extending back to Water-street, 46 feet, having a two story brick dwelling-house on Front-street, and a four story brick dwelling-house on Water-street erected thereon, the whole lot being subject to a quitrent of Fifteen Shillings sterling, and a groundrent of Nineteen Shillings and Eight-pence currency per annum; late the estate of Richard Swan; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 10th day of June, at the house of Joseph Ogden, at the sign of the Cross Keys, in Chestnut-street, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, a lot of ground, with a two story dwelling-house erected thereon, situate on the south side of Walnut-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, containing in front on Walnut-street, 22 feet 9 inches, and in depth 100 feet, bounded by lands of William Cox, Esq; William Brown, and John Knowles; late the estate of Israel Morris; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 11th of June, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the house of Elijah Weed, at the sign of King George, the corner of Fourth and Mulberry-streets, two undivided third parts, the whole into three equal parts to be divided, of and in a certain lot of ground, situate on the north side of Mulberry-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in front on said street, 17 feet, and extending thence to Apple-tree Alley, 140 feet, having two two story brick, and a frame messuage thereon erected; late the property of John Bastick; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 13th day of June, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the house of Isaac Williams, in Front-street, a certain messuage, or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the north side of Plumb-street, in the district of Southwark, containing in front, and on said street, 37 feet, and in length or depth 90 feet, or thereabouts, adjoining ground late of John Armit, deceased, Luke Morris, and Abraham Judah, deceased; late the property of Caleb Jones, and to be sold by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 13th day of June, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the house of Isaac Williams, in Front-street, A certain messuage and lot of ground, situate on the north side of a three perch street, extending into Passyunk road, near the southern bounds of the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth on the said street 100 feet, and on the north end thereof, on a 7 feet alley, 103 feet, and in length or depth 180 feet; adjoining ground of Ebenezer Call, and ground belonging to the estate of William Spafford deceased; subject to a groundrent of Twenty Spanish Pieces of Eight per annum; late the estate of Peter Broades and wife, and to be sold by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Leacock Township, Lancaster County, May 18, 1768.

STOLEN, last Night, out of the Subscriber's Pasture, a light bay Horse, about 6 Years old, a natural Pacer, has a Star in his Forehead, rather in the off Side of his Head, both his hind Feet white, and is about 15 Hands high. Whoever takes up said Horse and Thief, shall have SIX POUNDS Reward for both, or FOUR POUNDS for the Horse alone, and reasonable Charges, paid by PETER SHARP. †

To be SOLD for ready Money only,

At the house of Mr. Peter Steenberger, in Rumney, Hampshire county, Virginia, on Friday, the 12th of August next, if any court shall be held in that month for the said county, and if no court shall be then held, then on Friday, the 16th of September thereafter,

A CERTAIN plantation, or tract of land, situate on the south branch of Patowmack, in the said county of Hampshire, and joining Mr. Relfe's salt-petre works, containing 374 acres (including three surveys of 165, 185 and 24 acres) being the plantation whereon Mr. Steenberger formerly lived; the land is in general good, extremely well timbered, and contains a large quantity of bottom, and, it is expected, some valuable banks of salt-petre.

Also one other tract of 400 acres, joining Col. Abraham Hite, in the said county, which is also very valuable, being well watered, and containing near 300 acres of low land, fit for meadow, &c. Any person inclining to purchase, may be informed of further particulars, by applying to the said Steenberger, who will shew the lands, or to the subscriber in Winchester,

¶ ALEXANDER WHITE.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

By way of public vendue, on Monday, the 13th of June inst. if not sold by private sale before,

A VALUABLE tract of land, in Evesham, containing about 1600 acres, divided into lots suitable for plantations, with sufficient quantity of meadow ground, and cleared meadow to each lot, and lies open to a very great range, which never will be interrupted, and will keep cattle till the second crop of grass is grown; on one of said lots a good grist-mill, that has water to grind 100 bushels of any sort of grain every day the year round, when kept in order, and is well situated for Custom; also a good saw-mill, which will make 1001. a year in cutting other peoples timber, and is on the same dam with the grist-mill; the whole estate would make a beautiful country seat for a gentleman, and is two miles and an half from Colonel Read's iron-works, 18 from Philadelphia, and 15 miles from Burlington. Also about 3000 acres of pine land, adjoining the aforesaid lands. The payments will be made easy; one third of the money to be paid down, on executing the deed, with interest from the day of sale; the rest may have longer time, with interest, and giving security, if required. Any person inclining to purchase any part, is invited to come and view the premises before the day of sale. The vendue to begin at ten o' clock, where good attendance will be given by DAVID OLIPHANT.

N. B. Great bargains to be had here. §

Just imported in the Unity, Capt. Story, and the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London; also in the Nancy, Captain Rogerson, from Liverpool; and to be sold, on the most reasonable Terms, for Cash or short Credit, by

STEPHEN COLLINS,
At his Store in Second-street, nearly opposite the English Church,

A GOOD and large Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable for the Season. 2 M.

BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Thursday, the 23d Day of June inst. will be exposed to Sale, at the London Coffee-House, to begin at 7 o' Clock in the Evening, the following Houses, and Lots of Land, viz.

A TWO Story Brick Messuage, Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground, situate on the West Side of Moravian-Alley or Bread-street, in the said City; containing in Front, on Moravian-Alley, about 17 Feet (including the Moiety of a 3 Feet Alley, which the Premises hath the Privilege of) the Depth of the Lot is about 75 Feet; the House hath two spacious Rooms on each Floor, a good Cellar and Garrets, and a pailed Garden: The Whole subject to a Groundrent of 16s 6 Sterl. per Annum.

Also, one other two Story Brick Messuage, Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground, bounded on the North by the above described, on the East by Moravian-Alley aforesaid, on the South by Quarry-street, and on the West by Benjamin Morgan's Ground; the House contains in Front, on Moravian-Alley, about 17 Feet, and the Lot in Depth, on said Quarry-street, about 54 Feet, hath 2 good Rooms on each Floor, besides a convenient Cellar, and Garrets; subject to a Groundrent of 12s 6 Sterling, per Annum. The said Houses now rent for 20l. per Ann. each.

A large and very valuable Lot of Ground, containing one Half of a City-Square, situate opposite the Front of the Center-House in this City; contains in Breadth, on Spruce and Pine-streets, 264 Feet, and in Depth, on Broad-street, 468 Feet.----

N. B. *Broad-street is the Capital North and South Street of the City, according to the Plan.*

Also the following Parcels of LAND in Passyunk, clear of Groundrent, viz.

No. 1. That most pleasant and beautiful situated Lot, on the Bank of the River Schuylkill, containing in Breadth along the River, 11 Pole and 2 Tenths of a Pole, and in Depth, up Passyunk Road, 30 Perches; on which is erected, a large two Story Frame Building, clapboarded, under which is a Cellar; there is a Frame Kitchen, likewise on the Lot, near the House. The Whole of the Improvements, though valuable, are unfinished: The extensive Prospect the Premises command along the River, and a vast Country beyond it, most of which consist of delightful Meadows, renders it excellently well adapted for a Gentleman's Country Seat, or an House of Entertainment, and merits the Attention of any Persons who may be Strangers to it, and are desirous of purchasing.

No. 2. and 3. Each one moiety or half part of an almost square Pasture Lot, situated at a small Distance from the aforesaid, on the easterly Side of Passyunk Road, containing 5 Acres and 155 Perches, has been limed at a considerable Expence, and is of a very fertile Soil.---These might well suit the Purchaser of No. 1.

No. 4. and 5. Each one Moiety or Half Part of a Lot on the easterly Side of Rouse's Road, containing 13 Acres and 127 Perches, on which are two Log Houses, one falling into each Moiety; bounded by Lands of Doctor Moore, and others; the Crop on the Ground will not be included in the Sale.

Terms.----One Third of the Purchase Money to be paid immediately; one other Third in 9 Months; and the remaining Third in 18 Months, giving Security, if required, and paying Interest from the Day of Sale; Discount will be allowed for previous Payment of any considerable Part of the credited Sums, at 6 per Cent. Plans may be seen at the London Coffee-House; and at John Everley's Tavern, on Passyunk Bank.---Titles will be made by the Subscribers, as Trustees of the real Estate of the Reverend William Sturgeon, and Hannah his Wife.

RICHARD PETERS,
HUGH ROBERTS,
DANIEL RUNDLE,
JOHN MURGATROYD.

Either of the Trustees may be treated with, for the Whole, or any Part of the above Estate, before the Day of Sale.

*** Those Persons who have not delivered in their Accounts against the Reverend Mr. Sturgeon, for Contracts before the 25th November last, are again requested to do it.

To be LETT, or SOLD,

A NEW brick house, and back buildings, with a Carpenter's shop and stable, at the end of the lot, situate on the South-East corner of Fourth and Vine-streets. If sold, the purchaser may have time to pay the money, giving good security.

For terms enquire of JOSEPH SIMS below the Drawbridge.

N. B. Said SIMS has a copper still, that will hold about 11 or 12 hundred gallons, with a worm for ditto, which he will sell upon very reasonable terms. §

ISAAC GRAY,

In Chestnut-street, near Strawberry Alley, has for Sale,

Philadelphia bottled BEER, and CYDER.

LIKEWISE,

LONDON Loaf Sugar, Cheshire and Gloucester CHEESE, Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Muscovado Sugar, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Cotton, Indigo, PEPPER, Kegs of Raisins, and Bar Lead.

ALSO, Old Jamaica Spirit, bottled Claret, Madeira and Lisbon Wine, either in Bottles, by the Gallon, or Quarter Cask, and a few Dozen of Kenton's London Porter. ¶ 6 W.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 10th of May inst. from the subscriber, living in Frederick county, Maryland, the two following convicts, viz. JAMES DOBY, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, he has black hair, tied, a very large beard, somewhat grey, and is pitted with the small-pox; had on, and took with him, two cotton, and one white broadcloth, waistcoats, a pair of old cotton breeches, black yarn stockings, ozenbrigs shirt, country made shoes, and a new felt hat; he is a sly artful fellow, very talkative when spoke to, and is a piece of a sailor. THOMAS GOOD, by trade a miller, a lusty well looking fellow, about 35 years of age, of a dark complexion, and about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, born in the north of England, and speaks broad; had on, and took with him, a Russia drab frock and breeches, an old cotton jacket, white broadcloth ditto, white yarn and grey worsted stockings, country made shoes, with strings, two ozenbrigs and two white shirts, and a grey cut wig: It is supposed they have wrote themselves a pass, as they were seen writing. Whoever will apprehend and secure the said servants, so that their master gets them again, shall have the above reward, of

‡ 6 w. CHARLES GREENBURY GRIFFITH.

LISBON WINE

To be sold by
GARRETT and GEORGE MEADE.

WILLIAM JACKSON,

Is removed from the Store he had near the Drawbridge, to the Store lately occupied by Messieurs Baynton, Wharton and Morgan, a few Doors above Walnut-street, in Water-street,

WHERE he has for Sale, Jamaica Spirits, West-India and Philadelphia Rum, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Melasses, Tea, Coffee, Pepper, Allspice, best French Indigo, sundry Sorts of Dye-stuffs, &c. &c. ¶ 6W.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

June 16, 1768. NUMB. 2060.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Cheſter County, June 6, 1768.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

BEING obliged to attend our laſt Court, on particular Buſineſs, I ſpent the Evening with a Number of my Neighbours, and others of this County, who happened to be there; when the Subject of our Converſation was on the Letters lately publiſhed in your uſeful circulating Paper. It was very clear to us, that thoſe Letters were wrote by different Hands. The firſt, dated *Lancaſter County, May* 5, ſigned a *Trueborn American*, in your Paper of *May* 12, we were unanimouſly of Opinion that, altho' it is dated as from *Lancaſter*, it muſt have been wrote by ſome *Boſton* Factor in your City; and that however he laments the Conduct of your Merchants, in not joining in with the Propoſals and Schemes of the People of *Boſton*, and earneſtly preſſes them to it, we could not join him in his Cenſure, having ſo high a Sentiment of the Prudence, and great Knowledge in Trade, of the Merchants in your City, as to be aſſured, they muſt have diſcovered ſome ſecret Intentions in the *New-England* Scheme, that would be very diſadvantageous to the Trade of this Province; and when we compared the flouriſhing and great Increaſe of *our Trade*, with the various accounts we have heard of *their long declining State*, it ſpeaks ſo loudly in Favour of your Merchants Oeconomy, that *they* cannot be thought to be on any equal Footing. As to the Author of the Letter, with the many Queries, inſerted in your laſt Week's Paper, dated *L-------r C----y, May* 30, we looked on him as a Perſon that was either totally ignorant of, or had not recollected what had ſo lately paſſed among us, otherwiſe he muſt have remembered, that when the Accounts were received, of the paſſing that odious Stamp-Act, ſo deteſtable to every truly ſpirited American, the People of your City in particular, were ſo rouſed to a proper Reſentment, that they entered generally into Schemes to encourage Manufactures among ourſelves, and many agreed *to wear no Clothes, but thoſe of the Manufactures of the Colonies*; and in order to increaſe the Number of Sheep, and thereby Wool among us, they further agreed *not to buy any Lamb that ſhould be brought to your Markets*. This Reſolution in a great Meaſure anſwered the deſired good End. The Number of our Sheep were greatly encreaſed that Year, and from this laudable Spirit which your People ſhewed, and the Encouragement given, the Farmers of this and the neighbouring Counties, were ſo animated with the ſame Zeal, that they improved their Paſture Grounds; endeavoured to get the beſt Breed of Sheep for Wool; encouraged all ſuch Weavers who had Looms fixed for Work, to get the beſt Spinners, and ſuch who had laid by their Looms for ſome Years, were alſo encouraged to fix them up again, that in a ſhort Time many Pieces of very good Cloth, Camblets, Saggathies, Callimancoes, and ſuch like, very ſuitable for decently cloathing both Men and Women, were taken to your City for Sale, and *before the Repeal of the Stamp-Act*, they met with a ready Sale, with an encouraging ſmall Profit. As this was then the Caſe, and the pleaſing Accounts came to be reported through the different Counties, more Looms were erected, and the Number of Spinners encreaſed ſo faſt, that we had great Reaſon to believe the manufacturing of ſuitable Cloathing, both in Linen and Woollen, would, in a very few Years, have been ſo eſtabliſhed, as to have been ſufficient for all our Inhabitants. But how ſuddenly were all our Expectations blaſted, and our ſpirited Zeal for the Good of the Province damped! by ſeeing in our public Papers, *on the Repeal of this Stamp-Act*, an Agreement or Reſolution entered into by your Citizens, and publiſhed, *that on a certain fixed Day, every Perſon would clothe himſelf in European Manufactures*. By this ſudden ill-timed Reſolution, the many Pieces of Cloth, &c. left in Town of our own Manufactures for Sale, lay as a Drug, for Want of Buyers; our Weavers got diſpirited, and laid by their Looms, and our Spinners were obliged to ſeek other Employ.

As theſe Matters were the Subject of our Converſation that Evening, and are Facts well known to us all, I have committed them to Writing for your Peruſal, and if you think them worthy, you may give them a Place in your next Paper, with the Addition of one Query to the Author of the laſt mentioned Letter, in Behalf of myſelf, and all others concerned, that in caſe it ſhould be reſolved by your Citizens (whoſe Example the People in the Country will follow in this Reſpect) *that they will wear no other than the Manufactures of the Colonies*, and we thereby ſhould be animated with our former laudable Zeal, to increaſe the Number of our Sheep, and ſet all the Looms and Spinners again to Work, what Security he will give us, the Farmers and Weavers, of the ſeveral Counties in this Province, *that they will keep to their Reſolutions, and purchaſe and wear our different Manufactures, when ſent to Town for Sale?* As ſuch a Security will greatly add to our Encouragement, to improve our Grounds for feeding Sheep, and ſetting our Looms and Spinners to Work again.

A CHESTER COUNTY FARMER.

By the Harriot Packet, Captain OAK, *arrived at New-York, in ſix Weeks from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, *April* 21.

YESTERDAY morning Mr. Wilkes came from his apartments in Prince's-row, near Great George-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, in a chair to the Parliament Coffee-houſe, in Old Palace-yard, being preceded by three Gentlemen, who moſt preſſingly recommended ſilence and good order to the populace, as did Mr. Wilkes alſo from the chair. He ſtaid at the Coffee-houſe till the Court was ſet, when he went the back way into it, in order to ſurrender himſelf; and the following is

Mr. WILKES's *Speech to the Court of Kings Bench.*

"MY LORDS,

"According to the voluntary promiſe I made to the Public, I now appear before this Sovereign Court of Juſtice, to ſubmit myſelf in every thing to the laws of my Country.

"Two verdicts have been found againſt me. One is for the re-publication of the North Briton, No. 45, the other for the Publication of a ludicrous Poem.

"As to the re-publication of the number of the North Briton, I cannot yet ſee that there is the ſmalleſt degree of g----. I have often read and examined with care that famous paper. I know that it is in every part founded on the ſtrongeſt evidence of facts. I find it full of duty and reſpect to the perſon of the King, although it arraigns, in the ſevereſt manner, the conduct of his Majeſty's then miniſters, and brings very heavy charges home to them. I am perſuaded they were well grounded, becauſe every one of thoſe miniſters has ſince been removed. No one inſtance of falſhood has yet been pointed out in that pretended libel, nor was the word *falſe* in the information before this Court. I am therefore perfectly eaſy under every imputation reſpecting a paper, in which truth has guided the pen of the writer, whoever he was, in every ſingle line; and it is this circumſtance which has drawn on me, as the ſuppoſed author, all the cruelties of miniſterial vengeance.

"As to the other charge againſt me for the publication of a Poem, which has given juſt offence, I will aſſert that ſuch an idea never entered my mind. I bluſh again at the recollection that it has been at any time, and in any way brought to the public eye, and drawn from the obſcurity in which it remained under my roof. Twelve copies of a ſmall part of it had been printed in my houſe at my own private preſs. I had carefully locked them up, and I never gave one to the moſt intimate friend. Go------t, after the affair of the North Briton, bribed one of my ſervants to rob me of the copy, which was produced in the Houſe of Peers, and afterwards before this honourable Court. The nation was juſtly offended, but not with me, for it was evident that I had not been guilty of the leaſt offence to the public. I pray God to forgive, as I do, the Jury, who have found me guilty of publiſhing a Poem I concealed with care, and which is not even yet publiſhed, if any preciſe meaning can be affixed to any word in our language.

"But, my Lords, neither of the two Verdicts could have been found againſt me, if the records had not been materially altered without my conſent, and, as I am informed, contrary to l--. On the evening only before the two trials, ---- ---- ---- cauſed the records to be altered at his own houſe, againſt the conſent of my ſolicitor, and without my knowledge, for a dangerous illneſs, ariſing from an affair of honour, detained me at that time abroad. The alterations were of the utmoſt importance, and I was in conſequence tried the very next day on two new charges, of which I could know nothing. I will venture to declare this proceeding un------nal. I am adviſed that it is i----l, and that it renders both the verdicts abſolutely void.

"I have ſtood forth, my Lords, in ſupport of the laws againſt the arbitrary acts of miniſters. This Court of Juſtice, in a ſolemn appeal reſpecting *General Warrants*, ſhewed their ſenſe of my conduct. I ſhall continue to reverence the wiſe and mild ſyſtem of Engliſh laws, and this excellent conſtitution. I have been much miſrepreſented, but under every ſpecies of perſecution, I will remain firm and friendly to the monarchy, dutiful and affectionate to the illuſtrious Prince, who wears the crown, and to the whole Brunſwick line.

"As to all nice, intricate points of law, I am ſenſible how narrow and circumſcribed my ideas are, but I have experienced the deep knowledge, and great abilities of my counſel. With them I reſt the legal part of my defence, ſubmitting every point to the judgment of this honourable Court, and to the laws of England."

A reply was made to the circumſtance of the alteration of the record, and the occaſion explained. His ſurrender was not accepted: The matter was argued by counſel a conſiderable time; and, we hear, that the ſenſe of the Court was, that as he did not appear there by virtue of a Capias Utlagatum, or any other proceſs, nor by ſurrender to the Sheriff, they ſhould decline taking cognizance of the matter, as not coming before them in the proper and legal manner.

About two o'clock Mr. Wilkes left the Court, and withdrew to the Coffee-houſe, for ſome time; and afterwards, with his Brother and two Gentlemen, he went in a Hackney-coach over Weſtminſter-bridge into Surry, attended by a great multitude of people, who obſerved good order.

Notwithſtanding there was a great crowd of people in Weſtminſter-hall, there was not the leaſt diſturbance or interruption to the public peace, the hall and entrance into court, being lined by the conſtables under the immediate direction and inſpection of Juſtice Welſh, and the other magiſtrates of Weſtminſter. The Judges, &c. were indeed attended to Weſtminſter-hall, by a greater number of conſtables than uſual, and the conſtables and beadles in the city of Weſtminſter, mounted guard at the Watch-houſes, but no crowd nor noiſe; though we are informed great numbers left the town, for fear of riots.

Two battalions of the guards lay on their arms in St. James's-park, others were in St. George's fields; alſo thoſe at St. James's, the Savoy, and the Tower, were all kept in readineſs to march at a minute's warning; as were alſo ſeveral troops of horſe, in caſe of any diſturbance. Proper precautions were likewiſe taken in the City, by the conſtables, &c. being ordered to be in readineſs; all of whom, both in Weſtminſter and the City, together with the military, were ordered to be in waiting till two o'clock this morning.

Yeſterday information was given to the Lord Mayor, that ſome perſons, at a public houſe near Duke's Place, were preparing to aſſemble a mob, as ſuppoſed, to patrol the ſtreets in a riotous manner; upon which proper officers were ſent thither, who took two men out of the houſe, who had a blue flag, with No. 45, &c. upon it, and a hanger and hatchet lying on the table. The men were ſent to the Poultry Compter, for want of bail.

We are informed, that yeſterday afternoon a writ of *Capias Utlagatum* was iſſued againſt John Wilkes, Eſq, on which he is taken into cuſtody; and that the proceedings on the writ of error will ſoon be argued.

April 23. The following is an exact Copy of a Letter ſent to every Freeholder for the County of Middleſex, who voted for Mr. Wilkes.

"SIR, March 30, 1768.

"INTENDING myſelf, very ſoon, the Pleaſure of thanking you in Perſon for the diſtinguiſhed Honour you have done me, by appearing in my Behalf at the late Election, I beg Leave, in the mean time, to aſſure you of my ſincere Attachment to your Intereſts, and of the due Senſe I ſhall ever retain of the Obligation you have conferred on

Your very humble Servant,
JOHN WILKES."

It is ſaid three writs of error were taken out by Mr. Wilkes; one on the general proceedings; one on the outlawry, and one on the proceedings againſt him for the North-Briton, No. 45.

By the 4 and 5 W. and M. c. 18. "If any perſon is taken up on a *Capias Utlagatum* (except in treaſon or felony) the Sheriff, where ſpecial bail is not required, may take an Attorney's engagement to appear for him, and may thereupon diſcharge the Defendant: And where ſpecial bail is required, he ſhall take the Defendant's bond, with one or more Sureties, &c. to appear by attorney, and then may diſcharge him."

Wedneſday, as Mr. Wilkes was going in a Hackney coach from Weſtminſter-Hall, the mob ſtopt the coach, and were going to unlooſe the horſes, in order to draw it themſelves; but Mr. Wilkes put his head out of one of the windows, and told them, that as he was in haſte, he would be much obliged to them to let the horſes draw the coach; which, with ſome reluctance, they complied with.

Orders were iſſued out again yeſterday for the City Marſhals, Beadles, Conſtables, &c. of this City, to do duty in the ſame manner as they did the preceding evening.

Mr. Wilkes's Counſel were unanimous againſt his appearing in perſon, on Wedneſday, before the Court of King's Bench, and told him, that he could not fail of being immediately committed, although they would move for bail; they ſtrongly adviſed putting in an appearance by Attorney, and even *proteſted*, as Counſel, againſt his going in perſon, from the apprehenſion of the conſequences: Mr. Wilkes ſaid, that what they adviſed, was certainly more ſafe, and might be more prudent, but he had given his word to the Public, that he would appear in perſon, and therefore no conſequences, of any kind, ſhould make him forfeit his Honour; but in every other point, he would be guided by their advice.

The people growing exceedingly impatient and clamorous for the appearance of Mr. Wilkes, and ſome crying out, "No, no, he will never come;" a man got up on another's ſhoulders, and ſaid, "Gentlemen, Wilkes has promiſed to come, and, by ---, if he was ſure of being hanged the hour after, and he had promiſed to come, I know he would come."

It is certain that Mr. Wilkes has not yet been taken into cuſtody, although the Capias Utlagatum was iſſued.

It was lately publicly aſſerted by a remarkable ſtrenuous friend of Mr. Wilkes's, that, to his poſitive knowledge, Mr. Wilkes did not write one word of the North Briton, No. 45, and that he (Mr. Wilkes) even never ſaw it till it was printed off.

The alteration made in a certain record, we are told, was that of changing the word *Purport* to *Tenour*.

Paiſley (in Scotland) March 24. We have often been amuſed in the public papers with accounts of mobs and combinations of journeymen of different trades in London, Edinburgh, and Glaſgow, refuſing to work unleſs their maſters advanced their wages; but we have gone a ſtep beyond them, by forming a female combination, which has been entered into by young women of this place, employed in clipping of lawns, who refuſe to work, unleſs on higher wages. They, in number betwixt two and three hundred, moſtly cloathed in white, drew up this day at Maxweltoun, and marched in proceſſion, four in a rank, to this place, and paraded through the ſtreets: This white regiment was eſcorted by great crowds of journeymen weavers and others.

Edinburgh, April 5. Laſt night a number of apprentice boys, amounting to ſeveral hundreds, aſſembled here, and carried on their ſhoulders a figure which they called Mr. Wilkes. After parading the ſtreets, and ſhouting Wilkes and Liberty, they carried him to the Graſs Market, where they chaired the Mock-hero, on the ſtone where the common gallows is uſually fixed at executions: After making a fire, they committed the effigy to the flames, and ſcattered the aſhes in the air, and then quickly diſperſed to their reſpective homes.

Rome, February 24. Our advices from Corſica mention nothing but preparations for war, which are making by both parties, but eſpecially by the Genoeſe, who are augmenting Bonifacio, among other fortifications; from whence we infer, that all accommodation is broken off between the Republick and the Iſlanders.

Warſaw, March 12. The day on which the King put an end to the deliberations of the Diet with the uſual ceremony, which was on the 5th inſtant, it was entered in the Regiſters, that not only the General Confederacy of the States, but alſo that of the Diſſidents, were intirely at an end. At the ſame time it was declared, that the treaty, which the Grand Commiſſion had entered into with the Ambaſſador from Ruſſia, reſpecting both the Diſſidents and the State Affairs of the King, ſhould have the force of a law, and be conſidered as a fundamental and perpetual conſtitution. The ſame day the Deputies of the Diſſidents cauſed the Act of Abolition of their Confederacy to be regiſtered in the Grod of Warſaw.

Dantzick, March 9. We are juſt informed, that a corps of Pruſſian troops is arrived in this province, and that a detachment of them, under Col. Borck, have taken up their quarters at a village about a league from this city.

Paris, April 1. It is reported that the propoſitions for an accommodation between the Genoeſe and the Corſicans having proved unſucceſsful, and the treaty between our court and the Republick of Genoa being near expired, that treaty has been lately renewed, in conſequence of which eight or 10,000 of our troops are going to be ſent to Corſica, under the command of Lieutenant-General Count de Vogue, and Major-General Count de Narbonne.

Warſaw, March 26. Since advice has been received of a confederacy being formed in Podolia, where 5000 men have been inliſted, ſeveral conferences have been held in the King's preſence; and the troops that are quartered near that province, are ordered to aſſemble. We do not yet know whether this new confederacy is ſupported under hand by any foreign Power, and tho' prudence directs that proper meaſures ſhould be taken to ſupport it, we have no reaſon to be uneaſy about it, eſpecially as the Ruſſian troops are ſtill in this kingdom, and Prince Repnin has declared to the King, that as the Empreſs his Sovereign has guarantied all that was ſettled by the Great Commiſſion, he is perſuaded that her Imperial Majeſty will, if neceſſary, make uſe of her arms to aboliſh this new confederacy.

Venice, March 30. We have juſt received advice from Rome, that 1800 Neapolitan troops have taken poſſeſſion of Benevento, which place, though ſituate in the kingdom of Naples, belongs to the Pope, and therefore this proceeding of the King of Naples occaſions various conjectures.

Paris, April 8. It is aſſured, that the Ambaſſadors from France, Spain, and Naples, at Rome, have received orders to join in demanding of the Pope to withdraw his brief concerning the Dutchy of Parma, and likewiſe a ſatisfaction for this inſult; and it is preſumed that his Holineſs is diſpoſed to come to an accommodation. [*For New Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

Vienna, April 6. The Pope's Nuncio made his entry laſt Monday, and had his audiences yeſterday, that he might be in public, in order to be able to perform the marriage ceremony to-morrow. The Archduke Ferdinand will be the King of Naples's Proxy. The Queen of Naples will ſet out a few hours after.

Yeſterday the Neapolitan Ambaſſador went to Court with a great retinue, and had an audience of their Imperial Majeſties to demand her Royal Highneſs; after which ſhe was betrothed with the uſual ceremonies. To-day her Royal Highneſs ſigned and ſwore to the act of renunciation of all pretenſions to Allodials, &c. and every claim whatever, in the form that has always been practiſed on theſe occaſions.

LONDON.

March 26. On the publication of the ſubſcription for the payment of Mr. Wilkes's debts, his Apothecary generouſly ſent him his bill, of upwards of 40l. and a receipt at the bottom of it, in full of all demands, accompanied with five guineas in caſh, in ſupport of the ſubſcription.

We are told that Mr. Wilkes's ſubſcription already exceeds 2000l.

March 31. A letter from Tregony in Cornwall mentions, that at the conteſted Election there, nine people were killed in the mob.

It is ſaid, that orders are given for building ſeveral fire ſhips and bomb ketches at Plymouth and Chatham.

April 2. It is ſaid that ſeveral petitions have lately been preſented to the Boards of Treaſury and Plantations, for opening a trade to the Iſland of Corſica, and for appointing a Conſul to reſide in that Iſland.

After the Election for Middleſex, many were deſirous that Mr. Wilkes might be chaired, which he abſolutely refuſed, chuſing to retire with the greateſt privacy.

We hear that Sir Edward Hawke, and other Lords of the Admiralty, will ſet out early in the enſuing Summer, to make a ſurvey of all the men of war at Portſmouth and Plymouth, with the royal arſenals and dock-yards.

Some letters from Corſica mention, that nothing is more eagerly deſired by the Iſlanders, than the eſtabliſhment of a regal power over them, on the model of the Britiſh conſtitution, as it was apprehended this would give the Nation more weight and conſequence in the eyes of all Europe, than the preſent form of Government.

They write from Breſt, that the Valeur frigate, and three tranſports, with artillery and troops on board, had juſt ſailed, and it is ſaid for Goree Iſland, to be employed in eſtabliſhing a factory and ſettlement near Cape Verd.

It is ſaid that Mr. Wilkes has written letters to the Noblemen and Gentlemen, whoſe windows, &c. were broken by the mob on Monday and Tueſday nights laſt, expreſſing his great concern for ſuch outrageous and ſcandalous behaviour; and aſſuring them, that his friends and himſelf took the utmoſt pains to reſtrain the intemperate zeal of the populace, previous to, and at the time of Election; but that they could not foreſee or ſuſpect that any irregularities would be committed in the Metropolis, after it was over.

April 5. *Saturday the Purſer of the Lord Holland Eaſt-Indiaman, Captain Nairne, from Bengal, came to the Eaſt-India Houſe with an account of her ſafe arrival at Falmouth; ſhe brings the agreeable news that all is quiet and well there; that the revenues of that kingdom have come in beyond expectation, and it is aſſured that there will be more ſhips, and richer cargoes, this year, than ever came from that country. She likewiſe brings advice that Col. Smith, who commands the troops in the five Northern provinces on the coaſt of Coromandel, and who, as was ſome time ago mentioned, had marched againſt Hyder Ali, has defeated him in two engagements, and is purſuing the advantages of his victories.*

Some letters from Conſtantinople mention, that a dangerous conſpiracy was diſcovered among ſeveral of the Grandees of the Empire during the illneſs of the Grand Seignor, but that proper meaſures had been taken to prevent the threatened miſchief.

A correſpondent ſays, "Tho' the French retired fifteen hundred of their troops from Corſica laſt year, they intend to act quite on a different plan this, and are to have twenty-one battalions there before July (twenty battalions make above 10,000 men:) It is publicly ſaid that Monſ. de Navarre, Major General, is to go with the firſt embarkment of ſeventeen, and that the Prince of Beauveau, Lieutenant General, and in every reſpect of the higheſt rank, is to follow with the other ſix, and take the command. Politicians are left to ſettle the conſequences."

They write from Dreſden of the 21ſt ult. that the camp of Electoral troops which is to be formed the enſuing ſummer in the neighbourhood of that capital, will conſiſt of 30,000 men at leaſt.

April 7. It is an obſervation made by many, who are well acquainted with the city of London, that though there are 8000 Liverymen in it, who have a right to poll at an election for repreſentatives in Parliament, yet hardly 2000 are really independent; of which number 1247 voted for Mr. Wilkes on the late election.

A Letter from Liſbon, dated March 4, ſays,

"It is ſtrongly reported that the Dutch ſhips are returned without landing their preſents at Algier; and that the Dey had declared war againſt Holland. He has made great preparations by ſea; and one of his ſhips of 36 guns, which was ſent out on a cruize, was lately loſt off Bona."

It is ſaid that the Parliament which is to meet in May next, will ſit ſix weeks to examine petitions for undue elections, and for the diſpatch of other buſineſs that may happen in the courſe of that time.

A certain Gentleman in the city, lately made a viſit to his ſuperiors: The converſation has not yet tranſpired.

It is ſaid to be certain that Mr. Wilkes propoſes to ſtand candidate for an Alderman of the city of London, the firſt vacancy that may happen.

Several ſetts of Gentlemen, in different parts of this city, animated with univerſal ideas of Liberty, *and being deſirous of meeting together happily, choſe yeſterday for that purpoſe, it being the birth-day of the illuſtrious Paſchal Paoli, General of the Corſicans; in particular there was a very reſpectable company at the Queen's-arms in St. Paul's Church-yard, where James Boſwell, Eſq; was Preſident, when the following healths were drank: The King, Queen, and Royal Family; Paſchal Paoli; Succeſs to the brave Corſicans; May the Corſicans be countenanced by every State, which has a juſt value for liberty; Lord Halifax; Lord Shelburne; Lord Lyttleton; General Conway; Horace Walpole; Dr. Franklin; Mrs. Macaulay; with many other toaſts; and a Society is formed to meet annually on that day.*

Letters from the Hague mention, that in a late council of the States General it was unanimouſly reſolved to prevent, if poſſible, a rupture with the Algerines.

From Corſica we are told, that General Paoli has lately ſent one of his Nobles, a perſon of great abilities, to execute an important commiſſion at the court of Berlin.

This day ſeveral Colony Agents attended at Lord Hillſborough's Office, Whitehall, with ſome diſpatches lately received from the American Colonies. It is ſaid if any changes ſhould take place, as has been reported, his Lordſhip will be continued in his preſent office.

April 9, Letters from Warſaw confirm the accounts of a Confederacy forming in Poland, on the ſcore of Religion, with theſe additions, that the Staroſte Wareſki is raiſing all the Coſaques and Tartars he can; that a Carmelite Friar animates the people in his diſcourſes to take up arms; that all who join them are ſworn to fidelity; and that beſides the motto mentioned in a late paper, they have alſo ſet up the following on ſome of their ſtandards *(Pro Religione & Libertate)* "For Religion and Liberty." In the mean time theſe advices ſay, that no orders have yet been given by the Court to put the Crown troops in motion, excepting a few light armed pulks; it being judged better to endeavour to bring the aſſociators to reaſon by lenity and kindneſs, than to uſe rigour againſt them; though, on the other hand, ſome are not without apprehenſions, that the malecontents are ſupported by a foreign power (the Turks) and ſhould the Crown troops be ordered to march out, they would only add to the number of the inſurgents by deſerters.

A letter from Goſport, dated April 5, ſays, "This day orders were ſent on board all the ſhips in ordinary in the harbour, for them to be thoroughly cleaned, and got ready for a ſurvey by the Lords of the Admiralty and Commiſſioners of the Navy; the Commiſſioner of Portſmouth Dock is expected to viſit the ſhips to-morrow."

It is reported that Sir William Baker has not only declared his intentions of reſigning his gown, but is actually making intereſt in his ward for Mr. Wilkes to ſucceed him.

Such is the great zeal of the Fair Sex for that moſt adorable Goddeſs, LIBERTY, that it is aſſured four young Ladies at the Weſt end of the Town, having juſt received their ſmall annual ſtipend for pocket money, immediately lodged it in the hands of the Banker for the uſe of Mr. Wilkes.

It is now ſaid that there is no flaw in Mr. Wilkes's outlawry.

It is expected that ſentence will be paſſed on Mr. Wilkes the 20th of this Month at Weſtminſter-hall.

Some letters from Leghorn mention a report prevailing there, that the Court of Verſailles had engaged to diſpoſſeſs the Corſicans of all the ſtrong holds taken from the Republic of Genoa, during the courſe of the late war.

Yeſterday a packet with diſpatches, ſaid to be of importance, was received at the Secretary of State's Office, from his Excellency Sir Henry Moore, Governor of New-York.

A grand council was held this day at St. James's, at which the Earl of Chatham and Lord Cambden aſſiſted; the former came to town for that purpoſe yeſterday, and the latter this morning.

Several liſts of approaching changes in the adminiſtration are handed about; but we are credibly informed they are none of them authentic, and further, that no immediate changes are expected in any of the great offices of ſtate.

April 12. *Letters from Genoa of the 12th ult. adviſe, that a courier has juſt paſſed through that City for Rome, with diſpatches for the Pope, on the part of the King of France, importing, that if his Holineſs did not forthwith withdraw his Bull againſt the Court of Parma, and diſcard the Cardinal Torregiani, his Secretary of State, the Ambaſſador of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, would immediately leave Rome without taking leave, &c.*

The laſt advices from Spain, we hear, are very unfavourable, and it is thought we are upon the eve of a rupture with that Court.

It is ſaid, that there will be more petitions preſented to the Houſe of Commons next Parliament, complaining of undue elections and returns, than has been known ſince 1727.

April 14. *Some late advices from Holland inform, that the Empreſs Queen has forbid her ſubjects of the Auſtrian Netherlands to carry on any intercourſe or trade with the Dutch; the reaſon for this unexpected procedure is not aſſigned.*

Private letters from Corſica mention, that in a late council of the ſtates, it had been reſolved to make no oppoſition to the landing of the French troops in that Iſland, but that a great number of armed militia ſhould be held in readineſs to take the field on any emergency.

They write from Gibraltar, that a Dutch frigate of war lately put into the Bay, having on board ſeveral pieces of braſs ordnance, gunpowder, and naval ſtores, together with ſome valuable articles, intended as a preſent to the Dey of Algiers.

April 16. Yeſterday arrived a mail from New-York, brought by the Cumberland packet-boat, Captain Bunſter.

Yeſterday there was a great council at St. James's, at which Lord Gower, Preſident, the Duke of Grafton, the two Secretaries of ſtate, and the Earl of Hillſborough, Secretary for the American Colonies, aſſiſted; ſaid to be in reference to diſpatches received from the ſaid Colonies.

Yeſterday the Earl of Sandwich kiſſed his Majeſty's hand on being appointed Joint Poſtmaſter General with Lord Le Deſpenſer, in the room of the Earl of Hillſborough, appointed Secretary of State for the American affairs.

It is ſaid the Earl of Chatham has had ſeveral private conferences with his Majeſty ſince his arrival in town. His Lordſhip enjoys a tolerable ſtate of health at preſent.

It is ſaid that ſteps are actually taking to complain, in the proper place, of an undue election for Middleſex; and that evidence is ſearching for, to ſupport the complaint.

'Tis thought that there will be at leaſt an hundred and fifty new Members in the enſuing Parliament.

It having been aſſerted, that a letter from a celebrated Commoner to a great Perſonage was returned unopened; we are now informed, that ſuch aſſertion is without foundation, the letter having been ſent, received, and not returned.

The mob in their late extravagancies ſtopped the Count de Seilern, the Imperial Ambaſſador's coach, inſiſted on his huzzaing Wilkes and Liberty; after which they chalked No. 45, on each of his Excellency's ſhoes.

April 19. A letter from Lucca, dated March 19, ſays, "According to the laſt advices from Rome, the King of Sardinia has offered his mediation to terminate the differences ſubſiſting between the Holy See and the Infant Duke of Parma; but with what ſucceſs we know not."

They write from Warſaw, that a report prevailed there, that the Confederates of Podolia had blocked up the fortreſs of Kaminieck, in order to reduce it by famine.

Extract of a Letter from Genoa, March 23.

"The Rebels every day gain ground of us; and if the freſh ſuccours that we have been flattered with from France do not quickly arrive, we ſhall probably be ſoon obliged to renounce the dominion which the Republic has exerciſed over thoſe people, and make a firm and ſolid peace with them, the baſis of which will be their liberty."

Private letters from Genoa inform, that ſeveral maritime powers had lately entered into treaties of commerce with the people of Corſica.

It is now confidently aſſerted, that if the French ſhall ſend twenty battalions of their troops againſt the brave Corſicans, another great nation will at laſt ſtep forth as the public Guardian of Liberty; ſo that important news may be expected.

They write from Liſbon, that ſome great perſons there expreſs much diſſatisfaction at the intended ceſſion of Paraguay in South America, to his Moſt Catholic Majeſty.

This morning a packet with diſpatches was ſent off from the Secretary of State's Office, for his Excellency Francis Bernard, Eſq; Governor of New-England.

It is reported, that orders will ſoon be given for the artificers in the dock yards at Plymouth, Portſmouth, and Chatham, to be augmented, in order to fit out ſeveral ſhips of war, which are to make their appearance this ſummer in the Mediterranean.

April 21. *We hear that Mr. Littleton's negotiation with the Portugueſe Miniſtry is totally at a ſtand; and that there is little or no proſpect of his ſucceſs in the important objects of his miſſion.*

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, April 2.

"*There has lately been a grand review of a great many of our beſt troops, all of whom, beſides their uſual arms, have been furniſhed with large hatchets, and with ſuch ſtrong ſhoes as the Croatians wear when climbing their rugged mountains. Orders have been given them to prepare for a very long march. No mortal can ſay with certainty what our Sovereign intends. It has long been ſurmiſed that he is reſolved to crown his glorious days, by rendering the brave Corſicans entirely free and independent. It is affirmed as a certainty, that the other day, while he ſtood upon the grand place before the palace, leaning upon the Lord Mariſchal's arm, he turned to the Chevalier Mitchell, the Britiſh Ambaſſador, and ſaid,*---Bientot je ferai rougis vous autres Anglois. '*By and by I ſhall make you Engliſhmen bluſh.*'

This morning a board of plantations was held at the Earl of Hillſborough's Office, Whitehall, at which ſeveral agents for the American colonies gave their attendance.

April 23. It is imagined that as ſoon as the Parliament meets, a bill will be brought in to prohibit for a further limited time the exportation of corn, and to allow the free importation thereof.

The 8th regiment of foot, commanded by Major General Webb, and the 28th, commanded by Lord Viſcount Townſhend, now quartered in Kent, are ordered to be completed forthwith to their full complement, being to embark ſpeedily for New-York.

Extract of a Letter from Madras, dated Nov. 5, 1767.

"Hyder Ally, and the Soubah of the Ducan, are totally routed, and we have taken 70 pieces of cannon: Every thing is now quiet again, and we have by treaty (ſince their defeat) obtained ample compenſation for the damage occaſioned by this rupture; ſo that this event is likely to produce very advantageous effects through the ſettlements, the natives being thoroughly depreſſed by their repeated ill ſucceſs."

Some letters from Leghorn mention, that the Senate of Genoa begin to doubt much whether France would ſend a body of their forces to Corſica; and it was ſaid, the Republick intended to make application elſewhere, for troops to occupy their garriſons in that iſle.

From Berlin we are informed, that great part of the King of Pruſſia's time is at preſent employed in endeavouring to improve and extend the commerce of his ſubjects throughout all his dominions.

By accounts received by the Hector Indiaman, it appears that every thing was quiet in India when ſhe left Madras.

By Captain Hamilton, arrived here from Liverpool, and Captain Jacobſon, arrived at Boſton from London, both in ſhort Paſſages, we have the following further Advices, viz.

LONDON, April 23.

WE hear that ſeveral counties and boroughs intend to inſtruct their members, not to conſent to the expulſion of Mr. Wilkes; and it is generally believed that the Miniſtry propoſe to move the houſe for that meaſure.

When Mr. Wilkes had finiſhed his ſpeech on Wedneſday laſt, in the Court of King's-Bench at Weſtminſter, Mr. Attorney-general moved for his immediate confinement, on the outlawry. He was anſwered by Mr. Serjeant Glynn, Mr. Recorder of London, Mr. Manſfield, and Mr. Davenport ſucceſſively, who all moved the Court for a writ of error, which Mr. Attorney-general, on being applied to laſt Saturday, had refuſed to grant. They ſpecified ſeveral particulars, in which the proceſs of the outlawry was erroneous, as ſufficient grounds for the motion, and offered to give any bail for Mr. Wilkes's appearance. The Court then proceeded to give their opinions ſeriatim.--------Lord Manſfield ſpoke long and forcibly on the impropriety of the procedure on both ſides; obſerving, that the Attorney-general could not, with the leaſt appearance of reaſon, or of law, move for the commitment of a perſon who was not legally *in Court; nor had the Counſel for the Defendant any better plea for their motion in favour of a man who appeared* gratis *before them: He added, that had Mr. Wilkes been brought thither by a writ of* Capias Utlagatum, *the motion might then have been made with propriety, and the Court might then have exerted, had they pleaſed, their diſcretionary power, in accepting or refuſing the bail. His Lordſhip further expreſſed himſelf very happy, in having an opportunity of explaining his ſentiments publicly, before ſo large an audience, with regard to the charge brought againſt him, in ſubſtituting the word* Tenor, *inſtead of* Purport; *declaring repeatedly, that he thought himſelf bound in duty to grant it; that he conceived it to be the uniform practice of all the Judges to grant ſuch amendments; that he had himſelf frequently repeated the ſame practice in other caſes, without the leaſt objection being ever offered againſt it. The reſt of the Judges agreed with the Chief Juſtice in opinion, that as Mr. Wilkes was not legally before the Court, no proceedings could be had upon his caſe; Mr. Juſtice Willes particularly remarking, "That the officers of the crown had no right to throw upon that Court the buſineſs of committing Mr. Wilkes upon his* gratis *appearance, out of the common courſe of law, when they might have brought him before it legally, by a writ of* Capias Utlagatum, *which it would have been very eaſy to execute, ſince he has notoriouſly appeared in public for ſeveral weeks paſt; and, in that caſe, the Attorney-general might have made his motion with propriety."*

April 26. A certain gentleman at Poplar, the friend of the patriotick Wilkes, had laſt Tueſday a very elegant dinner; the company conſiſted of 45 gentlemen; at 45 minutes paſt one, there were drank 45 gills of wine, with 45 new-laid eggs in them; preciſely at 45 minutes paſt two, a very genteel dinner was ſerved up, being five courſes, nine diſhes each, which made the No. 45.----In the middle of the table, the figures 45 were inlaid with mother of pearl, on which was placed a noble ſurloin of beef, weighing 45 pounds, the table cloth and plates were marked 45, on the back of every chair thoſe figures were carved, and exactly 25 gilt nails in a chair, which, with the 20, on each perſon's hands and feet, made up the number of nails in every chair 45.---The whole concluded with a ball in the evening, when 45 ladies entered the room, then the dances immediately began, and each lady was ſaluted at the end of every dance, which were nine minuets, nine rigadoons, nine cotillons, and eighteen country dances, being in the whole 45.---After the ladies had been kiſſed round 45 times, and 45 couple of jellies were eaten, the company retired with great mirth and feſtivity, at 45 minutes paſt 3 o'clock.

It is conjectured that the *capias* executed on Mr. Wilkes, was at his own requeſt: As it was apprehended that the *capias* would not otherwiſe have been ſerved upon him, but ſtill to have continued an outlaw, and thereby not eligible to ſwear to his qualification as a member of the houſe; and would alſo be a handle for his enemies to prevent his ſitting therein; whereas he may now ſtand a chance of the writs of error being argued this term, when he is brought into court by his *habeas*, and may thereby extricate himſelf from his outlawry.

From the LONDON GAZETTE, April 27.

Extract of a letter from Fort St. George in the Eaſt-Indies, dated October, 8, 1767.

"We have received from our camp the following account of the defeat of the joint forces of Nizam Ally and Hyder Ally, near Trinomallee, on the 26th of September laſt, by the Company's forces, under the command of Col. Smith.

From the Field of Battle at Errour, near Trinomallee, Sept. 27, 1767.

Yeſterday evening, after ſeveral manœuvres on both ſides, we brought the enemy to an action, and have effectually routed them. They endeavoured at firſt to turn a warm cannonade upon our left, and as we could not well come at their guns on account of a morraſs in front, we were ordered to endeavour to turn their left round ſome hills which lay in our front. We did ſo, and preſently brought them to an action, which, after a very ſmart fire, ended in their defeat. Our loſs is ſmall, the rapidity with which our troops advanced upon them, allowing them to do us little harm, every thing conſidered. We lay on the field all laſt night, and as ſoon as we could diſtinguiſh objects, we marched this morning in purſuit of them; they made a faint ſhew of reſiſtance, but are gone entirely off, as it is thought, through the Changama-Paſs into the Baharah-haul country. We followed them till the ſtrength and ſpirits of our army were quite exhauſted, and obliged us to halt on the ſpot where we are now encamped, which is about eight miles on the road to Changama from Trinomallee. Laſt night we ſeized nine of their guns, and are now in poſſeſſion of about fifty pieces of their cannon, which they could not carry off in their precipitate retreat. Both our officers and men behaved with the greateſt reſolution. The enemy's loſs muſt be great, but cannot be aſcertained, as the moment a man is killed or wounded, his companions carry him off. The priſoners inform us, that our cannon made great havock among them.

We learn ſince, that fourteen more pieces of the enemy's cannon have been found among the buſhes."

A letter from Glouceſter, dated April 25, ſays, "The rains that fell laſt week have revived the face of the country. The wheat is univerſally in a flouriſhing ſtate, and the land is in fine order to receive the barley; and we are told that the price of cattle falls every day. Beaſts that would bring 12 or 13l. a few months ago, are now ſcarcely worth 9 or 10l. Cheeſe and other articles are expected to fall in proportion."

April 28. *Yeſterday morning came on in the Court of King's-Bench, Weſtminſter, before the Right Hon. Lord Manſfield, &c. the grand cauſe between the College of Phyſicians and the Licentiates, when, after a long hearing, which laſted till near three o'clock, a verdict was given in favour of the former.*

Yesterday morning, about nine o'clock, Mr. Wilkes was brought to Westminster-hall, by virtue of a writ of Capias Utlagatum, but, on account of the above trial, he did not come into the Court of King's-Bench till exactly four minutes before three in the afternoon; a writ of error was allowed, after which it was argued, whether the said Gentleman could be admitted to bail, when, after several learned arguments and debates, which lasted till half past six o'clock, it was the opinion of the Court, that he could not; in consequence whereof he was committed to the King's-Bench prison; to which place as Mr. Wilkes was going, from Westminster-hall, in a hackney coach, attended by Messieurs Stitchall and Holloway, Tipstaffs to the Right Hon. Lord Mansfield, the mob stopped the coach at the foot of Westminster bridge, on the Middlesex side, took out the horses, and drew the coach along the Strand, Fleet-street, &c. to Spitalfields. When they came to Spital-square, they obliged the Tipstaffs to get out, and let them go very quietly away; they then drew Mr. Wilkes to the Three Tuns tavern, in Spitalfields, where, from a one-pair-of-stairs window, he earnestly entreated them to retire; but they refused, saying they would watch him till the morning. Mr. Wilkes assured the Tipstaffs, that as soon as the populace dispersed, he would surrender to the King's-Bench.

Yesterday most of the Justices for the city and liberty of Westminster, and a great number for Middlesex, with an incredible number of Constables, attended in and near Westminster-hall, in order to keep the peace, but not the least noise or riot was made.

Last night, about ten o'clock, Mr. Wilkes, disguised in a great coat, &c. went from the Three Tuns tavern in Spitalfields (where he had spent a couple of hours with the friendly society of Unions) and surrendered himself to the Marshal of the King's-bench.

His Majesty has appointed Thomas Shirley, Esq; to be Vice-Admiral of the Bahama Islands, in America; in the room of Lieutent General William Shirley, who resigns.

Many persons have fled disguised *out of a prison*, but Mr. Wilkes is perhaps the first man that stole disguised *into a prison*.

The votaries of Mr. Wilkes say, that he is entitled to a Civic Crown, not *ob civem servatum*, but *ob tres cives servatos*, viz. the Marshal of the King's-bench, Lord Mansfield's Tipstaff, and his assistant, whose lives he certainly preserved yesterday.

It has been asserted, that Mr. Wilkes was in negociation with the ministers: We have authority to declare, that the assertion is absolutely false, and that he only said to two or three of the friends of the ministers, he was always ready to take any dutiful, humble, or submissive measure, with respect to the King, which should be hinted to him was agreeable, but would never make an application to any present or future minister: That such was his resolution and declaration in the first stage of the late business, had been in the subsequent, and should be uniform to the last period of it. It remains to be seen, whether Mr. Wilkes will act up to this declaration, which he actually made.

It is said that Mr. Wilkes will remain in the King's-bench prison till Monday next, by which time it is expected the outlawry will be reversed, and that he will then be discharged.

NEW-YORK, June 13.

Detroit, May 11, 1768.

Dear SIR,

You'll be much surprized to find, by the following Paragraph of a Letter, wrote to me by an Officer at Michilimakinac, the 24th of February last, that the formerly very famous and much esteemed Major Robert Rogers, is now capable of such horrid Villainy:------The Letter is as follows.

Dear SIR,

"I now take this Opportunity to congratulate you on your Escape from Murder and Plunder; Major Rogers, that experienced Chief to all Manner of Wickedness and Treachery, had formed a deep and horrid Plot to kill me, send Captain Spicemaker, and Lieut. Christie, Prisoners to the Indian Country, plunder this Garrison, and put all the Soldiers to Death, who were not in the Plot, and who would not comply with his Silence; this was to be executed by a numerous Party of Indians, some Soldiers, and French Inhabitants, that had consented to it: He then with the Indians, and what Part of the troops that would follow him, were immediately to set off to surprize the Garrison of Detroit, and give it up to Plunder to his Followers, for their Service, and then proceed to Old France (via New Orleans.) As he was pretty well convinced of the Abilities and Watchfulness of the Commander and other Officers of Detroit, and doubting his being able to take it by Surprize, he had pitch'd upon some Pieces of Brass Cannon for laying a regular Siege to it. He is now in heavy Irons, with an Accomplice, and as there are many King's Evidences, no Part of this Account can be doubted."

I herewith inclose you another Letter to me on the same Subject, thinking that these Accounts from the Gentlemen on the Spot, may be more satisfactory to you than Hearsay.

Michilimakinac, Feb. 24, 1768.

SIR,

"At this Season you'll be surprized to see an Express from this; it is with the joyful News of Michilimakinac preserved, or the Plot discovered, a dismal Treachery carried on by its late Commandant, to massacre the Garrison, especially those who should oppose him in making his Escape; to head the Rest with the Indians in his Interest, plunder this, and march against Detroit afterwards; make the best of his Way to Capt. Hopkins, on the Missisippi, who he had invited with a few Men last Spring, to deliver this Fort to him on his Arrival; making Interest, in his Confinement, with a Frenchman here to join him, and to get Capt. Spicemaker, and me, massacred, or taken by the Indians, before he was to attempt any Thing, was the Means of this Discovery:---We sent him to Rogers, to know what he was to do for him for so great an Undertaking; he went, and returned to us with the Villain's Note of Hand, for 100 Pounds Sterling, per Year, for five Years."

Burlington, June 13. On Friday last came on the Election of two Members to represent this City in the General Assembly of New-Jersey, when ABRAHAM HEWLINGS, and JOSEPH SMITH, Esquires, were unanimously elected.

And this Day came on the Election of two Representatives for the County of Burlington, when HENRY PAXSON, and JOSEPH BULLOCK, Esquires, were also unanimously chosen.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.

To the FREEMEN of the Town of LEBANON, *in* CONNECTICUT.

GENTLEMEN,

I RECEIVE, with great Gratitude, the Honor you have conferred upon me by your late Letter, and very highly value the Approbation of your respectable Town.

Affection for the *British* Colonies on this Continent, all which, without Distinction, every *true American* must consider as his COUNTRY, urged me, at this alarming Period, to assert, as well as I could, their Rights and Interests.

My *Devotion* to the Cause exceeds, I know, my *Ability* to maintain it; and therefore I am induced to believe, that having been so fortunate as to convince you of my *good Intentions*, your Generosity has bestowed Applauses on my *Motive*, rather than on my *Performance*.

Could I be persuaded, that these injured Colonies "cannot fail to reap important Advantages" from my dutiful "Efforts," I should prefer the delightful Consciousness to all the Glory, Wealth and Power, this World can afford. But if the Divine Goodness, to which, with the deepest Humility, I acknowledge myself already unspeakably indebted, shall not be pleased to grant me THE VERY GREAT HAPPINESS OF CONTRIBUTING TO THE HAPPINESS OF MY COUNTRY, yet I shall reflect with Satisfaction, that I have *endeavored* to *serve* her, and shall hope that you, and all worthy Men, who judge of me, will do me the Justice to believe, that I most sincerely *love* her.

I heartily wish Prosperity to you, Gentlemen, and to your Town.

A FARMER.

Extract of a Letter from London, April 16, 1768.

"I now sit down to give you the best Account I am able of the late Commotions here, of which you must already have read so much in the Papers, and which will probably afford Matter of Speculation with you. In doing this, I know not that I can add much to the Information the Papers convey to you, unless it be, with all possible Impartiality, to give you a true Picture of our present Situation, at least as it appears to me.

"Mr. Wilkes (the Hero of our Tale) made his Appearance here some Weeks ago, gave Notice of his Intention to surrender himself at the Bar of the King's Bench next Term, and walked the Streets as publicly as he could well do, to evade the Attempts of his private Creditors to secure him. When the Election for the City drew near, he, though an Outlaw, and a Beggar, offered himself as a Candidate; and, contrary to all Expectation, a Spirit was quickly infused into the lowest Class of People, which must have insured him Success, had the Livery of London been composed, in any great Measure, of such. The Appearance for him at Guildhall, on the Day of Election, was considerable; not of Liverymen, however, but real Mob. I was there, upon the Hustings, and very near the Candidates, so that I distinctly heard every Word that was spoken. Wilkes's Address was delivered with more Coolness, and Presence of Mind, than could have been expected from one who was acting so bold a Part. Harley, the Lord Mayor, spoke last and best. He said, he did not stand up to make Apologies for his past Conduct in Parliament, because he was not conscious it needed any; that no Man was a firmer Friend to Liberty, or would go farther in its Defence, than himself; but he was for Liberty bounded by Law, the only Basis of true Liberty; that in the high Office he had now the Honour to hold, it behoved him, above all Things, to attend to the Preservation of the public Peace of the City; he therefore begged, that in their Choice of Representatives, they would put him intirely out of the Question, and fix upon those whom they thought best able to discharge so important a Trust. Upon holding up of Hands, the Choice fell upon Mr. Wilkes to be one; but it was plain, that three Fourths of those in the Hall were not of the Livery. From that Moment, however, his Consequence began, tho' the Poll ended against him, which yet greatly exceeded all Expectation in his Favour. During its Continuance he appeared every Day on the Hustings, tho' he was more than once arrested there, at the Instance of some of his private Creditors; but he found Bail for his Appearance, braved it out to the last, and was attended every Day by a considerable Mob.

"When he found the Poll going against him, he publicly gave out, he would stand for Middlesex. There he was likely to stand a better Chance. An incredible Number of petty Freeholders of that County, from Wapping, and its Environs, immediately declared for him; and on the Day of Election, he carried it with Ease, and with very little Disturbance at Brentford itself, tho' the whole Road thither was lined with Mob, who insulted every one who would not join in the Cry of, *Wilkes and Liberty*. His Success forthwith reached London, and occasioned such an Intoxication in the Mob, Men, Women and Children, that they spread themselves from Hyde Park Corner to the farther End of Wapping, and broke every Body's Windows, who refused to illuminate their Houses. Among the rest, those of the Mansion House of the Lord Mayor, who happened that Night to sleep in the Country, were quite demolished, and tho' a Party of Soldiers were at length sent for by the Mayoress from the Tower, they, when they came (so general was the Infatuation) seemed more disposed to assist the Mob, than to disperse them. You will not easily believe it, but it is true, that the Dukes of Grafton and Northumberland, and many others of the first Nobility; nay, some of the Royal Family itself, viz. the Princess Amelia, and the Dukes of Gloucester and Cumberland, submitted to illuminate their Windows upon this infamous Occasion, in Obedience to the Orders of a paultry Mob.

"The next Night the Illuminations were again insisted on, and the same Insolence, with the same Impunity, was repeated!

"Strange, in Truth, must it appear to Friends, and to Enemies, at home and abroad, that an Outlaw should, by Men who call themselves loyal, be chosen to represent the very County honoured with the Royal Residence; and this attended too with many Marks of Insolence.

"Lord Chatham lives now a very retired Life, at his old Seat at Hayes, in Kent, and is either unable, or unwilling, or both, to take any Part in public Affairs.

"Lord Townsend, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, lives jovially with that People, and knowing, and declaring, that he was sent among them by Accident, and that his Reign there will be but short, encourages them to promote such Bills as are popular, and what they deem most for the Interest of the Country. Hence their Octennial Bill.

"Nothing is yet done with respect to the East India Company."

After a long and tedious Illness, died the Sixth Instant, at his House in Pottsgrove, JOHN POTTS, Esq; a Gentleman of unblemished Honour and Integrity,---known,---beloved,---lamented.

"Such this Man was; who now from Earth remov'd,
"At length enjoys that Liberty he lov'd."

On the 8th Instant died Captain WILLIAM DOWELL, in the 49th Year of his Age, after a tedious Illness. In the War before the last he commanded a Privateer out of this Port, when he distinguished himself by his Courage and Activity. As he was a Man of great Integrity and Benevolence, his Death is much lamented, and his Funeral was attended by many of the most respectable Persons in this City.

Captain Cox, from Liverpool, on the 5th ult. in Lat. 45: 4, Long. 33: 3, spoke the Norfolk Indiaman, Captain Sands, homeward bound from Bengall, out four Months, who had split his Mainsail, Maintopsail and Spritsail, in a Gale of Wind; he also informed Captain Cox, that two Days before, he spoke a Ship from London, bound to Virginia, 35 Days out, that had lost her Main and Mizenmasts in the same Gale.---On the 29th, in Lat. 40: 24, Long. 65: 4, he spoke a Schooner from Rhode Island for the Western Islands, 5 Days out; on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 39: 55, Long. 72: 12, spoke a Sloop from Boston for Dominica, three Days out; and on the 4th, in Lat. 39: 54, Long. 72: 5, he spoke a Snow from New York for Amsterdam, two Days out, and all well.

By Captain Ralph Moore, of the Brig Mercury, arrived here from St. Kitts, we learn, that Captain William Long, in a Schooner belonging to this Port, is arrived at that Island from North Carolina; that a Schooner, of and for Maryland, sailed on the 19th ult. and that a Sloop, Captain Connor, for Virginia, was to sail about the 22d.

Captain Badger, from Maryland, on the 4th Instant, about 10 Leagues to the Northward of Cape-Henry, spoke a Schooner, Captain Campbell, from New-York for North Carolina, all well.

Captain Dennis, arrived at New-York from the Bay of Honduras, on the 18th ult. in Lat. 22: 45, spoke with Captain Harvey, of this Port, bound to Bristol from Jamaica, all well. And on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 39: 52, he spoke with Captain Banks, from Liverpool for Virginia, 9 Weeks out, who had lost his Bowsprit and Mizen-Topmast, and sprung his Main-Topmast Head.

Captain Haight, from London, also arrived at New-York, on the 23d ult. in Lat. 24: 30, Long. 60, spoke the Schooner Royal Exchange, Captain Winder, from Maryland for Barbados.

Monday last as some Butchers were driving two Steers home from the Country, one of them threw a Man down in Market-street, and before he could recover himself, the other came up, and hooked his Horn in one of his Eyes, Part of which immediately came out; he now lies dangerously ill.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Cook, in London; Young, Ofman, Graham, and Carr, at Bristol; M'Kensie, at Liverpool; Ship Nancy, Captain Cheevers, at Londonderry; and Captain Thomas Moore, at Dominica.

From Maryland. Captain Erskine, at Lisbon; and Captain Cattle at Cadiz.

Deal, April 15. Arrived and sailed for the River, the Resolution, Chevalier, from New-York.

April 22. Put back, the Blessings Success, Morrison, for Maryland.------Arrived and sailed for the River, the Fox, Salter, from Piscataqua.

April 26. Remain, the Fanny, Welsh; Thornton, Read; Swan, Benning; Integrity, Coward; and Duc de Thorn, Vassin, for Maryland; Brilliant, Robertson, for Virginia; Polly, Smith, for New-York; Britannia, Jefferies, for Philadelphia; and Diana, Hall, for Boston.

Gravesend, April 25. Passed by, the Charlotte, Cooper, from New-York.

The Doors of the *College* will be opened at 8 o'Clock on Tuesday Morning next for the *Medical Commencement*; to begin exactly at 9, and the Business to be finished in the Forenoon.

The Members of the *American Philosophical Society*, are desired to attend their Monthly Meeting at 7 o'Clock precisely, on Tuesday Evening, the 21st Instant, at the State-House; when some Matters of Importance will be under Deliberation.

*** The Managers of the Philadelphia Public Lottery, having rolled up the Blanks and Prizes, are to put them in the Wheels next Monday, and proceed to the Drawing on the Monday following.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, New-York. Schooner Lovely Lass, D. Badger, Maryland. Brig Mercury, R. Moore, St. Kitts. Ship Rosanna, P. Cox, and Brig Jupiter, W. Hamilton, Liverpool. Brig Thames, S. Clay, Hispaniola. Schooner Margaret and Rebecca, T. Philips, and Brig Clements, W. Gordon, St. Croix. Sloop Diamond, S. Sweet, Honduras. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, S. Carolina. Sloop Alice, B. Newbold, Tortola. Sloop Three Friends, W. Wyer, from Boston.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Kensington, F. Moon, for N. Carolina. Brig Leopard, W. Poole, Newfoundland. Brig Dolphin, G. Stevenson, Lisbon. Schooner Lovely Lass, D. Badger, and Schooner Sophia, J. Clarkson, Maryland. Ship Newry Packet, J. Montgomery, Dublin. Snow Molly, W. Kerlin, Jamaica. Sloop Lloyd, T. Rodgers, and Brig Molly, J. Lockton, West-Indies. Schooner Pallas, J. Caton, Grenades. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, New-York. Snow Rachel, J. Miller, for Cork.

CLEARED. Schooner Polly, R. Banks, to Grenades. Ship James Dawkins, S. Carter, and Brig Lovely Lass, A. Wade, Jamaica. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boston. Brig Rose, G. Ord, and Brig Morning Star, T. Callender, Lisbon, Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, Pensacola. Ship Madeira Packet, I. Ali, London. Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, North-Carolina. Brig Concord, J. Volans, to Bristol.

Just published, and sold by D. HALL, and W. SELLERS, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-street*, *Philadelphia*, the Second Edition of

LETTERS from a FARMER in *Pennsylvania*, to the INHABITANTS of the *BRITISH* COLONIES.

For CHARLESTOWN, SOUTH CAROLINA,
The BRIGANTINE
PRINCE of WALES,
Thomas Mason,
Commander;

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail as soon as possible. For Freight or Passage, please apply to Captain George Noarth, Alexander Lunan, or said Commander, at Thomas Clifford's Wharff.

To be SOLD by said LUNAN, a parcel of fresh RICE, just imported in the Prince of Wales.

SOUCHONG TEA,
Also a Parcel of clean dressed FLAX,
To be sold by WILLIAM SMITH, Broker.

MIFFLIN and DEAN,
Have imported in the Jupiter, Capt. Hamilton, from Liverpool,
A GENERAL Assortment of Manchester GOODS,
which they are now opening, in their Store, at the Corner of Front and Chestnut-streets, Philadelphia.

ON Saturday, the 11th of this inst. June, about the hour of twelve at night, some villains, as yet undiscovered, broke down the cheeks of the cellar of Samuel Kirk's house in Second-street, entered the cellar, got up stairs, broke open two desks, robbed him and family of what money they had to discharge their lawful debts, also of five silver table spoons, two of them made by Peter David, some of them marked S K in a cypher; five tea spoons, marked plain S K, a pair of tea tongs and a strainer, a large pair of silver shoebuckles, marked F S, almost all their linen, and sundry other goods, whereby said Kirk and two women (the youngest of the family exceeding 77 years) are reduced to a very deplorable condition, being deprived of any visible means of support.

IF any genteel creditable Person wants to rent the front Room of a House for a Store or Shop, which is as well situate for either, as any in the City (but particularly the latter) may hear of one to be lett, and to enter into immediately, by applying to the Printers hereof. Also two very convenient Houses in Lætitia-Court Alley, to be lett, and good Pasturage for Horses and Cows, about 3 Miles from Town.

PURSUANT to an Act of General Assembly of the Province of New-Jersey, lately passed, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors; we, the Subscribers, being now confined in the Goal of the County of Hunterdon, and having petitioned the Judges of the Supreme Court for the Benefit of the said Act, do give Notice to all our Creditors, to appear and shew Cause, if any they have, on the 12th Day of July next, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon of the same Day, before the Judges of the said Court, at the Dwelling-House of Rensalier Williams, in Trenton, why we should not be discharged, agreeable to the Directions of the said Act. JOHN HICKS, JOS. STOUT, WILLIAM HEWLINGS. ¶

Philadelphia, June 14, 1768.

ALL those who are indebted to the Estate of Edward Means, of West Nottingham, Chester County, deceased, and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are hereby requested to meet, and have their Accompts properly adjusted, upon Friday, the first Day of July next, at the Store lately kept by the said Edward Means, where due Attendance will be given by the Subscriber, for six Days, and no longer.---The State of my Business, and living at such a Distance, makes it very inconvenient to stay any longer in these Parts; therefore, if any should neglect attending as above directed, they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice, by DENNIS DOUGHERTY, Administrator of said Estate.

N. B. The said Dougherty and Flanagan, in Company, have for Sale, at their Store, in Water-street, near the Drawbridge, West-India and Philadelphia Rum, Lump, Loaf, and Muscovado Sugar, Bohea Tea, Chocolate, Rice, Indigo, Pepper, Allspice, and sundry Articles, too tedious to mention, which they will dispose of on the very lowest Terms. *

STRAYED away the 6th of this inst. June, early in the morning, coming from pasture, a bay HORSE, with a bald face, 14 hands 3 inches high, has a short switch tail, his mane hangs to the near side, is 5 years old, and shod all round. Whoever takes up the said horse, and brings him to Jacob Hiltzheimer's stable, in Seventh-street, near Market-street, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, from the said ¶ JACOB HILTZHEIMER.

LISBON WINE
To be sold by
GARRETT and GEORGE MEADE.

Chester County, June 10, 1768.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Friday, the first day of July next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the tavern where John Galbreath now lives, in the township of Oxford, Chester county, will be sold by vendue, a messuage or tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing about 300 acres, situate in the township of Oxford, in Chester county, bounded by lands of George M'Cullough, George Criswell, Walter Hoods, Henry Elving, Robert Bunting, and others. Also will be sold, at the same time and place, horses, cows, &c. and sundry sorts of houshold furniture, late the estate and effects of the said John Galbreath; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Saturday, the second Day of July next, at 3 o' Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Piece or Parcel of Land, thereunto belonging, containing 89 Acres, be the same more or less, situate in Ashtown Township, Chester County, four Miles from Chester, on the Great Road to Concord; bounded by Lands of Hugh Lynn, the Widow Caldwell deceased, Jonathan Richards, Jacob Richards, Samuel Faro, and others. The Land is good, some good Meadow thereon, and other good Conveniencies; late the Estate of William Thomson, seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

TO be SOLD by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, in Philadelphia, on the 9th day of August next, by the subscriber, that part of his land, known by the name of the grazing part, containing about 400 acres, situate in the township of Uwchland, Chester county, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Harris's Ferry, 32 miles from Philadelphia, and 26 from Chester; the land is fertile, such as produces black walnut, hickory, and plumb trees in great plenty, a great part of said tract is watered meadow, that never fails of bringing good crops of hay, without mud or dung, in the driest seasons; there is on said land two stone-dwelling-houses, with good springs of water near each of them; they are pleasantly situated about 3 quarters of a mile distance from each other, with an apple orchard near each house; this place might suit a grazier well, as it is thought, by good judges, there may be hay enough got off the meadows now cleared, to winter 100 head of bullocks. The purchaser, on paying one half of the money, may have twelve months credit for the remainder, and have a title at the first payment. The further conditions will be made known at the day of sale, by JOSEPH PHIPPS.

N. B. The subscriber has 3 grist mills, with good farms, belonging to them, either to sell or lett. Any person inclining to purchase or rent, may know the terms, as above. §S W.

THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of informing the public, that he continues to keep a PUBLIC HOUSE, at the Wheat Sheaff, in Oxford township, as usual, and returns those Gentlemen who have been pleased to favour him with their custom, his sincerest acknowledgments, and will do his endeavour to give satisfaction to all who shall favour him with their custom hereafter. JOHN HALL.

N.B. Said HALL has to dispose of a likely NEGROE FELLOW, about 20 years of age, country bred, has had the small pox, and is very handy in house or field. *

WHEREAS in the Pennsylvania Gazette of January 7, number 2037, JOHN BADDER falsly and unjustly advertised me for leaving him, and running him in debt; justice to myself, puts me under the necessity of relating the following facts; and first, as to leaving him, it was in this sort, he went from me in the winter, and left me without any kind of the necessaries of life, to support me and his child, unless some matter scarce worth notice, altho' a healthy young man, and we must have suffered, if the neighbours had not given some relief; as to running him in debt, it was only for one quarter of a hundred of miodlings, to support us; and by the advice of some friends of note, I went and received Forty Shillings of his wages, where he had earned so much; and as to taking up with another man, it is as false as malicious, for when I had no other way left, I went and hired to work, to support me and child, he himself giving consent, by saying he was willing I should live there, and hired likewise with the same man, worked some for him, and bedded and boarded with me as usual; I was ordered by the man to make him welcome when he came, and he seemed satisfied until I got the Forty Shillings, as mentioned above, he having done nothing to the support of his child or me, unless giving us two pair of shoes each, and one yard and three quarters of lincey, and twenty shillings in money, for two years past, all which I can undeniably prove, by written testimonies now in my hands, signed by neighbours where we lived. He also left me one whole winter, when only brought to bed of the child two weeks, not coming to see me but twice, and then staying 2 days one time, and one the other, not leaving one stick of firewood, the greatest part of winter without shoes, and many other grievous and almost unheard of hardships he made me suffer, which I at present forbear to name, and would have buried in silence, but for his so unjustly and falsly publishing me as aforesaid.

¶ ELIZABETH BADDER.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Talbot county, Maryland, a servant man, named JOHN DICK, a taylor by trade, but pretends to be a sailor, he has a forged discharge from Captain Hadding, commander of the ship Good Intent, and as it is supposed, has also a forged pass. He had on when he went away, a grey coloured serge coat, bound with black, a jacket the back part the same as the coat, the fore part of light coloured cloth, a pair of old trowsers, and black breeches under them, an ozenbrigs shirt, a half worn Carolina felt hat, a pair of country made shoes, a pair of yarn stockings, and a pair of thread ones; he is middling well set, about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a whitely look, and was born in Scotland. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him home, or secures him, so that his master gets him again, shall have Four Pounds reward, paid by ROBERT HALL. ¶

N. B. The said John Dick has run away ever since the 7th of May last. It is said he is gone towards Philadelphia.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living in West-Caln township, Chester county, in the night of the 6th instant, a dark brown horse, 5 years old, about 14 hands high, with a star in his forehead, one of his hind feet white, paces and trots, newly shod before, his mane lies mostly to the near side. Whoever takes up and secures said horse and thief, so that the owner may have his horse, and the thief brought to justice, shall have Three Pounds reward, for both horse and thief, or Twenty Shillings for the horse, and Forty Shillings for the thief, and all reasonable charges, paid by JOHN JACK. ¶

STOLEN, in the night, between the 4th and 5th Instant, out of the stable of the subscriber, living in Lampeter township, Lancaster county, a light bay horse, about 10 years old, and about 15 hands high, branded with H and W, lately trimmed, paces, and has black legs. Also stolen at the same time, an old saddle, remarkable for having a new crupper; and an old bridle, that has been mended several times. Whoever secures said horse, &c. and delivers them to the subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, if taken up in the county, and Forty Shillings, if taken out of the county, paid by

¶ JOHN WANNER.

Philadelphia, June 13, 1768.

STRAYED away from off the Commons of this City, on the 27th of May last, a black and white spotted Cow, the Left-horn shorter than the Right, no Hip to be seen on her Side, and a fresh Milking Cow. Whoever brings her to the Subscriber, shall receive Ten Shillings Reward, paid by

FREDERICK BAKER.

N. B. If any Person has a Quantity of MINT to sell, and will bring or send it to me, I will give the highest Price for it. ¶

WAS taken up, on suspicion of being stolen, on the 30th day of May last, a dark bay mare, about 5 or 6 years old, about 15 hands high, a natural pacer, branded SG, now in the custody of JAMES M'CROSKRY, tavern-keeper, at the Sign of King George III. in West-Nantmell township, Chester county. The owner is desired to come and prove his Property, pay charges, and take her away.

JAMES M'CROSKRY.

Wednesday, June 8, 1768.

RUN away last Sunday night, from the subscriber, living in East-Nantmell, Chester county, two Irish Servant Men; one named WILLIAM CUMMINGS, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, full faced, large nose, black hair, fair complexion, his head bald, and very subject to drink, if he can procure it; he took away from his master, a white cloth coat and jacket, a fine shirt, two pair of stockings, and a pair of silver buckles belonging to his mistress; he may appear in coarse cloathing, such as tow linen shirts, and trowsers, black stockings, &c. The other a young man, named JAMES IRELAND, about 17 years of age, of slender stature, about 5 feet 3 inches high; had with him, a ragged blue coat, tow petticoat trowsers, &c. Whoever secures the said servants in any Goal, so that their master may have them again, shall receive for the said William Cummings, the sum of Forty Shillings, and for the said James Ireland, the sum of Twenty Shillings, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN THOMPSON.

TO be SOLD at public sale, at the London Coffee-House, on Monday, the 27th of this instant June, at 6 o' clock in the evening, if not sold before at private sale, a 3 story brick house and lot, on the north side of Market-street, near the corner of Second-street, containing in front, on said street, 16 feet 6 inches, including a 3 feet alley, over which the house is built, and in length 102 feet. The house is 36 feet deep, with a brick kitchen, one story, and a small apartment, two stories high, between the house and kitchen; there is also at the end of said lot, a 2 story brick tenement, 16 feet by 15; bounded westward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, eastward by Hugh Hodge's house and lot, and westward by the following house and lot, to be also sold at the same time, viz. a two story wooden house and lot, containing in breadth 10 feet, and in length 102 feet; the house is 40 feet deep, with a two story brick kitchen, and a small two story brick tenement on the end of the lot, 10 feet by 15; bounded westward by a house and lot late of James M'Cullough, and northward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, now in the tenure of the widow Coombes, and letts for 30 l. per annum. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH REDMAN, in Market-street, or Dr. JOHN REDMAN, in Second-street.

N. B. The three Story Brick House is subject to a Ground-rent of Twelve Pounds Currency per Annum.

Abington, Sixth Month 6, 1768.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 20th day of the Sixth Month instant, being the Second Day of the week,

THE PLANTATION late of HUMPHREY WATERMAN, deceased, containing about 125 acres, of which 8 or 9 acres are meadow ground, and about 30 acres woodland, situate in Abington township, about ten miles from Philadelphia, on the Great Road from Frankford to Fletcher's mill. There is a convenient dwelling-house, kitchen, barn, stable and spring-house, built thereon, and is near several places of worship and merchant mills. The sale to be held on the said plantation, to begin at twelve o'clock, and several years credit will be allowed to the purchaser for one half of the money, on his giving security for payment thereof, with Interest. The present tenant will deliver up the place either this fall or next spring, as may be agreed on at the time of sale.

STEPHEN PASCHALL, living in Market-street, Philadelphia, between 4th and 5th Streets, and BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS, living at the Corner of Ninth-street, and Market-street, aforesaid, makes, and has now by them, for Sale, Screws for Clothiers, Timber-Carriages, Tobacconists, Packing, &c. also Iron Work for Grist-Mills, Saw-Mills, and Fulling-Mills, where any Person may be supplied, by applying to either of them, with the abovementioned Work, or any other Sort of Screws that their Business may require, made well, with the utmost Expedition, and at reasonable Rates, by STEPHEN PASCHALL, *and* BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

Said Paschall makes, and has now by him, several Pair of Smiths Bellows, for Sale.

Said Humphreys makes, and has now on Hand, a large Quantity of good Sickles, Scythes, Strawknives, Hayknives, and Briar Scythes, ready for Sale. He hopes the Distance from Market will not discourage his Friends, and others, from applying to him, who will serve them at reasonable Rates.

For LONDON.

The BRIGANTINE
HETTY,

A good new Vessel, now taking in Goods at Hamilton's Wharff; has great Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will sail with all expedition. For Freight or Passage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or THOMAS PENROSE.

Philadelphia, June 3, 1768.

For BRISTOL,

The SHIP
BRITANNIA,
JOHN SCOTT, Master,

Has good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail in two Weeks, having her Cargoe already engaged, except a few Tons of Iron, wanted on Freight. For Freight or Passage, apply to THOMAS SAVAGE, or the Captain on board said Ship, lying near Market-street Wharff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 17th of June instant, at 5 o' clock in the evening, at the house of Daniel Etter, at the corner of Second and Race streets, A certain 3 story brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the south-side of Sassafras-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on said street, 17 feet, and in depth 140 feet; bounded eastward with a lot of Henry Hill's, northward by Sassafras-street aforesaid, and westward by a lot of Captain Samuel Flower's.

Also one full, equal and undivided seventh part of and in a certain messuage and tract of land, situate at Point-No-Point, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing about 50 acres, adjoining lands of Joseph Fox, and Abel James.

Also one full, equal and undivided seventh part of and in a certain tract or piece of land, situate at Point-No-Point aforesaid, containing about 7 acres, bounded by the river Delaware, and lands of John Linn, and Jeremiah Elfreth.

Also one full, equal and undivided seventh part of and in a certain 3 story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the west-side of Second-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on Second-street aforesaid 33 feet, and in length or depth 99 feet, or thereabouts, bounded southward by ground of Daniel Mackinet, westward by an alley, and northward by a house and lot, late of Benjamin Leigh deceased.

Also one full, equal and undivided seventh part of and in a certain messuage and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Third-street, in the said city, containing in breadth on said street 18 feet, and in depth 51 feet, bounded southward and westward by a messuage and lot of the widow Steinmetz.

And also one full, equal and undivided seventh part of, in and to the reversion of a certain messuage, two lots of ground, and piece of land. One of the said lots whereon the said messuage is erected, situate on the west side of Third-street, and north side of Cherry street, in the city aforesaid (now in the possession of the widow Steinmetz) containing in breadth, on Third-street aforesaid, 18 feet, and in depth 51 feet. The other of the said lots situate on the north side of Cherry-street aforesaid, containing in breadth 21 feet 3 inches, and in depth 143 feet, or thereabouts.

And the said piece of land, situate on the north-side of Hickory Lane, in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, containing about 4 acres, adjoining lands of Jeremiah Elfreth, and Walter Goodman. All late the estate of Frederick Shreyer and wife, and to be sold by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by public vendue,

ON the 22 instant, at the parsonage house of Wicacoa, near the Swedish church, viz. A pair of large bay horses, well used to a carriage, one of them is a good riding horse, a four wheel carriage (the body new) and serves for a sleigh in winter, with a good pair of sleigh runners, and a light waggon. Also good houshold furniture, a new book case, deske, tables, chairs, looking glasses, beds, bedsteads, bed curtains, copper, pewter, china, garden tools, &c. &c. The vendue to begin at 10 of the clock that morning, or the next day, if the weather should not be good.

Also at the London Coffee-house, on the 26th following, at 6 of the clock in the evening, 3 acres, and 65 perches, of low meadow ground, lying on the road to Glouceſter, on the left side going down; the same that was Jacob Duche's Esq; afterwards Mr Charles Stedman's; is well fenced, and will probably give a good crop of hay. The purchaser may have twelve months to pay for the same, giving security, with interest, or it will be sold at private sale by C. M. WRANGEL.

The subscriber intending for Sweden, has for sale, a Negroe man, who understands farming, has for some years drove a carriage, and attended his horses, is handy in a family; also a Negroe woman, and a female child, 16 months old; the wench understands country work, is a good cook; they are both sober and orderly, and can be well recommended; they are at liberty to chuse their masters, and will be sold reasonable, if they prove willing for their places.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 15th of May last, from the Subscriber, living in Baltimore County, Maryland, a Servant Man, named Richard Wickly, but has changed it to John White, in a Discharge, or Pass, he carries with him, he says he got from Captain Manley, of the Nottingham Man of War, or Merchantman; the said Servant wears a dark coloured Fearnought Jacket, a light coloured Ditto, lined with black, without Sleeves, a Tow Shirt, old Leather Breeches, old dark coloured ribbed Stockings, half worn Shoes, and old Metal Buckles in them; he also carried with him, a half worn fine Hat, a fine white Shirt, and a Pair of ribbed Thread Stockings; he is about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, of a dark Complexion, down Look, and an Englishman born. Whoever takes up and secures the said Servant, so as the Subscriber, his Master, may have him again, or brings him to the Lower Ferry, on Sasquehanna, shall have Three Pounds Reward, if taken within ten Miles of Baltimore County, paid by WILLIAM BONAR.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry him off at their Peril. †

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of ground, situate on the east side of Third-street, a little above Arch-street, and nearly opposite the Presbyterian Meeting-House; containing in front upon Third-street 18 feet, and in length or depth 140 feet. For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM THORNE, Writing Master, in Vidal's Alley, Second-street, Philadelphia.

For DUBLIN,

The SHIP
NEWRY PACKET,
JAMES MONTGOMERY,
MASTER;

Has good Accommodations for Passengers; is expected to sail in three Weeks, the greatest Part of her Cargoe being ready. For Freight or Passage apply to SAMUEL FISHER, JOSEPH DONALDSON, and JOHN PRINGLE, or said Master, at the London Coffee-House.

N. B. There are to be disposed of on board said Vessel a few likely, healthy Men, Women and Boys, indented Servants, and a Parcel of Iron and Wood Hoop Water Cask.

AN Hundred Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the ensuing Harvest, which are made with the utmost Care, will be sold at the lowest Rate, and insured good, by JAMES HENDRICKS, CUTLER, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Prison, in Market-street; where also is made, Scale Beams, Steelyards, Table Knives and Forks, an Assortment of Cutlery kept, and old Work ground, or repaired. ‖ 6 W.

SAMUEL WHEELER, CUTLER,

At the Sign of the HAND AND SICKLE, a few Doors above the Church, in Second-street, Philadelphia,

HAS for Sale, a Quantity of SCYTHES and SICKLES, of his own making. They may also be had at his House, the Sign of the SCYTHE, in Church-Alley. He also makes any Kind of Iron Work for the West-Indies, or elsewhere. §

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June 23, 1768. NUMB. 2661.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Continuation of the ELECTIONS *for* MEMBERS *of* PARLIAMENT, *from* No. 2059 *of this Paper.*

FOR *Gatton*, Hon. John Damer, and Joſeph Martin, Eſquires. *Preſton, Lancaſhire*, Sir P. Leiceſter, and Sir F. Standiſh. *Boſton, Lincolnſhire*, Lord Rob. Bertie, and Charles Amcotts, Eſquire. *Brecon County*, Thomas Morgan, Eſquire. *Carliſle*, Lord Ed. Bentinck, and G. Muſgrave, Eſquire. *Caſtle-Riſing*, T. Whateley, and Jen. Shaftoe, Eſquires. *Durham County*, Hon. Fred. Vane, and Sir Tho. Clavering, Bart. *Newcaſtle Under-Line*, Tho. Gilbert, and J. Wrotteſley, Eſquires. *Poole*, Tho. Calcraft, and Joſh. Mauger, Eſquires. *Eſſex*, Sir William Maynard, and Mr. Luther. *Morpeth*, Mr. Beckford, and Sir Matthew Ridley. *County of Surry*, Right Hon. George Onſlow, and Sir Francis Vincent, Bart. *Borough of Cirencester*, James Whitſhed, and Eſtcourt Creſſwell, Eſquires. *Beaumaris*, Sir Hugh Williams, Bart. *Bedfordſhire*, Earl of Upper Oſſory, and Rob. Henley Ongley, Eſq; *Boroughbridge*, Nath. Cholmley, and Ja. Weſt, ſen. Eſquires. *Cardiff*, Herbert Mackworth, Eſq; *Kent*, Sir Brook Bridges, Bart. and John Sackville, Eſq; *Merionethſhire*, John Pugh Pryce, Eſq; *New Radnor*, John Lewis, of Harpton, Eſq; *Oxfordſhire*, Lord Charles Spencer, and Lord Wenman. *Richmond, Yorkſhire*, Thomas Dundaſs, and Alexander Wedderburn, Eſquires. *Southampton County*, Lord Henley, and Sir Simeon Stuart. *Taviſtock*, Rt. Hon. Richard Rigby, and Richard Neville Neville, Eſquires. *Suſſex*, Lord George Lenox, and the Right Hon. Thomas Pelham. *Berks*, Arth. Vanſittart, and T. Craven, Eſquires. *Cardigan*, Pryce Campbell, Eſq; *Carmarthen*, Griffith Philips, Eſq; *Carnarvon*, Col. Glynn Wynn. *Cheſhire*, Sam. Egerton, and J. Crew, of Crewhall, Eſquires. *Cockermouth*, Sir Geo. Macartney, and Cha. Jenkinſon, Eſq; *Flint*, Sir John Glynn. *Monmouthſhire*, T. Morgan, and J. Hanbury, Eſquires, without oppoſition. *Northamptonſhire*, Sir Edm. Iſham, and Sir Will. Dolben. *Devonſhire*, Tho. Noel, of Exton, and Geo. ------- Brudenell, of Ayſton, Eſquires. *Suffolk*, Sir Charles Bunbury, and Sir John Rous, Barts. *Truro*, Gen. George Boſcawen, and Edw. Hugh Boſcawen, Eſq; *Worceſterſhire*, the Right Hon. Wm. Dowdeſwell, and the Hon. John Ward. *County of Darby*, Lord Geo. Cavendiſh, and Mr. Clarke. *Northampton*, Sir George Oſborn, and Sir Geo. Rodney. *Huntingdon*, Lord Hinchingbrook, and Lord Ludlow. *Northumberland*, Sir Ed. Blackett, and Geo. Delaval, Eſq; *Calne, Wiltſhire*, John Dunning, Solicitor-General, and Thomas Fitzmaurice, Eſquires. *Cardiganſhire*, Lord Viſcount Liſburne. *Cornwall County*, Sir John St. Aubyn, and Sir John Molesworth, Barts. *Denbighſhire*, Sir Lynch Saluſbury Cotton. *Leiceſterſhire*, Sir John Palmer, and Sir Thomas Cave. *Pembroke*, Sir William Owen. *Leiceſter*, The Hon. Mr. Grey, and Colonel Coote. *Hereford*, Thomas Foley, ſenior, and Thomas Foley, junior. *Dorſetſhire*, Humphrey Sturt, and George Pitt, Eſquires. *Lancaſhire*, Lord Strange, and Lord Archibald Hamilton. *Radnorſhire, in South-Wales*, The Marquis of Carnarvon. *Carnarvonſhire*, Thomas Wynne, Eſq. *Glamorganſhire*, George Venables Vernon, Eſq; *Montgomeryſhire*, Edward Kynaſton, Eſq. *Pembrokeſhire*, Sir Richard Philips, Bart. *Shropſhire*, Sir John Aſtley, Bart. and Charles Baldwin, Eſq. *Warwickſhire*, Sir Charles Mordaunt, Bart. and William Bromley, Eſq. *Flintſhire*, Sir Roger Moſtyn, Bart. *Radnorſhire*, Chaſe Price, Eſq. *Corfe-Caſtle*, John Bond, John Jenkinſon, Eſquires. *Wareham*, Ralph Barton, Robert Palk, Eſquires. *Weymouth, and Melcombe-Regis*, the Right Hon. Drigue Billiers, Lord Waltham of the kingdom of Ireland, Sir Cha. Davert, Bart. Jer. Dyſon, John Tucker, Eſquires. *Angleſea*, Owen Meyrick, Eſq; *Weſtmoreland*, Mr. Robinſon, and Mr. Fenwick.

ELECTIONS for SCOTLAND.

EDINBURGH, Sir Lawrence Dundas, Bart. *County of Edinburgh*, Sir Alexander Gilmour, Bart. *Stirling*, Thomas Dundas, Eſq; *Roxburgh*, The Hon. Sir Gilbert Elliot. *Dunbar*, Lieut. Col. Patrick Warrander. *Lanerk*, Captain Lockhart Roſs. *The Burghs of Haddington*, &c. The Hon. Captain John Maitland. *The Burghs of Wigton, New Galway, Stanraer, and Whitborne*, Auguſtus Selwyn, Eſq; *The Burghs of Dumfries, Farcubar, Lochmaben, Annan, and Kirkcudbright*, William Douglaſs, Eſq. *The Burghs of Tain, Kirkwall, Wick, Dornack, and Dingwall*, The Hon. Col. Alexander Mackey. *Fifeſhire*, Col. John Scott. *Haddingtonſhire*, Sir George Suttie, Bart. *Peeblesſhire*, Right Hon. Lord Advocate. *Perthſhire*, General Græme. *Airſhire*, Archibald Montgomery, Eſq. *Aberdeenſhire*, Lord Adam Gordon. *Bamfſhire*, Earl of Fife. *Renfrewſhire*, William M'Dowal, Eſq. *Roſsſhire*, Right Hon. James Stuart Mackenzie. *Anſtruther, &c.* Sir John Anſtruther. *Dumfermling, Culroſs, &c.* Lieut. Col. James Maſtertoun. *Dundee, &c.* William Pultney, Eſq. *Dyſart, Kirkaldie, &c.* J. Townſend Oſwald, Eſq. *Glaſgow, &c.* Lord Frederick Campbell. *Kincardineſhire*, Col. Ricart Hepburn. *Dunbarton County*, Archibald Edmonſtone, Eſq. *Rothſay, &c.* Alexander Muir, Eſq.

PLOCKZKO, in Poland, March 5.

THE Commiſſioners of the Republic had propoſed to aſſign to each of the Marſhals of the two Confederacies, a ſum of 100,000 florins, in conſideration of the great expence they had been at to diſcharge their employs with dignity; but the latter nobly excuſed themſelves from accepting any retribution or recompence, alledging, that in all their endeavours for the public good they never had in view to be of charge to the ſtate, much leſs to ſeek any intereſt of their own at the expence of their fellow citizens; that they were happy in having ſerved their country to advantage, and ſufficiently ſatisfied with the ſucceſs of their labours. In return for this unexampled patriotiſm and diſintereſtedneſs, it has been reſolved to return them thanks in the name of the Republic, and to preſerve the ſame in the Archives of the Crown.

LONDON March 26.

Another divorce between two noble Perſonages is expected to take place ſoon after the commencement of the next Parliament.

March 31. Letters from Rome mention, that one of the firſt Catholic Courts inſiſts upon the total extinction of the Order of Jeſuits: And 'tis added, that a certain Cardinal, who has always been a great advocate for them, is removed from the management of affairs, and even from the perſon of the Pope.

We hear in the courſe of laſt year, a great number of North-American built veſſels were ſold in different parts of the Mediterranean, where New-England ſhips are in great demand.

The King of Pruſſia has wrote a complimentary letter to the Empreſs of Ruſſia concerning a plan for a new code of laws, which has been drawn up by her Imperial Majeſty, and lately remitted to the Pruſſian Monarch. In the diſpatches to his Miniſter at Peterſburgh, which accompanied this letter, his Pruſſian Majeſty writes thus: "I have read with admiration the work of the Empreſs. I have not been willing to ſay all that I thought, becauſe ſhe might ſuſpect me of flattery; but to you I may ſay, without offence to modeſty, that it is a maſculine, nervous performance, and worthy of a great man. Hiſtory tells us, that Semiramis commanded armies; that Queen Elizabeth paſſed for a good politician; that the Empreſs Queen ſhewed great firmneſs at the commencement of her reign; but we have never yet heard of any female being a lawgiver. This glory was reſerved for the Empreſs of Ruſſia."

His Pruſſian Majeſty, in his letter to the Empreſs, ſays, "The ancient Greeks (who were admirers of all merit, but aſſigned the firſt ſeat of glory to legiſlators, whom they judged to be the true benefactors of human kind) would have placed your Imperial Majeſty between Lycurgus and Solon.

April 2. The laſt letters from the Hague mention, that her Royal Highneſs the Hereditary Princeſs of Brunſwick is far advanced in her pregnancy, and that great preparations are made at Brunſwick for her lying-in; and that his Serene Highneſs the Duke Ferdinand arrived at Brunſwick from Ganderheim, where he had been confined for ſome time with a fever; but that His Royal Highneſs was quite recovered.

Monday as Count Rawotſki, lately arrived here from Poland, was coming in his coach from Kew, his Lordſhip had a ſtone flung at him, which he luckily caught in his hand. Such treatment as this makes Foreigners in general have a notion of our elections no way to the honour of this country.

The difference between two powerful families, it is thought, will be productive of ſome intereſting conſequences to the public.

Tueſday evening laſt the populace ſtopped a young man on horſeback in the New Road, Iſlington, and aſked him who he was for; but he not readily giving an anſwer, one of them ſtruck him on the head, and fractured his ſcull: He was carried to St. Bartholomew's Hoſpital, where he died the next day.

A letter from Chelmsford, March 30, ſays, "*The mob yeſterday at this place, both during the time of the poll, and after the cloſing of it, were extremely riotous and outrageous, breaking almoſt all the windows, knocking one another down, and behaving in ſuch a manner, that the inhabitants were afraid to ſtir out of their houſes. Two men loſt their lives; and another was run over by a coach, and had both his legs, and one of his arms, broken.*"

April 5. The troubles in the province of Montenero begin to give great uneaſineſs to the Venetians, who have been informed from their Conſul at Scutari, that the Ottoman Porte had received intelligence, ſigned by all the Agas, that the Venetian troops maintained a ſecret correſpondence with the Impoſtor Stephano, who pretends to be the Czar Peter the Third.

It is certain that three communities of the Venetian Dalmatia have joined the inhabitants of Montenero, in behalf of the ſaid Stephano; but the Republic is uſing its utmoſt efforts to bring them back to their duty, the pretended Czar is at Maini, where he and his party live upon the plunder they make from the Turks. The Baſhaw of Scutari has received orders to ſend ſome troops to oppoſe their rapine; and the Ruſſian Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, it is ſaid, has notified to the Biſhop of Montenero, that the Empreſs his Sovereign will withdraw her uſual liberalities to the churches of that dioceſe, whilſt he and his dependants continue to countenance or favour the Impoſtor.

Letters from Geneva, dated March 11, ſay, "This day is rendered the moſt remarkable that ever happened in the hiſtory of the Republic, by the re-union of the orders of the State, and by that means preventing a civil war which there was reaſon to apprehend. This peace between the general council and the citizens is concluded upon terms very honourable to the latter, and to the general ſatisfaction of all parties."

Letters from Rome ſay, "Several of the Cardinals are rather chagrined at the late proceedings of his Holineſs againſt the Infant Duke of Parma, and are of opinion, that the Pope ſhould employ mildneſs and moderation for terminating the differences ariſen between him and the Duke, as there is no doubt but that the Courts of Verſailles, Madrid, and Naples, will be diſpoſed to make very ſpirited repreſentations in favour of his Royal Highneſs.

They write from Leghorn, that a Corſican man of war had lately purſued and taken an Algerine Corſair under the very ramparts of the city of Scios, in revenge for the Moors having ſeized a veſſel belonging to Paſchal Paoli, which was alſo recovered at the ſame time, and both carried into Fornali, in the Gulf of St. Fiorenzo.

Some letters from the Hague mention, that their Serene and Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Orange, accompanied by the Prince and Princeſs of Naſſau Weilbourg, will pay a viſit to this court this ſummer; we hear Somerſet-houſe palace will be fitted up for their reſidence during their ſtay.

It is ſaid the election for Southwark coſt the three candidates 30,000l.

At Huntingdon Election we are told, that a Gentleman, extremely zealous for the cauſe of Liberty *and* Independency, *put five guineas into a Freeholder's hand to vote for his friend, and give him a plumper. He pocketed the bribe, ſaid the money would be of great ſervice to his poor family, but that he had given his vote the day before for the two Lords.*

To be SOLD, by
Captain JOHN SIBBALD,
At his Houſe, oppoſite the New-Market, in Second-ſtreet,
GOOD Madeira Wine, in Hogſheads, and Quarter-Caſks, or retail, and by the Dozen or Caſe, for Sea Stores; alſo Jamaica Spirit, Bitters and Vinegar. ‡

TO BE SOLD,
At Richard Dennis's Wharff, in Southwark, near the Swediſh Church,
WHALE Oil, of different Sorts, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Peaſe, a few Bolts of Canvas, No. 4, &c. Apply to RICHARD DENNIS. ⊕

Newtown, Bucks County, June 16, 1768.
THE Public are deſired not to take an Aſſignment of a Promiſſary Note, viz. Abel James to William Williams, junior, for between 25 and 30 Pounds, dated ſome time in the Year 1761, aſſigned by the ſaid William Williams, junior, unto William Williams, ſenior; for the Subſcriber can produce Receipts from ſaid Williams, junior, in full for the ſaid Note.
⊕ ABEL JAMES.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,
A GOOD well finiſhed two Story Brick HOUSE, 19 Feet Front on Second-ſtreet, and 17 Feet deep, with a Cellar under the whole; alſo a Frame Kitchen. The Lot is 20 Feet Front, and 210 Feet Back, bounding on a 40 Feet Street, has the Privilege of a three Feet Alley, and a Pump of good Water within a few Yards of the Door; ſituate next Door but one to the Sign of the Rainbow, in Campingtown. For further Particulars, enquire of JAMES CASSELL, Ship-joiner, in Saſſafras or Race-ſtreet, near Front-ſtreet. ¶

JOHN SEARSON,
Who formerly kept ſtore in Third-ſtreet, being lately arrived from England, hath juſt imported in the Ship Roſanna, and Brig Jupiter, from Liverpool, and now to be ſold, extremely low for caſh, at his ſtore, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, and nearly oppoſite to where Mr. R. Bache lately had his ſtore,
A VERY neat aſſortment of 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard and 3-8ths cotton and linen checks, furniture ditto, bed bunts, cotton holland, ſilk tobines, checked damaſcuſſes, fuſtians, linen handkerchiefs, cotton counterpanes, black velverets, much approved of for wear at home, and is a new fabrick; cut velvet ſhapes; cotton gowns; coloured threads; a compleat aſſortment of boys, youths, and mens felt and caſtor hats, ſome of them neatly napt, they being much wore of late in England; and as theſe articles are laid in on the very beſt terms, and from a capital houſe, they will be ſold very low.
Said SEARSON expects, in the firſt ſhips from London, a large aſſortment of china, hoſiery, &c. Tbctf.

WHEREAS I, the Subſcriber, did, in the Pennſylvania Gazette, No. 2059, and likewiſe in the Pennſylvania Chronicle, No. 73, adverтiſe a certain Nathan Collins, having abſconded from the uſual Place of his Abode, and enticed away with him an Apprentice Boy, named Joſeph Sharp. Now, theſe are to inform the Public, that the Friends and Relations of the ſaid Nathan Collins have engaged to make me full Satisfaction on that Account, and that the ſaid Nathan Collins may paſs unmoleſted for any Thing I have at preſent againſt him, as no Reward, for apprehending him, will be paid by me WILLIAM DOWNS. ⊕

STRAYED away, from the Subſcriber, in Nockamixon Townſhip, Bucks County, the 13th of May laſt, a ſorrel Mare, with a Blaze in her Face, is about 13 Hands and a Half high, ſhe paces well, and can trot, is branded PC on the near Thigh. Whoever will take up and ſecure the ſaid Mare, ſo as the Owner may get her again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by me JOHN ILIFF. §

TAKEN up, on the 17th of June inſt. by JACOB FRITZ, at Frankford, a bay MARE, big with Foal, between 13 and 14 Hands high, ſhod before, branded on the off Shoulder B, ſhe trots, and has two ſmall white Spots on her hind Feet. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away.

WHEREAS a certain Hugh Galbreth, by an Advertiſement of the 2d May laſt, publiſhed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, that I, together with Andrew Finley, impoſed on him in the Sale of a Tract of Land, and in taking Bonds from him; both which Facts, as far as relate to me, are falſe, and without any Foundation in Truth; and, in Juſtice to my Character, I take this Method to acquaint the Public, that I never took any Bonds of him, nor ſold him any Land, and that whatever Agreements him and Andrew Finley made, were without my Privity or Knowledge, and that I intend to proſecute him at Law, for the Falſity and Slander contained in ſaid Advertiſement. DAVID GRIER. ¶

STRAYED or ſtolen, from the Plantation of William Sheerer, in Weſt Nantmil, Cheſter County, a black Mare, 6 Years old this Spring, has a few white Hairs in her Forehead, ſhod before, a bob Tail, paces and trots, about 14 Hands and a Half high, has a good many Saddle Marks, ſuckled a Colt, and was low in Fleſh, neither Brand nor Ear Mark. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and brings her to the Subſcriber, living in the above Townſhip, ſhall have Twenty Shillings, and reaſonable Charges; and if taken out of Cheſter County, Forty Shillings Reward, paid by SAMUEL MUCKLEBUFF.
N. B. The above Mare is under Execution, by John Morton, Sheriff, in Cheſter County. ¶

RUN away, from the Subſcriber, living in Thornbury, Cheſter County, on the 10th of June inſt. a Negroe Man, named Iſaac, 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, about 26 Years of Age, ſpeaks good Engliſh, being this Country born, and is a well made ſtrong active fellow; had on, when he went away, a good blue Broadcloth Jacket, without Sleeves, lined with red ſtriped Callimancoe, an old fine Linen Shirt, Leather Breeches, and good Felt Hat, but may have other Clothes with him; he is much marked with the Small-pox; it is likely he may be either in Pequea, or about Wilmington, having lived near both thoſe Places; he underſtands the Coaling Buſineſs, having been employed therein for 3 or 4 Years at Sarum Forge. Whoever ſecures ſaid Negroe, in any Goal in this Province, and informs the Subſcriber immediately, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, from PERSIFOR FRAZER. §

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living at the ſign of the Bull's head, in Weſt Nantmil, Cheſter county, the 11th of June inſt. an indented ſervant man, named John Slye, or Slide, alias Henry Sharp, this country born, about 37 years of age, of a dark complexion, ſhort hair, cut pretty cloſe before, the fore part grey, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has a remarkable halt in his walk, as one thigh is ſhorter than the other, is very talkative, and apt to ſwear and lie; had on, when he went away, a tow ſhirt and trowſers, an old ſcarlet lapelled jacket, with red mohair buttons, an old home made ſnuff coloured cloth coat, with clear metal buttons, the pockets in the haunches, a half-worn wool hat, a pair of old ſhoes, with ſtrings; has with him a counterfeit paſs, ſigned by 3 juſtices in Loudoun county, Virginia, wherein he paſſed for John Graham, he has probably made towards the Jerſeys. Whoever ſecures him in any goal, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, or Three Pounds, if out of the province, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN GRAHAM. ¶

FRANKFORT, March 26.

OUR last Letters from Italy adviſe, that the Jeſuits will not only be baniſhed from the States of Genoa and Modena, but likewiſe out of the Auſtrian Lombardy. Theſe letters add, that Cardinal Spinola is appointed Secretary of State at Rome, inſtead of Cardinal Torregiani; and if this news is true, the Society of the Jeſuits will ſoon be aboliſhed, the laſt mentioned Cardinal being their principal ſupport.

Naples, March 8. The Government has iſſued an order, that no book, written by a Jeſuit, ſhall be ſold or kept in any Booksellers ſhops. No books are excepted, not even thoſe which relate to the Mathematicks.

Paris, March 25. Letters from Rouen adviſe, that there was a terrible inſurrection of the populace laſt Tueſday and Wedneſday, on account of the high price of bread; that ſeveral perſons were killed, and three or four houſes burnt by means of this tumult.

Some letters from Spain aſſure us, that all the Jeſuits in Peru have been arreſted and put on board ſhips, in order to be ſent to Europe, and that they will probably be landed in Corſica.

Liſbon March 10. The immenſe foreſts, great mountains, and extenſive marſhes, which naturally prevent a good communication between the provinces of Brazil and Paraguay in America, have hitherto occaſioned the laſt mentioned province to be much neglected by this court; and as theſe obſtructions cannot be removed but with great labour, and at great expence, our court propoſes to cede that part of its dominions in America to Spain, to whom it is by ſituation much more commodious. A negociation is now depending between the two courts on the abovementioned account.

LONDON.

April 7. Letters from Poland mention, that the malecontents of Podolia are in expectation of being aſſiſted by the Tartars. Some of the Crown troops have received orders to march towards Podolia.

They write from Madrid, of the 8th of laſt month, that the Council of Caſtille, in conjunction with the five Biſhops, who came hither by the King's order, have given their opinion concerning the edict lately iſſued by the Duke of Parma, by declaring, that this edict is an act or exerciſe of the competent right of every Sovereign, and is no ways liable to the cenſure of the Court of Rome.

It is ſaid there will ſoon be a general promotion of Staff Officers.

April 9. A certain great perſon, who warmly eſpouſed the cauſe of thoſe who loſt their election at N---------n, is ſaid to have ſpent above 40,000l. on that occaſion.

Some great men are already cutting down their timber, in conſequence of extraordinary expences at the preſent election.

We hear from Guernſey, that a Dutch tranſport, laden with naval ſtores for Breſt, was lately wrecked in a hard gale of wind, on the Iſle of Oleron.

A letter from Hamburgh mentions, that a Prince of the Empire had lately renounced the errors of Popery.

April 12. A letter from Copenhagen, dated the 22d of March, ſays, "The King will ſet out the 28th of next month on the journey which he propoſes to take incog. His Majeſty will firſt go to Berlin, and from thence to Konigſberg, and Peterſburgh, where he will ſtay ſome months, and afterwards proceed by Warſaw, Dreſden, &c. to Italy; ſo that it is imagined the whole tour will take up near two years."

We are told from Warſaw, that, at the requeſt of the Court of Peterſburgh, the abolition of the Nunciature in Poland will not take place.

We are informed, that a certain Commoner, previous to his going into the country on the buſineſs of canvaſſing for member of Parliament, raiſed the ſum of ninety-five thouſand pounds ſterling, by the ſale of annuities on his own life.

Three barks from Genoa to Leghorn, with ſilk, &c. one ditto from Leghorn to Genoa, are taken by the Corſicans, and carried into Corſica.

It is ſaid the ſucceſsful candidate for a certain borough, Eaſt of the metropolis, ſpent 30,000l. to carry his election ſome years ſince, and that he aſſiſted at a certain aſſembly but five times, ſo that the expence of each day's amuſement amounted to only 6000l. per day.

The Cumberland election, we are credibly informed, has already coſt a certain candidate near 20,000l.

By the beginning of May it is expected the Town will be as full as ever was known on any occaſion, the lodging houſes in all the capital ſtreets near St. James's being already engaged.

Some approaching changes in the Navy and Victualling Offices are confidently talked of at the Weſt end of the town.

April 14. It is reported, that all the Officers of the foot-guards have received orders to raiſe their companies to the full complement, as ſoon as poſſible.

They write from Paris, that a very curious fowling piece, of a new invention, and weighing only ſeven pounds, had been preſented, on the 24th paſt, to the King at Choiſy. This piece diſcharges itſelf twenty-four times in two minutes.

On the 26th laſt, a fire broke out at the village of Virey, in France, which reduced to aſhes twenty-two houſes, and eighteen barns, the latter all full of corn.

A correſpondent writes thus: "The election of the ſixteen repreſentatives of the Scottiſh Peerage now approaches, and as it is well known that a certain Earl of that country has given them a noble opportunity to ſet forth 'the Spirit, the Honour, and 'the Independency of the Scotch Peerage,' we ſhall all perceive towards the beginning of May, I hope, that nothing could have been more falſe and injurious, than to ſuppoſe our Northern countrymen deficient in thoſe principles which have ever diſtinguiſhed theſe happy and united kingdoms."

April 16. Yeſterday Mr. Wilkes's friends dined at the King's Arms Tavern; it is very remarkable that the company happened to be exactly 45, including Mr. Wilkes. The following toaſts among others were drank: The King----The Royal Family----Old England, its Trade and Liberties---Proſperity to the County of Middleſex---The City of London---A Free, Honeſt, and Independent Parliament.

Private letters from Paris mention, that the Court had not only entered into treaty to aſſiſt the Genoeſe with auxiliary troops, but alſo to ſend ſome French men of war to prevent the naval commerce of the Republic from being moleſted in the Mediterranean by Paoli's privateers.

Letters from Paris, dated April 4, ſay, "A very melancholy accident happened by a fire breaking out in one of the chambers of a nunnery in the Rue des Poſtes late on Thurſday night laſt, in which were ſeven young ladies, five of whom periſhed in the flames, and the other two were with difficulty got out, very much hurt.

Some letters from Cadiz adviſe, that a ſmall French ſquadron came into that bay, the middle of laſt month, and ſailed three days afterwards, commanded by M. de Brignon, who is going as Ambaſſador from the court of France to the Emperor of Morocco.

Private letters from Genoa confirm the accounts before received of the ſucceſs of the Corſican privateers, who very frequently take ſome of the Genoeſe ſhips; and add, that an additional naval force is juſt ready to put to ſea to make repriſals.

They write from Leghorn, that one of Paoli's armed ſhips had lately taken two Genoeſe pinks and a polacre in the ſtreight of Sardinia, and carried them into St. Fiorenzo.

They write from Vienna, of the 30th paſt, that the Archdutcheſs Amelia, the intended conſort of the Infant Duke of Parma, had been ſo much indiſpoſed for ſome time paſt, that it is feared her Royal Highneſs will not get over it.

It is ſaid, that the promotion of the Earl of Sandwich to be Joint Poſt-maſter, is the firſt effect of the plan, that will be farther carried into execution after the riſing of a great Aſſembly.

It is reported that the E. of B. has actually intereſted himſelf much on behalf of John Wilkes, Eſq; with a very great perſonage.---If ſo, muſt not the tongue of ſlander and malevolence be ſtruck dumb at ſuch an inſtance of magnanimity.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, April 15.

"It is very confidently aſſerted, that the only reaſon a *popular Exile* was not invited, as intended, to an entertainment in this city, was entirely owing to an unfortunate diſagreement of the *patriotic Junto of Forty-five* among themſelves; the Chairman ſtrenuouſly inſiſting, both as to propriety, and as an emblem of their principles, that the *capital diſh* ſhould be a *Calf's Head*, garniſhed with black ribbons,---which being put to the vote, the motion was carried in the negative by *Forty-one*.

"We hear, that the Friends of Liberty, who intended to have invited their Hero to an entertainment on Forty-five diſhes, &c. by a ſubſcription of Forty-five guineas, have miſcarried in their laudable ſcheme for want of numbers----Forty-five Gentlemen of ſuch patriotic principles not being to be found in all this city."

A letter in one of the morning papers, ſays, "The ſuggeſtion that if the D. of G-----n had been in town, the late illuminations and noiſe which produced them, would not have taken place, has been ſo often urged, and ſo carefully propagated with every degree of inflammation, that it is neceſſary to inform the Public, *the* D. *of G-----n was in town that night*, but the call of the mob for lights was ſo late, and ſo ſudden, that it was impoſſible to be prevented by the intervention of the civil power only, had the riot been even ſo great as has been maliciouſly repreſented; and that the perſon ought to bluſh who uſed ſuch arguments merely to inflame, and, if poſſible, to increaſe the diſtruſt of the people, hoping in the general confuſion to ſatisfy his factious and ambitious views." In the ſame letter it is added, "All will paſs over in quiet, the law will be ſuffered to take its courſe againſt Mr. Wilkes, and he will ſubmit to the judgment of the King's Bench.---Miniſters who rule only by the laws, will not be oppoſed."

They write from Leghorn, that ſeveral more ſtout Corſican privateers are fitting out in Porto Ferraio, to cruize on the coaſts of Genoa.

Letters from Warſaw, dated March 30, ſay, "According to our laſt advices from the province of Podolia, the Confederacy lately formed there may, on account of its proceedings, be conſidered as a cruſade. Their Marſhal or Chief is Count Potocki, Staroſte of Kaniewſki. The Confederates endeavour as much as poſſible to encreaſe their party, but meet with little ſucceſs. The manifeſto they have publiſhed is compoſed of 15 articles; by which they propoſe to reſtore the liberty which the nation formerly enjoyed, and refuſe to acknowledge the rights lately granted by the Diet to the Greeks and Diſſidents. Their number is not near ſo conſiderable as was at firſt imagined, and it is aſſured that the King has exhorted them to ſeparate themſelves, and return home quietly, leſt he ſhould be obliged to employ the military force againſt them.

April 18. A coalition of parties is ſaid to be forming under the ſanction of Lord Chatham, which, it is ſaid, will render ſtrong the late ſo greatly relaxed fibres of adminiſtration.

It is reported that Sir James Daſhwood, and Sir William Beauchamp Proctor, Barts. will ſhortly be created Peers of Great-Britain.

It is currently reported that George Greenville, Eſq; will ſoon be appointed Secretary of State.

General Conway, paymaſter of the forces, and major-general of the ordnance.

Duke of Northumberland, firſt Lord of the Treaſury.

And alſo that there will be ſome material changes in his Majeſty's Governors in America and Weſt-Indies.

April 21. An eminent Founder of this city has received a commiſſion from Corſica for above 50 church bells, of a good ſize, and the beſt metal England can afford.

Letters from Paris adviſe, that 50 houſes, with the church and parſonage, had been deſtroyed by fire in the town of St. Paterne, near Tours; and that ſeveral perſons periſhed in the flames.

It is ſaid that two forts are to be erected this ſummer on the banks of the river Medway, ſome miles above Sheerneſs.

Laſt week eleven ſhips arrived at Liverpool with wheat, barley and oats.

Since Thurſday laſt 1 ſhip from Leghorn, 2 from Naples, 1 from Florence, 2 from Dantzick, and 2 from Holland, laden with corn, have arrived at their moorings in the river.

April 23. They write from Gibraltar, that the principal cauſe of the Algerines having threatened to go to war with Holland, was on account of the abuſe of Dutch paſſes in the Mediterranean.

A letter from Dublin, dated April 16, ſays, "Yeſterday at a Quarter Aſſembly of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, &c. it was agreed that his Excellency Lord Viſcount Townſhend be applied to, to honour the city of Dublin to ſit for his picture, to be painted by a native of this kingdom, at the city expence, in honour of his Excellency's great ſervices to this kingdom, and particularly for obtaining the octennial bill.

April 26. It is rumoured, that ſome material changes will quickly take place in two great boards.

We hear that a late election in the north has actually coſt one of the parties 70,000l.

They write from Liſbon, that ſeveral ſtout ſhips are now fitting out in the Tagus belonging to the mercantile company, who laſt year received the permiſſion of government to trade to the coaſts of Bengal and Coromandel.

They write from Sweden of the 18th ult. that a mine of copper at Fahlum had taken fire, and had been burning for three weeks. The mine being very deep, no perſon could venture to go down, ſo that the working of it was entirely ſtopped.

They write from Copenhagen, that a very terrible eruption of fire had lately happened at Mount Hecla, in Iceland, that the ſhips decks, ſeveral miles diſtant in the road, had been covered with aſhes, and that the effects of the volcano fell all over the iſland.

It is remarkable, that when Mr. Wilkes was brought from the Tower, by *habeas corpus*, to the court of Common Pleas, Earl Temple was on the bench the whole time; and on Wedneſday, when our patriot ſurrendered in the court of King's Bench, Earl Winchelſea ſat on the bench next to the judges during the whole argument *pro* and *con*; and ſeveral other perſons of rank were alſo preſent, ſome of whom took minutes of the proceedings.

April 28. It is ſaid that a certain election in the North, has coſt one of the candidates not leſs than 120,000l. and that he drew on his agent in town for 95,000l. at one draught.

Extract of a Letter from Madras, dated November 3, 1768.

"You will have learned from my former letters how flattering the proſpect opened at the beginning of this year, and alſo how ſudden a change aroſe, contrary to the true intereſt of the Nizam who occaſioned it; and how we have been obliged, contrary to our inclination, to enter into a war againſt the very power we meant to ſupport, and in ſome degree raiſed to that dignity, which his father enjoyed. Never was there a more bare-faced breach of a ſolemn treaty than that which Nizam has committed, nor a more unnatural alliance; but he is now in a moſt embarraſſing ſituation, and muſt feel ſeverely the effects of his unſteady conduct. He is encamped with an ally, who will neither ſupport him with money, ſuffer him to retire, nor let him throw himſelf on our mercy.

He ſees us preparing to attack his Capital, and cannot avert the ſtorm, for he is in danger of being cut off, on the firſt meaſure he takes contrary to Hyder Ally's opinion. Two Envoys who have found means to get to Trinomalee, are now coming hither with letters to our Nabob, from ſome of the Chiefs of the Nizam's army, by which we are told they requeſted the Nabob's interpoſition to effect a reconciliation between us and the Subah.

The two grand points we firſt aimed at, were to have a Subah of the Decan our firm friend, thereby to give peace to the Circars, and to reduce the power of, or utterly extirpate Hyder Naique, that we might have nothing to apprehend for the tranquility of the Carnatick.

The gentlemen of Bengal enter moſt heartily into our quarrel, and ſpur us on to purſue it with vigour, and till we can make peace on our own terms. Indeed, they urge us to eſtabliſh the ſame influence over the Decan, and the Myſore country, as they have done over the Subahdary of Bengal. It may probably come to that ſtate in the end, and in caſe Nizam Ally continues obſtinate, we have in view the King's ſon for the government of the Decan, with the Duanny for the company. If the Crown has compromiſed matters with the company at home, for an annual ſum, I hope it has ſtipulated, that the crown ſhall afford the company ſuccours occaſionally, to render their territorial poſſeſſions permanent, and enable them to pay their annual ſtipend. The Myſore country is able to contribute largely to the diſcharge of ſuch an incumbrance."

Some letters from Warſaw adviſe, that the new confederates of Podolia have made themſelves maſters of the caſtle at Bar as well as the fortreſs of Kaminieck; and that the number of gentlemen who have joined them is eſtimated at 8000. It is added, that all the members of the Confederacy have engaged themſelves by the moſt ſolemn oath not to diſcover any of their projects; that their conduct ſeems to be very regular; and that they pay ready money for every thing they ſtand in need of.

Yeſterday morning a large body of coal-heavers aſſembled in a riotous manner in Wapping, went on board the colliers, and obliged thoſe men who were at work to leave off, ſo that buſineſs is at a ſtand; a fray afterwards enſued between ſome of the lumpers ſervants and the above coal-heavers; in which, it is ſaid, three men were killed, and ſeveral wounded. A party of the guards was ſent from the Tower to quell the rioters. They have formed themſelves into ſeveral parties, go armed with cutlaſſes and piſtols, and by means of catcals can, in a ſhort time, aſſemble a vaſt number together.

It is ſaid a great perſonage is determined not to pardon a late exile, ſo that it may be expected he will be obliged again to leave his country.

Extract of a Letter from New-Caſtle, April 25.

"*The riots amongſt the Keelmen at Sunderland ſeem now to be totally ſubſided; but the Sailors at Shields ſtill continue committing outrages amongſt the ſhipping, though they damage none but thoſe whoſe owners or maſters refuſe to comply with their articles; and theſe owners, &c. whenever ſeen, are inſtantly mounted on a ſtang by the mob, and carried to their rendezvous, where they are obliged to ſubſcribe their names. No damage has been done in this place.*

"*The infatuation of the people in this part for Mr. W. is really aſtoniſhing. The fair-ſex in particular are univerſally devoted to him: And ſuch as are over-ruled in their inclinations, and dare not annex cockades to their breaſts, ſeem really to pin them to their hearts, which flaſh conſpicuouſly in their viſual orbs. Their apparel is of the* hue *of the firmament, in alluſion to the drapery ſome Painters have given to the goddeſs of* Liberty."

It is remarkable that the Marquis of Rockingham's was the only houſe in Groſvenor-ſquare that was not illuminated on a late occaſion.

Form of a capias ut legatum.

GEORGE the Third, &c. To the Sheriff of M. Greeting: We command you, That you omit not, by reaſon of any liberty within your county, but that you take J. W. late of, &c. Outlawed in London, the day, &c. laſt paſt, at the ſuit of G. R. in a plea of treſpaſs on the caſe, if he ſhall be found in your Bailiwick, and him ſafely keep, ſo that you have his body before us, on the day, &c. whereſoever we ſhall be then in England; to do and receive that which our Court before us ſhall conſider of in this caſe: And have you there this writ. Witneſs, &c.

CHARLES-TOWN (South-Carolina) May 24.

From St. Auguſtine they write, that the Improvements in the Infant Colony of Eaſt-Florida go on at a vaſt Rate: That within the three laſt Months between five and ſix Hundred Thouſand Acres of Land have been granted upon the River St. Juans, which bids fair to be thick ſettled in a ſhort Time, that River being, beyond all Doubt, a very fine one, its Breadth in moſt Parts great, and its Banks high: That thoſe who have taken up Lands at the Muſquito's go on faſt with the Cultivation of them, and ſeem well pleaſed with the Soil: And that there were already many fine Settlements made at the Back of the town, beyond St. Sebaſtian's River, over which there is now a fine Bridge compleated.

May 30. On Wedneſday were landed here from on board the Schooner Polly, Captain Bryſon, from Penſacola (which paſſed by this Bar that Day, bound for New-York) Captain Jenkin of His Majeſty's 9th Regiment, Lieutenant Pittman of the 15th, and Captain Philips of the 60th, having attended a Court-Martial at Penſacola, which began the 16th of March, and ended the 20th of April. Lieutenant Governor Brown was not returned from viſiting the interior Parts of that Province when theſe Gentlemen came away, nor was Governor Elliot arrived. The Spaniards and French ſtill remained together at New-Orleans, but in a very ill humour with each other. His Majeſty's Ship the Adventure, Captain Fitzherbert, was at Penſacola, and the Eccho daily expected. And no Spaniards have been there to trade ſince thoſe formerly mentioned.

May 31. From Waxaws, about twelve Miles from the Catawba Settlement, we have the following Account. "On Sunday, May 1ſt, the Catawba Indians had Notice that a Party of the Shawaneſe, who have been long their Enemies, had been ſeen near their Town, on which they immediately raiſed a Party to go out againſt the Enemy, with whom they came up next Morning, and found them to be ſeven in Number, and all aſleep; the Catawbas immediately fired and killed three on the Spot, and took three Priſoners; one eſcaped wounded, but has been ſince found dead in the Woods.------Among the Priſoners is the Indian who killed King Haggler; they were all delivered to the Families who have had their Relations killed by the Shawaneſe, who put them to Death in the inhuman barbarous Manner, common to the Indian Nations. One of the Priſoners was very young, and pleaded hard for his Life, begging them to conſider his tender Age, aſſuring them he was brought by his Brother againſt his own Inclinations, and that he had never killed or hurt any Body, but Nothing could prevail."

QUEBEC, May 26.

By letters received at Montreal from Detroit, we have accounts, that two men, belonging to Iſaac Todd, Eſq; have been killed by the Indians, by which he has been a conſiderable ſufferer; and that other Engliſh Traders have ſhared the ſame fate. It is much to be feared, that Mr. John Chinn, and others, who are on the ſame ſpot, near Lake Superior, will meet with the ſame unhappy misfortune, and that diſturbances will become more general among the Indians.

BOSTON, June 13.

Laſt Friday evening the officers of the cuſtoms for this port, made a ſeizure of a ſloop lying at Hancock's wharff, and which they ordered to be carried off under the guns of his Majeſty's ſhip Romney. This affair occaſioned a diſpute between the officers and ſome of the people who happened to be on the wharff, in which Mr. Harriſon the Collector, Mr. Hollowell the Comptroller, and Mr. Harriſon's ſon, were all pelted with ſtones, and wounded. Soon after which, a number of people aſſembled, went to the houſe of Mr. Williams, Inſpector-General, broke ſome of the windows of his houſe, as alſo of the houſes of the Collector and Comptroller; but were prevented doing further damage by ſome gentlemen of the town. After which they burnt a pleaſure boat, belonging to the Collector, in the common. Mr. Irvine, Inſpector of exports and imports, was alſo attacked the ſame night; he had his ſword broke, and with ſome difficulty made his eſcape, with the aſſiſtance of ſome of the people preſent.

Kittery, June 2. This day in the afternoon we had a ſtorm

of thunder; when Mr. Joseph Fry of this town, and several others, were ſtruck with lightning (being in a houſe which is much ſhattered) it made a breach thro' Mr. Fry's clothes on his ſhoulder the bigneſs of a dollar, ſet his ſhirt on fire, ſplit the ſeam of his coat, broke ſome ſkin on his arm, and left it black, and paſt into the ſeam of his breeches, and ſplit it open, marking the ſame as it went, cut off his garter, tearing his ſtocking to rags, and leaving a ſulphurous matter on it, taking away one quarter of his ſhoe, and leaving the like mark all the way.

We hear from Virginia, that no goods imported from Great-Britain, which are ſubject to payment of any of the late duties, are permitted to be expoſed to ſale by the merchants there, or even allowed to be kept in their poſſeſſion; but that as ſoon as any ſuch arrive among them, they are lodged in the care of the cuſtom-houſe there.----It is thought by many perſons, that if the merchants of the ſeveral colonies would deſiſt from importing any of thoſe commodities, ſubject to *duties* here, it would be the moſt effectual and conſtitutional method of getting redreſs of the grievance ſo much complained of.

NEW-LONDON, June 10.

Captain Melalley, who arrived here laſt Sunday from St. Euſtatia, in Lat. 33, came acroſs the Wreck of a Sloop; ſhe was a new double decked Veſſel, about 60 Tons burthen, without any Head, her Bowſprit ſtanding, but Maſt gone.

PROVIDENCE, June 11.

At a Town-Meeting held here on Monday laſt, a Committee was appointed to draw up an Addreſs of Thanks to J--N D--K-NS-N, Eſq; of Philadelphia, the worthy and patriotic Author of the Farmer's Letters. The Committee is to report on Monday, the 20th Inſtant, to which Time ſaid Meeting ſtands adjourned.

From Glouceſter we are informed, that one Foſter, who was ſuſpected of being concerned in the Murder of a Baſtard Child at that Place, an Officer, with a Number of the Inhabitants, went to his Houſe laſt Wedneſday Night, in order to take him; but he refuſed to ſurrender, and produced a Piſtol, declaring he would defend himſelf, whereupon the Officer entered the Houſe, with a Piſtol in his Hand, when Foſter was ſhot thro' the Body, and died in a few Hours after.

NEWPORT (Rhode-Iſland) June 13.

Captain Job Eaſton, in the Brig Britannia, arrived here laſt Week from Monto-Chriſti.

The Day before Captain Eaſton ſailed, a new Governor arrived at the Mount, from St. Domingo, named Dongaſpah, who ordered all the Engliſh Maſters on Shore, and told them they muſt diſpatch their Buſineſs as ſoon as poſſible, as the Preſident at St. Domingo had given Orders that there ſhould be no Trade carried on there any longer, and that no Veſſels ſhould be permitted to ſtay there after the 20th of May. The Governor ſaid, thoſe who had any Debts due on Shore ſhould be paid: And it was generally thought, that he would order all the Engliſh Veſſels away in 15 or 20 Days, whether their Buſineſs was ſettled or not.

The Day Captain Eaſton ſailed, a Packet arrived from Spain, bound to the Havannah, but he did not learn any News brought by her.

NEW-YORK, June 20.

Laſt Friday Night ſome Villains made an Attempt to break into the Store of Mr. James M'Evers, of this City, Merchant: They bored ſeveral Holes in the Window Shutters, oppoſite the Hinges, with a View to rend them off; but the inſide Shutters having ſmall Bells fixed to them, which no Doubt rung by the Preſſure on the Window Frame, and the Rogues imagining they would alarm the Family, we ſuppoſe, made off without obtaining any Booty. [*The Expence of a few Shillings, in all Probability, has prevented the above Store from being plundered of a great Value.*

The ſame Night a Store belonging to Mr. Theophilact Bache, in Pettycoat Lane, was broke open, and robbed of ſome Barrels of Pork and Flour. Two Soldiers are taken up on Suſpicion of being concerned in the Robbery.

The London Papers mention, that the laſt Advices from Spain were unfavourable, and that it is thought we are upon the Eve of a Rupture with that Court. We alſo hear that private Letters by the laſt Veſſels agree in the ſame Account, and mention the Manilla Ranſom as the immediate Cauſe. The Criſis of many important Events ſeems to be near at Hand.

By ſome late Accounts from the Streights, we learn, that the French and Spaniards, in that Part of the World, are very buſy in preparing for War; and that ſeveral Tranſports, with Troops on board, lately ſailed from Cadiz, for the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies.

Captain Mackey, in 16 Days from Nevis, ſays, That Captain Stead, in a Sloop for Virginia, ſailed in Company with him; as did alſo Captain Tillinghaſt, of Rhode-Iſland, for Turks-Iſland; and that Captain Mumford, of Rhode-Iſland, was to ſail for Amſterdam, in about 6 Days after him.

Laſt Tueſday Week, in Lat. 34, Lon. 69, Captain Mackey ſpoke with a Brig from Philadelphia bound for Santa-Croix, with Windſor Chairs over her Quarter, but did not learn the Captain's Name.

Yeſterday ſailed from hence with the Mail for Falmouth, the Harriot Packet Boat, Captain Oak.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.

Extract of a Letter from Lancaſter County, June 20, 1768.

"I now ſit down, under the Shade of a friendly Oak in the Country, in order to give you ſome Account of the late dreadful Storm here, the Effects of which I have taken Pains to examine, having rid ſeveral Miles for that Purpoſe.

"On Friday, the 17th Inſtant, about 2 o'Clock P. M. the Sky was overſpread with flying Clouds, apparently charged with heavy Rain. The Wind blew pretty freſh from the S. E. and thickened the Clouds in the oppoſite Quarter; ſo that about 4 o' Clock there was "Darkneſs viſible" in the N. W. attended with a diſtant rumbling Thunder, and now and then a ſmall Gleam of Lightning, without any Exploſions. The Clouds deepened more and more in the N. W. and there ſeemed to make a Stand, being oppoſed by the Wind from the oppoſite Points. At Half after 4 they aſſumed a frightful Appearance, and at laſt formed a large Creſcent, with its Concave Side to the Wind, and its inner Edges tinged with a duſky Violet Colour. About 5 the Wind veered about to the N. W. which immediately gave Motion to the Clouds, and diſcharged a moſt dreadful and deſtructive Volley of Hail. The Storm then proceeded in a S. E. Direction, at the Rate of about 12 Miles in an Hour, attended with a moſt dreaful Noiſe, ſomething like the Sounds of Cannon, Drums and Bells, mingled together. The Hail Stones were of various Dimenſions, Shapes and Forms. Some meaſured 9 Inches in Circumference, ſome 7, whilſt others were no larger than Peas. As to their Forms, ſome were globular, ſome ſpheroidical, ſurrounded with ſmall Excreſſences or Knobs; ſome elliptical, and ſome irregular and ſmooth, like Pieces of broken Ice. Such as were globular, were endued with ſo much Elaſticity, that they rebounded from the Ground like a Tennis Ball. This Storm divided into ſeveral Branches or Veins (if I may uſe ſuch Terms) all which kept the ſame Courſe, but bent their Fury moſt towards the Mountains, Hills and high Lands. At Saſquehanna the Hail was as large as Pidgeons Eggs. At Lancaſter about the Size of Peas, at Dunker Town, and in the Valley, between the Welſh and Reading Hills, they were as large as Turkeys Eggs; in ſome other Places ſtill larger; and at Reading no Hail appeared. The Damage done by this Storm is very great; the County of Lancaſter alone, it is thought, has ſuffered ſeveral Thouſand Pounds. In many Places there is not a ſingle Ear of Wheat, Rye, Barley, &c. but what is cut off; and nothing left but the green Straw, bruiſed and beat to Pieces. It is melancholy to ſee fine Plantations, and extenſive Fields, which, a few Days ago, waved with luxuriant Crops, now lying waſte. Many able Farmers, who expected to carry ſeveral Hundred Buſhels of Grain to Market, will be obliged to buy Bread for their Families; and many of the poorer Kind will be ruined, and reduced to Beggary. All theſe People are now mowing their late promiſing and rich Crops, as Fodder for their Cattle. Their Diſtreſs is truly moving and alarming. At Dunker Town, it is ſaid (with what Truth I cannot ſay) that Cattle were killed by the Hail; but certain it is, that about Muddy-Creek, in this County, Calves, Pigs, Fowls, &c. were killed in that Settlement; the Ground in the Woods, is as thick covered with green Foliage, beaten from the Trees, as it is with the fallen Leaves in the Month of October; and in many Places the Birds are found dead in Woods and Orchards. The N. W. Side of the Fruit Trees are barked, and all the Glaſs Windows on that Side, that were not ſecured by Shutters, are demoliſhed; and even the Rails of Fences viſibly ſhew the Impreſſions of the Hail upon them. In ſhort, this Storm threw every Perſon, who ſaw it, into the moſt dreadful Conſternation; for the oldeſt Man here never ſaw, or heard of any Thing like it."

"On Tueſday laſt was held in the *College of this City* the firſt "Medical Commencement that has ever been in America; when "the Degree of *Bachelor of Phyſic* was conferred on ten young "Gentlemen, who have been regularly educated and examined "for that Degree. The Particulars will be in our next."

The Supreme Court, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, for Cheſter County, are to be held at Cheſter, on the Fifteenth Day of Auguſt next.

On Thurſday laſt ROBERT FRIEND PRICE, and JOHN HINCHMAN, Eſquires, were elected Repreſentatives for Glouceſter County, in New-Jerſey.

Captain Aſhmead, from Liſbon, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 38: 5, Long. 47: 3, ſpoke a Brig from Charleſtown for Liſbon, but could not learn further Particulars; on the 28th, in Lat. 39: 37, Long. 51: 7, he ſpoke the Brig Grampus, Captain Bingly, from this Port for Liſbon, 12 Days out, all well; on the 5th Inſtant, in Lat. 39: 5, Long. 60: 19, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Gardiner, from North-Carolina for Fyall, 8 Days out; and on the 8th, in Lat. 40: 32, Long. 62: 5, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Collins, from Liverpool for Virginia, 37 Days out, all well.

Captain Sawyer from Montſerrat, on the 9th Inſtant, a little to the Northward of Bermuda, ſpoke a Brig, Captain May, from Boſton for Jamaica, 10 Days out, and all well. Captain Woods, of and for this Place, was to ſail a few Days after Captain Sawyer.

Captain Robinſon, from Liſbon, on the 5th Inſtant, in Lat. 35: 30, Long. 59, ſpoke a Brig from Saltertuda for New-Haven, out 21 Days; and on the 11th in Lat. 35: 33, Long. 68, he ſpoke a Sloop from Tortola for New-York, 10 Days out, all well.

On Tueſday laſt the Snow Britannia, Captain Jefferies, arrived here from London; on the 11th Inſtant, in Lat. 36: 34, he ſpoke a Sloop from St. Domingo, bound to Boſton, out 12 Days; on the 15th, in Lat. 36: 47, Long. 61, he ſpoke a Sloop from Boſton for South-Carolina, 7 Days out; and on the 18th, in Lat. 38: 4, he ſpoke a Schooner from New-York for Providence, out 3 Days.

Captain Knott, from Hiſpaniola, on the 19th ult. 10 Leagues N. N. E. of Watling's Iſland, ſpoke the Brig Charlotte, from South-Carolina for Jamaica, who had loſt her Fore-topmaſt.

The Brig Peggy Packet, Captain Davidſon, is arrived at Liſbon from this Place.

And the Lord Hyde, Captain Taylor, of this Port, is arrived at the Grenades from North-Carolina.

On Thurſday laſt one Thomas Scott was taken up and committed to the Goal of this City, for ſtealing a Silver Watch, and ſome Silver Spoons, from a Houſe in the Northern Liberties. On his Examination a Silver Watch was found on him, anſwering the Deſcription given by William Jones, of that taken from him on the Highway, between Frankford and Oxford, as mentioned in No. 2057 of this Paper; and his Perſon and Cloathing agreeing with thoſe there deſcribed, he was alſo committed on Suſpicion of perpetrating the ſaid Robbery.

*** The Public are hereby informed, that ſeveral bad Ten Shilling Bills have lately been detected paſſing among us; thoſe we have ſeen are Pennſylvania One Shilling Bills altered, by paſting the Words TEN SHILLINGS, at the Top, and eraſing the Words ONE SHILLING at the Bottom, but may eaſily be diſcovered, eſpecially by taking Notice where the Arms are placed in the true Ten Shilling Bills.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Tom, J. Tillinghaſt, from Rh. Iſland. Schooner Pitt, W. Long, St. Kitts. Brig Harlequin, J. Knott, Hiſpaniola. Ship Mercury, J. Aſhmead, and Snow Sally, H. Robinſon, Liſbon. Sloop Unity, W. Church, Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, and Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, Boſton. Sloop Bridget, W. Harris, New-London. Schooner John and Phœbe, C. Cardiff, N. Carolina. Sloop Succeſs, J. Sawyer, Montſerrat. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, New-York. Schooner Betſy, L. Hammond St. Euſtatia. Snow Britannia, J. Jefferies, from London.

OUTWARDS. *Schooner Endeavour, S. Wilſon, for Newfoundland. Sloop Speedwell, S. Devonſhire, Georgia. Sloop Mercury, R. Aynſley, Africa. Ship Molly, B. Alliſon, and Brig Venus, W. Davis, Cork. Schooner Priſcilla, J. Shaw, Grenades. Brig Nancy, T. Olſon, Barbados. Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, and Sloop Three Friends, T. Parker, for Boſton.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Speedwell, A. Dyer, to New-Providence. Brig Hetty, P. Oſborne, London. Brig Abigail, J. Guitton, Cork. Schooner Leopard, T. Church, Halifax. Ship St. Andrew, C. Emlen, Madeira. Schooner Lovely Laſs, D. Badger, and Schooner Sophia, J. Clarkſon, Maryland. Ship Sally and Kitty, E. Clodd, N. Carolina. Snow Molly, W. Kerlin, Jamaica. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Sloop Diamond, S. Sweet, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Pallas, J. Caton, Grenades. Sloop Three Friends, W. Wyer, Piſcataqua. Sloop Nancy, J. Watſon, Virginia. Sloop Lloyd, T. Rodgers, Barbados. Brig Dolphin, G. Stevenſon, Liſbon. Brig Clements, W. Gordon, St. Croix. Brig Thames, S. Clay, to New-London.*

Wilmington, May 24, 1768.

PROPOSALS for Re-printing by SUBSCRIPTION, The HARMONY of the DIVINE ATTRIBUTES, in the *Contrivance* and *Accompliſhment* of *Man's Redemption* by the LORD JESUS CHRIST; or, DISCOURSES, wherein is ſhewn how the *Wiſdom, Mercy, Juſtice, Holineſs, Power* and *Truth* of GOD, are glorified in that Great and Bleſſed Work. Divided in 23 Sections: With a general Index to the Whole. By WILLIAM BATES, D. D. *Which Things the Angels deſire to look into*; 1 Pet. i. 12.

CONDITIONS.

I. The Work ſhall be printed on a good Letter and Paper, and will be contained in one large Volume Octavo, making upwards of Five Hundred Pages.

II. The Price to Subſcribers will be *Five Shillings*, in Half Binding;----or *Seven Shillings and Six-pence*, neatly Bound and Lettered: Half to be paid at the Time of ſubſcribing, and the Remainder on the Delivery of the Book.

III. It will be put to the Preſs as ſoon as a ſufficient Number of Subſcriptions offer.

Subſcriptions are taken in by Mr. *David Hall*, Mr. *William Bradford*, Mr. *William Falconer*, and Mr. *William Carſon*, in *Philadelphia*: By Mr. *Garrat Noel*, in *New-York*; and *James Adams*, in *Wilmington*: Of whom a Plan, or Contents, of the Work may be had *gratis*.

For LONDON,

The SNOW

BRITANNIA,

JAMES JEFFERIES, Maſter;

Now lying at Hamilton's wharff; has good accommodations for paſſengers, and having great part of her cargoe engaged, is expected to ſail in about two weeks. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, SAMUEL PLEASANTS, or ſaid Commander.

To be SOLD on reaſonable terms, by JOSEPH RICHARDSON, Goldſmith,

A LARGE BELL, weighing about 437 pounds, and meaſures about 25 inches at the mouth. ‡ Tbctf

Juſt imported in the Jupiter, Captain Hamilton, from Liverpool, and the Britannia, Captain Jefferies, from London, &c. and to be ſold on the very loweſt Terms, for ready Money, or ſhort Credit, by

JOHN MITCHELL,

At his Store in Front-Street, between Cheſtnut and Market-Streets, and next Door to Mr. William Moore's,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon.

ABRAHAM USHER,

Has juſt imported in the BRITANNIA, Captain JEFFERIES, from LONDON, and Captain HAMILTON, from LIVERPOOL,

A NEAT Aſſortment of European and India GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent Seaſon, which he will ſell on reaſonable Terms for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, at his Store in Water-ſtreet, the fourth Door below Walnut-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD by

THOMAS FIDLER,

At the Corner Shop in Front and Market Streets, facing the London Coffee-Houſe, Wholeſale and Retail, at the loweſt Rates,

A GREAT Variety of Engliſh China; Delph, Earthen, Printed, and Pencilled Ware; alſo Glaſs Ware of different Sorts; and a Quantity of Engliſh Cheeſe. The above Articles are all of the beſt Kind. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY healthy Servant LAD's Time, who has between five and ſix Years to ſerve, fit for Town or Country Buſineſs. Enquire of JAMES WHITEHEAD, Keeper of the Workhouſe in Philadelphia. ¶

ON Monday, the 27th Inſtant, at John Downing's Tavern, in Eaſt-Caln Townſhip, Cheſter County, at Three o'Clock, will be ſold by Vendue, two likely, young, able NEGROE MEN, both excellent Farmers; late the Property of Peter Valeau, ſeized in Execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt me the ſubſcriber, on account of any contracts of my wife, before the date hereof, are deſired immediately to bring in their accounts, in order to have them adjuſted and paid. And from henceforth all perſons are forbid to truſt her on any pretence whatſoever, as I will not pay any debts by her contracted; ſhe having eloped from me her huſband. ‡ GEORGE KEEHMLE.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, a dirty roan ſtone horſe, with a ſaddle on, and a blaze in the forehead, and the near hind foot white, about 8 or 9 years old. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN GROSS. ‡

Cheſter, June 17, 1768.

THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, a perſon who calls himſelf THOMAS STEELMAN, and ſays he is an Engliſhman, and came from England to Annapolis, in the ſhip Torrington, Captain Read. He is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, ſhort dark coloured curled hair; had on, when committed, a lead coloured broadcloth coat, lined with green ſhalloon, a red feather pluſh jacket, a fine white ſhirt, and new white linen ſhort trowſers, white cotton ſtockings, and coarſe ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, an old fine hat; his maſter, if any, is deſired to come and pay charges, and take him away, or he will be ſold for the ſame in 6 weeks after the date hereof, by ‡ JOSEPH THOMAS, *Goaler.*

To be SOLD, one Month after Date,

ALL that Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot of Ground, large two Story Kitchen, Waſh-houſe, Neceſſary and Stables, ſituate on the North Side of Callow-hill-ſtreet, in the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, containing in Front on ſaid Street 16 Feet, and in Length or Depth 100 Feet, bounded on the South by Callow-hill-ſtreet, Weſtward by a Meſſuage and Ground of Jonathan Thomas, Northward by Ground of George Emlen, and Eaſtward by Ground of Peter Raſbury; the Buildings are inſured for Three Hundred and Fifty Pounds; alſo one Fourth Part of a good Pump and Well at the Door. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, by applying to THOMAS BOUDE, or CHARLES JERVIS, may be informed of the Conditions of Sale. If it is not ſold by the Time above mentioned, it will be lett. Enquire of ſaid BOUDE. June 21, 1768. ¶

PURSUANT to an Order of Orphan's Court, on the 9th Day of July next, will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, at the Houſe of George Young, in Moyamenſing; Two certain Lots, or Pieces of Ground, ſituate in Moyamenſing aforeſaid, late the Eſtate of Joſeph Coxe, deceaſed, one of them containing 2 Acres and 86 Perches, bounded by Moyamenſing Road, Land of Jacob Bankſon, and other Part of the Eſtate of Joſeph Coxe, deceaſed; and the other of them containing 4 Acres, bounded by the ſaid Moyamenſing Road, and Land of Luke Morris, and other Part of the ſaid Joſeph Coxe, deceaſed. The Sale to begin at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, and Attendance given by REBECCA STINSON,) Adminiſtrat. § MATTHEW JOHNS,)

Auguſta County, in Virginia, June 6, 1768.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living near Stanton, the firſt Day of May laſt, a Convict Servant Man, named Michael Ferral, about 28 Years of Age, of a fair Complexion, has pale curled Hair, is about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, thick lipped, round ſhouldered, and ſmall legged: He had on, and took with him, when he went away, a brown Coat, and Jacket, bound round with Worſted Ferriting, Buckſkin Breeches, and a Fur Hat, all about half worn, two Pair of Worſted Stockings, one Pair black, the other blue, and a Pair of Shoe-packs on his Feet. Said Servant pretends to be a Doctor, and a Weaver; he has with him a Bank Note, upon the Bank in London. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter, or ſecures him, ſo that he may get him again, ſhall have FOUR POUNDS Reward, paid by me JOHN M'KEMEY. ‡

To be SOLD for ready Money only,

At the houſe of Mr. Peter Steenberger, in Rumney, Hampſhire county, Virginia, on Friday, the 12th of Auguſt next, if any court ſhall be held in that month for the ſaid county, and if no court ſhall be then held, then on Friday, the 16th of September thereafter,

A CERTAIN plantation, or tract of land, ſituate on the ſouth branch of Patowmack, in the ſaid county of Hampſhire, and joining Mr. Reiſe's ſalt-petre works, containing 374 acres (including three ſurveys of 165, 185 and 24 acres) being the plantation whereon Mr. Steenberger formerly lived; the land is in general good, extremely well timbered, and contains a large quantity of bottom, and, it is expected, ſome valuable banks of ſalt-petre.

Alſo one other tract of 400 acres, joining Col. Abraham Hite, in the ſaid county, which is alſo very valuable, being well watered, and containing near 300 acres of low land, fit for meadow, &c. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be informed of further particulars, by applying to the ſaid Steenberger, who will ſhew the lands, or to the ſubſcriber in Wincheſter,

¶ ALEXANDER WHITE.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 17 or 18 years of age. Enquire of the printers hereof. ‖

June 14, 1768.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in East Pennsbury Township, Cumberland County, a Servant Man, named William Russell, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has light coloured Hair, a pleasant Countenance, with a wry Nose; has a Lump on one of his Legs, and a Cut on the other Knee, which is very remarkable, is a Pipe-maker by Trade; had on, when he went away, a Blanket Coat, new Felt Hat, Tow Shirt and Trowsers, and new Shoes, with Brass Buckles. Whoever takes up said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him in any Goal, in said County, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward; if out of the County, Forty Shillings; or, if at Pittsburgh, Three Pounds, and reasonable Charges, paid by JOHN JUNKENS. ¶

June 12, 1768.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from James Wroth, John Curbuc, and Oliver Hastings, living in Kent County, near Chester-Town, three Convict Servant Men; one a large brown complexioned Man, who has lost one of his Thumbs; another a small brown complexioned Man, with black Hair: The other, a slim Man, about 40 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high; had on, when he went away, a half-worn Broadcloth Coat, and Vest, with white buttons, old Castor Hat, and took with him more Clothes, that cannot be described. Whoever secures the said Servants, so as their Masters may have them again, shall have the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by JAMES WROTH, OLIVER HASTINGS, and JOHN CURBUC. ¶

WHEREAS Katherine, the Wife of John Kirkpatrick, of Charles-Town, Maryland, hath eloped from his Bed and Board, without any just Cause known to him; having robbed and plundered his House, and left nothing worth mentioning, at the Time he was at the Point of Death. These are to forewarn all Persons not to trust her on his Account, for he will pay no Debts of her contracting after the 28th of May, 1768. JOHN KIRKPATRICK. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 8th of November last, from the subscriber, living at the head of Bohemia, Cæcil county, Maryland, the following persons, viz. JAMES BROADY, a native Irishman, aged 30 years, about 6 feet 2 inches high, sandy complexion; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, pissburnt wig, white linen coat, long trowsers, and new shoes, but perhaps may change his clothes; he talks low, and has much of the brogue on his tongue. The other named ROBERT LOWRY, about 6 feet high, yellow complexion, large eyes, long visage, down look, his under lip hangs down, talks thick, forward in company, and much given to gaming; had on, when he went away, a small felt hat, bound round with black fenitting, an old brown wig, brown coat, with yellow buttons, striped jacket, long trowsers, and new shoes, but perhaps may change his clothes, as he took others with him. Whoever secures the above persons, so as the subscriber may have them again, shall receive the above reward, or FIVE POUNDS for Lowry, and SIX for Broady, paid by

¶ DANIEL TURNER.

N. B. Said Turner has now to lett, for a term of years, and may be entered on immediately, a large new commodious house, and other improvements, fitting for a tavern, supposed to be in the best place in the province for a public-house, together with 150 acres of good clear land, as good as any in America, and good swamp for meadow ground.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subscriber, in Tinicum Township, Bucks County, on the 26th of May last, a Stray Horse, a light Bay, about 13 Hands and a Half high, without Brand or Ear-mark to be seen. The Owner, proving his Property, and paying Charges, may have him again.

† ISAAC VANDEVANTER.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to acquaint his friends and the public, that he has removed into that large and commodious Inn, situated in Third-street (between Market and Arch-streets) for some time known by the name of the BULL's HEAD (but is now called the BUNCH of GRAPES) where he purposes to keep a genteel HOUSE of ENTERTAINMENT, for travellers and others, who may depend on the best fare and civilest treatment, as it will be his constant endeavour to give the most perfect satisfaction to all who shall favour him with their custom.

He has furnished his house with the best liquors, as well as every other requisite suitable to his design; and has also prepared STABLES and SHEDS (which are as good as any in this province) for the reception of HORSES and CARRIAGES, which shall be taken the utmost care of.

His House is very well calculated for an Inn, and has the advantage of an elegant and spacious room for the accommodation of large companies, who may have occasion to meet on business or recreation.

When it is considered that Third-street is becoming one of the grandest avenues into this city,---that the house stands in the neighbourhood of many principal merchants and capital stores,---and that it is also very near the Market, the propriety of a good Inn, in such a place, will undoubtedly be generally allowed---he therefore hopes that his endeavours to serve and oblige, will (by the generosity of the public) be attended with some benefit to himself. JOSIAH F. DAVENPORT

ALL those who are indebted to the Estate of Edward Means, of West Nottingham, Chester County, deceased, and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are hereby requested to meet, and have their Accompts properly adjusted, upon Friday, the first Day of July next, at the Store lately kept by the said Edward Means, where due Attendance will be given by the Subscriber, for six Days, and no longer.---The State of my Business, and living at such a Distance, makes it very inconvenient to stay any longer in these Parts; therefore, if any should neglect attending as above directed, they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs, without further Notice, by DENNIS DOUGHERTY, Administrator of said Estate.

N. B. The said Dougherty and Flanagan, in Company, have for Sale, at their Store, in Water-street, near the Drawbridge, West-India and Philadelphia Rum, Lump, Loaf, and Muscovado Sugar, Bohea Tea, Chocolate, Rice, Indigo, Pepper, Allspice, and sundry Articles, too tedious to mention, which they will dispose of on the very lowest Terms. *

To the PUBLIC.

THE Subscriber, living in Chancery-Lane, oppesite Messieurs Bayard and Jackson's Vendue Store, has opened a Book of SHARES, in this present Philadelphia Public LOTTERY, and TICKETS are reduced from a Half, down to a Fourth, the Prices of which are, viz. for a Half 10s 6, a Third 7s 2, and a Fourth 5s 6. The Adventurer in the first Class, has the particular Privilege of renewing his Share in the Second, provided it is done within two Months after drawing the said Class.---A Plan of which may be seen at the above Place. The Whole shall be carefully managed, and the fortunate Numbers duly paid to the respective Proprietors, by their humble Servant, MOSES GHISELIN, *who still continues the keeping and settling Shop-Books, Accounts, &c.*

TO be SOLD at public sale, at the London Coffee-House, on Monday, the 27th of this instant June, at 6 o' clock in the evening, if not sold before at private sale, a 3 story brick house and lot, on the north side of Market-street, near the corner of Second-street, containing in front, on said street, 16 feet 6 inches, including a 3 feet alley, over which the house is built, and in length 102 feet. The house is 36 feet deep, with a brick kitchen, one story, and a small apartment, two stories high, between the house and kitchen; there is also at the end of said lot, a 2 story brick tenement, 16 feet by 15; bounded westward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, eastward by Hugh Hodge's house and lot, and westward by the following house and lot, to be also sold at the same time, viz. a two story wooden house and lot, containing in breadth 10 feet, and in length 102 feet; the house is 40 feet deep, with a two story brick kitchen, and a small two story brick tenement on the end of the lot, 10 feet by 15; bounded westward by a house and lot late of James M'Cullough, and northward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, now in the tenure of the widow Coombes, and letts for 30 l. per annum. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH REDMAN, in Market-street, or Dr. JOHN REDMAN, in Second-street.

N. B. The three Story Brick House is subject to a Groundrent of Twelve Pounds Currency per Annum, and is insured for seven Years.

BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

THIS EVENING, being the 23d of June, will be exposed to Sale, at the London Coffee-House, to begin at 7 o' Clock, the following Houses, and Lots of Land, viz.

A TWO Story Brick Messuage, Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground, situate on the West Side of Moravian-Alley or Bread-street, in the said City; containing in Front, on Moravian-Alley, about 17 Feet (including the Moiety of a 3 Feet Alley, which the Premises hath the Privilege of) the Depth of the Lot is about 75 Feet; the House hath two spacious Rooms on each Floor, a good Cellar and Garrets, and a pailed Garden: The Whole subject to a Groundrent of 16s 6 Sterl. per Annum.

Also, one other two Story Brick Messuage, Brick Kitchen, and Lot of Ground, bounded on the North by the above described, on the East by Moravian-Alley aforesaid, on the South by Quarry-street, and on the West by Benjamin Morgan's Ground; the House contains in Front, on Moravian-Alley, about 17 Feet, and the Lot in Depth, on said Quarry-street, about 54 Feet, hath 2 good Rooms on each Floor, besides a convenient Cellar, and Garrets; subject to a Groundrent of 12s 6 Sterling, per Annum. The said Houses now rent for 20 l. per Ann. each.

A large and very valuable Lot of Ground, containing one Half of a City-Square, situate opposite the Front of the Center-House in this City; contains in Breadth, on Spruce and Pine-streets, 264 Feet, and in Depth, on Broad-street, 468 Feet.---

N. B. *Broad-street is the Capital North and South Street of the City, according to the Plan.*

Also the following Parcels of LAND in Passyunk, clear of Groundrent, viz.

No. 1. That most pleasant and beautiful situated Lot, on the Bank of the River Schuylkill, containing in Breadth along the River, 11 Pole and 2 Tenths of a Pole, and in Depth, up Passyunk Road, 30 Perches; on which is erected, a large two Story Frame Building, clapboarded, under which is a Cellar; there is a Frame Kitchen, likewise on the Lot, near the House. The Whole of the Improvements, though valuable, are unfinished: The extensive Prospect the Premises command along the River, and a vast Country beyond it, most of which consist of delightful Meadows, renders it excellently well adapted for a Gentleman's Country Seat, or an House of Entertainment, and merits the Attention of any Persons who may be Strangers to it, and are desirous of purchasing.

No. 2. and 3. Each one moiety or half part of an almost square Pasture Lot, situated at a small Distance from the aforesaid, on the easterly Side of Passyunk Road, containing 5 Acres and 155 Perches, has been limed at a considerable Expence, and is of a very fertile Soil.---These might well suit the Purchaser of No. 1.

No. 4. A Lot of 4 Acres and 13 Perches, situate on the westerly Side of Rouse's Road, near its Conjunction with Passyunk Road (there is now a Crop on the Ground, which will not be sold with the Premises, being the Property of a late Tenant) bounded by Lands of Mr. Henry Elves, and Mr. John Hughes.

No. 5. and 6. Each one Moiety or Half Part of a Lot on the easterly Side of Rouse's Road, containing 13 Acres and 127 Perches, on which are two Log Houses, one falling into each Moiety; bounded by Lands of Doctor Moore, and others; the Crop on the Ground will not be included in the Sale.

Terms.----One Third of the Purchase Money to be paid immediately; one other Third in 9 Months; and the remaining Third in 18 Months, giving Security, if required, and paying Intereest from the Day of Sale; Discount will be allowed for previous Payment of any considerable Part of the credited Sums, at 6 per Cent. Plans may be seen at the London Coffee-House; and at John Everley's Tavern, on Passyunk Bank.---Titles will be made by the Subscribers, as Trustees of the real Estate of the Reverend William Sturgeon, and Hannah his Wife.

RICHARD PETERS,
HUGH ROBERTS,
DANIEL RUNDLE,
JOHN MURGATROYD.

New-Castle County, May 28, 1768.

To be SOLD, by virtue of an order of an Orphan's Court, held for the above county, on the 27th day of June next, by way of public vendue, on the premises,

A VERY good grist-mill, on a good stream of water, with about 13 acres of land whereon said mill is built, situate in St. George's Hundred, and county aboveaid, being a very good part of the country either for merchant or country work, about three miles from a public landing. And also two eighths of a certain tract of land and marsh, in the said hundred and county, being the lowermost fast land on the north side of Appoquinimy creek, containing, in the said two eighths, 269 acres and three quarters of fast land, marsh and meadow ground, 18 acres whereof is within a good tide bank, and a considerable part more may be banked off at a small expence, being part of the real estate of Samuel Vance, late of the above county, deceased. Attendance will be given by

† HANNAH VANCE, Administratrix.

N. B. Near two eighths more of the said tract of land and marsh, containing 269 acres, as convenient for meadowing as the former mentioned, will be exposed to sale at the same time.

SOUCHONG TEA,
Also a Parcel of clean dressed FLAX,
To be sold by WILLIAM SMITH, Broker.

North-East, Cecil County, Maryland, June 1, 1768.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 17th day of last Month, a lusty young likely Negroe man, named BENN, aged 19 or 20 years; had on when he went away, a coarse home-spun dark coloured kersey jacket, with the under part of the sleeves white, old hat, fine shirt, with cambrick at the bosom, striped lincey trowsers, and good shoes, with brass buckles. Whoever takes up the said Negroe, and brings him home, or secures him in any goal, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM CURRER. §

IMPORTED by
ROBERT BASS, Apothecary,

In Market-street, in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London, a general assortment of European, East and West India Drugs, which, with pleasure, he offers to the careful practitioner's prudent examination. Among a number of useful family articles, are the following;

A PARCEL of very fine magnesio, so deservedly in esteem for pains and accidities in the stomach of grown persons, and for the gripes and belly-ach in children; transparent Baltic isinglass for the nicest purposes of fining Liquors, genuine hartshorn shavings for making jellies; East-India sago and salop, so well adapted for weak and tender stomachs, when the finest bread and flour, and all other diet, will not agree; orange-flower water, of fine flavour, in pint bottles; English white sugar candy and white wax, pearl barley, gum Arabic, cochineal; English saffron, the best and only kind of any efficacy in a small dose; the finest sallad or olive oil in flasks, quart and pint bottles, &c.

The favourite and much esteemed physic of the French, called Sel-de-seignet, or Rochelle salt, which, dissolved in milk, or weak broth, is a mild, efficacious, and almost tasteless purge, suitable for old or young that nauseate medicine.

Patent medicines of most kinds, particularly a few bottles of genuine Beaume de Vie; most of the neat and elegant preparations of Dr. Hill, viz. Elixir bardana for the gout and rheumatism, balsam of honey for colds, coughs and asthmas, essence of water-dock for the scurvy and leprosy, tincture of centaury to give an appetite, tincture of sage to lengthen life, tincture of valerian for nervous disorders, and tincture of spleen-water for the hip.

Turner's reviving æther for the head-ach, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums, Juniper's essence of pepper mint, Walker's Jesuits drops, &c.

A variety of smelling bottles in cases, a few vials of elegant eau de luce; court plaister, lip salve, teeth powder, with proper brushes; Goldbeater's skin, issue plaister, &c. &c.

Genuine syrup of capillair and orgeat, a spoonful of which, mixed in a tumbler of water, makes a cordial, balsamic and cooling beverage; boxes of pectoral lozenges, so very pleasant and agreeable in allaying uneasy tickling coughs; boxes of hysteric or gum pills, a medicine of more real use than here's room to mention; cephalic snuff, wine bitters, &c.

Apothecaries neat blue and white shop pots; chrystal glasses, with brass caps and ground stoppers, of most sizes, plain or painted; mortars, sieves, scales and weights, with many other necessaries and utensils for the fixing of young beginners.

A few setts of surgeons instruments, which the importer will sell cheap, or all together at first cost, they being the last he intends to send for.

The importer begs leave to assure the public, that, from the variety and stock of drugs now in his possession, he will prepare neater and better medicines than are, at any time, made in London, for American exportation; and will regularly compound them from the last reform of the London college of physicians, which is ordered and enjoined by his Majesty and council, to all apothecaries, to be strictly followed, on pain of severe penalties to the contrary.

As every thing now imported is from one of the first houses in London, and at cash prices, they will be sold, upon honour, at a very moderate advance.

Practitioners prescriptions, and family receipts, dispensed and compounded in a proper manner.

Medicine sea-boxes, on a long approved plan, compleated at a proper notice, of any price.

Wanted, when in season, a large quantity of fresh blown damask roses, for which a good price will be given; and for every other country produce of the drug kind, in present use.

JAMES STUART

Has imported in the last Vessels from London, Liverpool and Glasgow, and is now opening at his Store in Second-street, nearly opposite the Golden Fleece,

A VARIETY of Goods, suitable for the Season, which he will sell on the lowest Terms for Cash or short Credit; among which white Scotch Threads, of the best Kinds, sorted, from No. 5 to 68; and a large Assortment of plain and flowered Lawns and Gauzes. ¶

For CHARLESTOWN, SOUTH CAROLINA,
The BRIGANTINE
PRINCE of WALES,
Thomas Mason,
Commander;

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail as soon as possible. For Freight or Passage, please apply to Captain George Noarth, Alexander Lunan, or said Commander, at Thomas Clifford's Wharff.

To be SOLD by said LUNAN, a parcel of fresh RICE, just imported in the Prince of Wales.

Philadelphia brewed BOTTLED BEER,
remarkably pale, and very good,

TO be sold by Timothy Matlack, at his Beer Store in Fourth-street, near Market-street, for ready Money only, at Six Shillings per Dozen, and the Bottles exchanged or paid for.----Where Masters of Vessels, and others, may be supplied on a short Notice.---The Cork of each Bottle will be stamped,

TIM
MATLACK
PHILAD.

Those Persons who choose it wired, and packed, may have it done, at a very small Expence. †

COALS, at Two DOLLARS and an HALF per Chaldron,

TO be sold by JOHN WILLIS, at Spanish River, on the Island of Breton. Where all Persons returning in their Vessels to the Continent from Newfoundland, Louisbourg, Quebec, or elsewhere, may be supplied the ensuing Summer and Fall, at the above Price, delivered along-side the Vessel, and the utmost Dispatch given. 6 W.

THERE is a new double forge erected on the head of Nanticoke river, in Sussex county, on Delaware, where forge men will meet with the best encouragement, by applying soon to the subscriber, manager at said works. Also any person that understands the business of a bloomery, will meet with encouragement, applying to said manager, as the proprietaries of said forge intend one of the fires for blooming of ore. There is a good stock provided, and only waiting for workmen to push her. SAMUEL SHANKLAND. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

June 30, 1768. NUMB. 2662.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

College of Philadelphia, June 21, 1768.

THIS Day, which may be conſidered as having given Birth to Medical Honors in America, the following Gentlemen were admitted to the Degree of BACHELOR OF PHYSIC, viz. Meſſieurs JOHN ARCHER, of New-Caſtle County, BENJAMIN COWELL, of Bucks County, SAMUEL DUFFIELD, of Philadelphia, JONATHAN ELMER, of Weſt-Jerſey, HUMPHREY FULLERTON, of Lancaſter County, DAVID JACKSON, of Cheſter County, JOHN LAWRENCE, of Eaſt-Jerſey, JONATHAN POTTS, of Philadelphia, JAMES TILTON, of Kent County, and NICHOLAS WAY, of Wilmington, New-Caſtle County.

Agreable to the Rules of the College, theſe Gentlemen, previous to their Admiſſion to a Degree, had diligently attended the Lectures of the ſeveral Profeſſors in *Anatomy*, the *Materia Medica*, *Chemiſtry*, *Theory and Practice of Phyſic*, and the *Clinical Lectures*, in the Pennſylvania Hoſpital; in which (as well as in the *Languages*, and the neceſſary Branches of *Natural Philoſophy*) they gave the moſt ſatisfactory Proofs of their Proficiency, both in their private and public Examinations.

The Provoſt, after opening the Commencement with Prayers, introduced the Buſineſs of the Day with a ſhort Latin Oration; then followed,

1. A Latin Oration delivered with great Propriety by Mr. LAWRENCE, "De Honoribus, qui omni Ævo in veros Medicinæ Cultores collati fuerunt."

2. A Diſpute, "Whether the *Retina*, or *Tunica-Choroides*, be the immediate Seat of Viſion?" The Argument for the Retina was ingeniouſly maintained by Mr. COWELL; the oppoſite Side of the Queſtion was ſupported with great Acuteneſs by Mr. FULLERTON; who contended that the *Retina* is incapable of the Office aſcribed to it, on Account of its being eaſily permeable by the Rays of Light; and that the *Choroid-Coat*, by its being opake, is the proper Part for ſtopping the Rays, and receiving the Picture of the Object.

3. Quæſtio, "Num datur fluidum nervoſum." This Queſtion was diſcuſſed with great Learning; the Affirmative by Mr. DUFFIELD, and the Negative by Mr. WAY.

4. Mr. TILTON, delivered an Eſſay "on Reſpiration, and the Manner in which it is performed," which did great Credit to his Abilities.

5. The Degrees were conferred by the Provoſt, after receiving the Mandate of the Truſtees from His Honour the Governor, as their Preſident.

6. An elegant valedictory Oration was ſpoken by Mr. POTTS, "on the Advantages derived to the Study of Phyſic, from a previous liberal Education in the other Sciences, particularly Mathematics, and Natural Philoſophy."

7. The Provoſt then delivered a brief Account of the preſent State of the College, and its quick Progreſs in the various extenſive Eſtabliſhments which it hath already made. He pointed out the more general Cauſes of the Advancement, as well as Decline of Literature in different Nations of the World; and obſerved to the Graduates that, as they were the firſt who had received medical Honors in *America*, on a regular collegiate Plan, it depended greatly on their future Conduct and Eminence, to place ſuch Honors in Eſtimation among their Countrymen; concluding with a pathetic Exhortation never to neglect the Opportunities which their Practice would give them (perhaps above all other Men) of making ſerious Impreſſions on their Patients, and of exerting the Man of Piety and Conſolation; eſpecially at the awful Approach of Death, which could not fail to have ſingular Weight from a lay Character. He added, that what might further concern their Practice, he had devolved on a Gentleman of their own Profeſſion, from whom it would come with greater Propriety and Advantage. Upon which Doctor SHIPPEN, Profeſſor of *Anatomy* and *Surgery*, gave the Remainder of the Charge; further animating the Graduates to ſupport the Dignity of their Profeſſion by a laudable Perſeverance in their Studies, and by a Practice becoming the Character of Gentlemen; adding many uſeful Precepts reſpecting their Conduct towards their Patients, Charity towards the Poor, Humanity to all, and the Opportunity they might have of gaining the Confidence of the Sick, and the Eſteem of every one, who, by their Vigilance and Skill, ſhould be reſtored to Health.

The Vice-Provoſt concluded with Prayer and Thankſgiving; and the whole was honored with the Preſence of a polite and learned Aſſembly; who, by their kind Approbation, teſtified the Satisfaction which the Inhabitants of this Place have in the Improvement of uſeful Knowledge, in their native Country.

The following is a more particular Account of the Seizure of a Sloop by the Officers of the Cuſtoms at Boſton, than that inſerted in our laſt.

BOSTON, June 16.

FRIDAY laſt, towards Evening, the Officers of the Cuſtoms for this Port made a Seizure of a Sloop, belonging to, and lying at the Wharff of John Hancock, Eſq; which Veſſel was improved as a Store to put ſome Barrels of Oil on board, there being no Room in the Owner's Stores on the Wharff: After the Officers took Poſſeſſion of the Sloop, one of them made a Signal to his Majeſty's Ship Romney, then lying off in the Harbour, whereupon the Boats belonging to the ſaid Ship were immediately manned and armed, and made towards the Wharff. Several Gentlemen preſent adviſed the Officers not to move her, as there would be no Attempt allowed by the Owner to reſcue her out of their Hands; but, notwithſtanding this Declaration, her Faſt was cut away, and ſhe carried under the Guns of the Romney.---This Conduct provoked the People, who had collected on the Shore, and, in the Diſpute, the Collector, the Comptroller of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and the Collector's Son, were roughly uſed, and pelted with Stones, none of them much hurt: The Noiſe brought together a mixed Multitude, who followed up to the Comptroller's Houſe, and broke ſome of his Windows, but withdrew, by the Advice of ſome prudent Gentlemen that interpoſed;---they were joined by a Number of Sailors, and vagrant Perſons, who were ſuſpicious of an Intention to put them on board the Ship;----theſe went in Search for one of the Man of War's Boats, and in their Way met with the Inſpector of Exports and Imports, him they attacked, broke his Sword, and tore his Clothes; but by ſome Aſſiſtance, he with Difficulty eſcaped to a Houſe in Queen-ſtreet.----No Boat being aſhore, between 8 and 9 o'Clock, they went to one of the Docks, and dragged out a large Pleaſure-Boat belonging to the Collector, this they drew along the Street, with loud huzzaing all the Way, into the Common, where they ſet Fire to it, and burnt it to Aſhes; they alſo broke ſeveral Windows of the Houſes of the Collector and Inſpector-General, which were nigh the Common: No other Outrage was committed that Night.

There were ſome Occurrences reſpecting the Officers of the Romney, preceding this Affair, which raiſed the Reſentment of the Populace; on the Sunday Evening before, a Preſs Gang went on board a Veſſel juſt arrived from Glaſgow, and which came to Anchor off the Long Wharff; the impreſſed Men took an Opportunity, while the Man of War's Men were furling the Sails for them, and got into the Ship's Boat, and rowed aſhore; it being after Sun-ſet, ſeveral People had aſſembled on the Wharff, in the Cool of the Day, who made Way for the Men to run up; the Preſs Gang, as ſoon as they could get to their Boat, purſued them, crying, Stop Deſerters; but no Heed being given thereto, an Officer on the Wharff reſented it, which raiſed a Clamour, and prevented the Gang from landing. A few Days after, a young Man, that had ſerved an Apprenticeſhip in this Town, was impreſſed out of an inward bound Ship; Application was made to the Captain (who, it is ſaid, promiſed not to detain any Inhabitant of theſe Provinces) and he engaged to deliver him up, if an able bodied Man was brought in his Room; ſuch an One was procured for three or four Guineas, but upon his being carried on board the Romney was refuſed, as the Officers of the Ship had been inſulted in the above Affair; and many Things were ſaid to the Perſon who went to get the young Man releaſed, reflecting on the Town, and not without ſome Threats. The Day following a Man was taken out of an Eaſtern Veſſel by an armed Schooner, that was bound to Halifax: Theſe Tranſactions, with a Proſpect of the Trade and Buſineſs of this and the other Towns being in a Manner ruined, raiſed ſuch a Spirit of Reſentment in the People, that the Board of Commiſſioners (thoſe of them who arrived laſt November from England) and their other Officers, together with the Collector and Comptroller for this Port, as alſo the Officers of the Romney, thought it moſt prudent to repair on board the Ship.

On Monday the People in Town were in great Agitation; but leſt any Tumult might ariſe at Night, the Conſequences whereof would be very prejudicial, a Notification was poſted up in divers Parts of the Town, requeſting the Sons of Liberty to meet at Liberty Hall, on Tueſday, the 14th, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon; the Expectation of this Meeting kept the Town in Peace: Early on Tueſday Morning the Colours were flying on Liberty-Tree; and at the Hour appointed, vaſt Numbers of the Inhabitants appeared at and near the Hall; but the Weather being wet and uncomfortable in the Street, they adjourned to Faneuil-Hall; where it was propoſed to have a legal Meeting called; accordingly a Warrant was iſſued by the Select Men to the Conſtables, to warn a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town at Three o'Clock; and ſeveral Gentlemen were nominated to prepare a Draft of ſome Matters proper to lay before them: At Three o'Clock the Inhabitants met, but ſo great was the Concourſe, that they were obliged to adjourn from Faneuil-Hall to the Old-South-Meeting-Houſe.

It has been reported that the Sloop was ſeized becauſe no Permit for Loading was taken out at the Cuſtom-Houſe before the Oil was put on board; others report that it was for Breach of the Acts of Trade in her laſt Voyage, which was from Madeira; but which of the Reports is right, we are not able to inform the Public.

We have related the Affair in as impartial a Manner as we were able; if there is any material Miſtake, it ſhall be corrected upon Notice being given.

Juſt imported in the Jupiter, Capt. Hamilton, from Liverpool, and to be ſold, by

GEORGE FULLERTON,

A LARGE and neat aſſortment of yard and 3-8ths, yard wide, 7-8ths wide, 3-qr. and 11 nail cotton and linen checks, ſilk damaſcus, Turkey ſtripes, cotton and ſtriped hollands, velvets and velverets, cotton and thread hoſe, yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, bed bunts, &c. &c.----With a variety of other goods, imported in the laſt veſſels from London. ‡

WANTED,

A NEGROE that fully underſtands managing a BLOOMERY. Any Perſon having ſuch a One, either to ſell or hire, may apply to the Printers hereof. ‖

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

JAMES BUDDEN,

At his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, a few doors below the London Coffee-Houſe,

A GENERAL aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

Alſo may be had at ſaid ſtore, a great variety of new muſic, both vocal and inſtrumental, viz. overtures, concerto's, trio's, ſolo's, with a choice collection of the lateſt Engliſh, Italian, and Scotch ſongs, as ſung at the public theatres, Vauxhall, Ranelagh, Marybone, &c. 2, 3, and 4 part ſongs, catches, inſtruction books for the harpſichord, violin, German flute, guittar, bagpipes, common flute, French horn, &c. a few bundles of Italian ſtrings for violins; likewiſe guittars, violins, &c. &c. 6 W.

WILLIAM YOUNG, GOLDSMITH,

Three Doors above the Corner of Front and Market-ſtreets,

MAKES and ſells all Kinds of Gold and Silver Work, at the moſt reaſonable Rates; eſpecially thoſe Chapmen and Store-keepers that take a Quantity to diſpoſe of, may depend on a conſiderable Abatement, and be allowed the higheſt Prices for old Gold or Silver, in Exchange for new.

N. B. Said Young would take an Apprentice of a reputable Family, and an ingenious Turn, if any ſhould apply within 3 Weeks, to ſerve not leſs than 5 Years.

DROPT from a Horſe, on the 25th Inſtant, in the Afternoon, between this City and Schuylkill Ferry, a blue Broadcloth SURTOUT COAT, not much worn, faced with blue Shalloon, the back Fent faced likewiſe, two Pockets made of Check Linen, not covered with the Lining, the Flaps on the Side, like a common Coat, with a ſmall Cotton Velvet Cape, and blue Baſket worked Buttons. Whoever has found the ſame, and will bring it to the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, ſhall have a Dollar Reward.

BROKE out of the Workhouſe in the Borough and County of Cheſter, on the 14th Inſtant, an Engliſh Servant Man, named HENRY SMITH, about 23 Years of Age, fair Complexion, grey Eyes, light ſtrait yelloviſh Hair, a little marked with the Small-pox, a Mark on his Cheek, like a large Pock Mark, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, a Carpenter or Wheelwright by Trade, but his Employ in this Country has been attending a Saw-mill; had on when he went away, a half worn felt Hat, a white Ozenbrigs Shirt, a half worn darkiſh Cloth coloured Jacket, with Pewter Buttons, partly Coat Faſhion, with the Cuffs turned up, and old Breeches of the ſame Cloth, a ſtriped ſilk Handkerchief, grey Yarn Stockings, old Calf-ſkin Pumps, with Braſs Buckles. He run away about 2 Years ago, and liſted under Captain Hetherington, near Reading Town, and it is thought he is gone that Way again. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, if taken within 25 Miles of Cheſter, or TEN POUNDS, if further off, paid by

‖ WILLIAM PETERS.

Philadelphia, June 27, 1768.

WAS imported from London ſome time paſt, and left in James and Drinker's Store, three Caſes CHINA, marked G. S. No. 1, 2, and 3; alſo one ſmall Box Hard Ware, marked WIH, with a Diamond and Figure of 1 under the I. The Owner or Owners are deſired to apply for the ſame, prove their Property, pay the Charges, and take them away; if not done in three Weeks from this Time, they will be ſold to pay the Charges, and the Balance lay until properly applied for.

If Thomas Haley, alias Hayley, who came from London, to this City, about 3 Years ſince, be living, he is deſired to call on, or give Information to, the Subſcribers; and, ſhould any Perſon, or Perſons, have a Knowledge of the ſaid Hayley's preſent Reſidence, or of his Deceaſe, they are requeſted to inform us, for which they ſhall be handſomely rewarded.

June 21, 1768.

IMPORTED THIS DAY BY

ROBERT BASS, APOTHECARY,

In Market-ſtreet, in the Britannia, Captain Jefferies, from LONDON, and to be ſold at the uſual Advance,

A QUANTITY of Cinnamon and Nutmegs, as freſh and fine as can be imported; a Parcel of very fine Caſſia, little inferior to Cinnamon, and but Half its Price.

A freſh Quantity of the fineſt Sallad or Olive Oil, and a few Jars of an excellent ſecond Sort of Olive Oil; new Anniſeed and Juniper Berries, by the Hundred, or leſs Quantity; red and yellow Sanders; Venice and Caſtile Soap; German Spaw Water, &c. &c.

A very nice Aſſortment of Perfumery, containing Eſſence of Violets, Eſſence of Jeſſamine, Eau ſans pareille, &c. &c.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of James Duche, late of this City, deceaſed, are deſired to come immediately and ſettle, or make Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be adjuſted by

¶ JOHN MOYES.

TO be ſold, by the Subſcriber, by Way of public Vendue, on Wedneſday, the tenth Day of Auguſt next, on the Premiſes, or at the Houſe of James M'Donaugh, at the Trap, a valuable Plantation, containing 250 Acres, more or leſs, with good Improvements thereon, ſituated in St. George's Hundred, and adjoining the Lands of James M'Donaugh, Samuel Vance, and William Clark, ſaid Lands being of an extraordinary Quality for bearing Wheat, Hemp, or any other Grain, and commodiouſly ſituated, within a Quarter of a Mile of the great Road, leading from Philadelphia to Dover, &c. The Title indiſputable. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the Lands, by applying to James M'Donaugh aforeſaid, or to

¶ 6 W. WILLIAM GOLDEN.

June 18, 1768.

INFORMATION to the PUBLIC,

THAT the ſubſcriber has lately removed to that public inn, ſituate at Kennet-ſquare, Cheſter county, well known by the name of King George the Third, a very healthy and pleaſant ſituation, with every convenience fitting a public-houſe, and as the buildings are very large, render it very ſuitable for gentlemen and ladies who live in town, and are deſtitute of ſo freſh and healthy air, to retire to, and with the many trades that are carried on at the place, ſuch as ſhoemakers, ſmiths, ſadlers, wheelwrights, and taylors, muſt be moſt convenient for the travellers to make it a ſtage----As from his intention of conſtantly keeping a freſh ſupply of the various kinds of liquors, that, perhaps, are too ſcarce in country taverns, and with the care and integrity he has for ſerving the public-----That the material point now wanting, is an acquaintance with thoſe that may uſe the road, which he flatters himſelf may timely be removed.-----The doing of which will be taken as a particular favour done to, and ſhall be ever gratefully acknowledged by, their friend to ſerve, THOMAS CARPENTER.

N. B. Came to ſaid Carpenter's plantation, a few days ago, a ſorrel mare, about 12 years old, a natural pacer; one brown ditto, two years old, natural pacer, branded with the letter R. The owner is deſired to take them away, and pay the charges. ¶

WHEREAS we, the Subſcribers, and ſeveral other Perſons, have given a Bond for the Payment of 627 l. to John Barr, late Sheriff of Lancaſter County, for the Uſe of Daniel Wiſter, of the City of Philadelphia, Merchant, upon Condition, that the ſaid John Barr deliver up to us, for our Safety and Security, a certain Mortgage and Judgment Bond, given unto the ſaid Daniel Wiſter, by Henry Wagoner of Bethel Townſhip, in the County of Lancaſter; and the ſaid John Barr has not given up the ſaid Writings, according to our Agreement, and ſince that Time the ſaid Henry Wagoner has diſpoſed and put away all his Store Goods and movable Effects, and we could make no Oppoſition for want of the ſaid Writings: Therefore, this is to give Notice to all Perſons, not to take any Aſſignment on the ſaid Bond, as we have not Value received, according to Bargain, are determined not to pay the Money, mentioned in the ſaid Bond, until compelled by due Order of Law, as we look upon it to be fraudulently obtained.

GEORGE TITTLE, JACOB BASORE, BARNARD BASORE, TOBIAS BICKEL, ABRAHAM CORNMAN. ¶

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON.

April 6. As ſoon as the Middleſex election was ended in favour of Mr. Wilkes, a perſon was employed to carry the News to ſome of his friends at Paris: A native of Switzerland undertook to deliver the ſame in 51 hours; he accordingly ſet out by agreement, and performed the journey in 47 hours, notwithſtanding he was detained nine hours in an open boat on the ſeas, for which he has ſince received an adequate reward. The man was ſo much galled when he came to Paris, that the blood ran out of the knees of his breeches.

It is reported, that when the new parliament meets, articles of impeachment will be exhibited againſt three great perſonages.

April 7. The Gazetteer of the 5th inſt. gave a plan of a new Miniſtry, but we hear that another liſt has tranſpired, viz.

The Duke of Newcaſtle to be Preſident of the Council.
The Marquis of Rockingham, Secretary of State.
Earl Temple, Lord High Treaſurer.
Lord Chatham to continue Privy Seal.
Mr. Grenville, Firſt Lord of the Admiralty, made a Peer.
Mr. Wilkes, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

And a total Change to be, in which the men moſt attached to his Majeſty and his Family, and moſt capable to ſerve the public, will ſucceed unto, &c.

April 8. It is ſaid that the Duke of Northumberland will ſoon be nominated to a diſtinguiſhed poſt in the adminiſtration, in conſequence of an intended Reſignation of a very great man.

April 9. It is now ſaid, that a treaty of perpetual friendſhip, and good underſtanding, between a certain very unpopular, though reſpectable nobleman, and a very popular commoner, will be brought about, by the marriage of the ſecond ſon of the former, with the only daughter of the latter, who will be an immenſe fortune, as in all probability ſhe will inherit the father's abilities, and the mother's many excellent qualities.

It is now poſitively ſaid Mr. Wilkes will be committed, and puniſhed to the utmoſt ſeverity of the law.

And it is alſo ſaid, an act of parliament will be immediately paſſed to render him unqualified to ſit as a member of the houſe of commons.

April 18. It is confidently aſſerted, that an annual capitation tax will be laid next ſeſſions on all working foreigners reſiding in Great-Britain, which, at only 40 s. per annum, it is computed will bring near a million ſterling into the Exchequer.

April 19. On Saturday night ſome diſpatches, ſaid to be of ſome importance, were ſent away to Falmouth, to be put on board the packet-boat bound for New-York, for Major General Gage, commander in chief of his Majeſty's Forces in North-America.

April 20. It is remarkable, that the name of J. Wilkes, Eſq; was not inſerted in the London Gazette, as returned member for Middleſex, till laſt Saturday evening, on which day a grand council had been previouſly held, at which the Earl of Chatham was preſent.

It is computed, that near 30,000 l. has been ſpent in London and Middleſex, during the courſe of the late elections, on account of Mr. Wilkes's being a candidate for both places; to the increaſe of his Majeſty's revenue, and the great emolument of numbers of his ſubjects.

We are aſſured, as an abſolute fact, that the day after a late popular election was over, a perſon of diſtinction had an audience of a great perſonage, who aſked him if he had got his windows broke, to which he replied in the negative; upon which the great perſonage, with the moſt placid countenance, ſaid, *that no damage was done except to a few obſtinate people.*

It is now talked that an Act of Grace for all miſdemeanors committed before the firſt of January laſt, or before the diſſolution of the laſt parliament, will be moved for, on the firſt meeting of the new Parliament.

Newport, Iſle of Wight, April 2. On the news of Mr. Wilkes's being returned by a glorious majority as member of the county of Middleſex, the genuine ſpirit of liberty appeared in this town in full honours: Forty-five freeholders met at the Bugle tavern; the houſe was ſplendidly illuminated with 45 candles in each window; 45 huzzas were echoed and encored to the following ſpirited and conſtitutional toaſts.

1. The King----May the energies of the crown be always exerted in conſiſtence with the rights of the people!
2. Speedy puniſhment, and everlaſting infamy, to the iſſuers of general warrants, and their truckling abettors!
3. The glorious revolution, and battle of Culloden.
4. Free writing, free ſpeaking, and free trade.
5. May all the propoſitions of John Wilkes, Eſq; now the glorious elected member for the county of Middleſex, meet with their deſired and deſerved effect.

The ringers being genteelly paid, and with the douceur of 45 quarts of good Engliſh beer, gave 45 fires on the bells; 45 huzzas were ſhouted from the Tower, on which 45 candles were lighted 45 minutes after one o' clock.

Glaſgow, April 20. Two Indian Chiefs belonging to the province of Connecticut, lately arrived here in a veſſel from New-York. After ſatisfying their curioſity reſpecting every thing in this city, they ſet out laſt week for London, where they are to lay ſome grievances before his Majeſty, by the advice of Sir William Johnſon. They appeared to be plain ſenſible men.

BOSTON, June 20.

At a meeting of the freeholders and other inhabitants of the town of Boſton, on Tueſday, the 14th inſtant, preſent a larger number than was ever known on any occaſion:------After very cool and deliberate debates, upon the diſtreſſed circumſtances of the town, and the preſent critical ſituation of their affairs, it was unanimouſly voted, That a Committee wait on his Excellency the Governor of the province, with the following petition, viz.

Province of the MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

To his Excellency FRANCIS BERNARD, Eſq; Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over the ſaid Province, and Vice-Admiral of the ſame,

The Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, in Town Meeting, legally aſſembled,

Humbly ſhew,

THAT your Petitioners conſider the Britiſh conſtitution as the baſis of their ſafety and happineſs. By that is eſtabliſhed, No man ſhall be governed by laws, nor taxed but by himſelf, or repreſentative, legally and fairly choſen, and to which he does not give his own conſent. In open violation of theſe fundamental rights of Britons, laws and taxes are impoſed on us, to which we not only have not given our conſent, but againſt which we have moſt firmly remonſtrated.---Dutiful petitions have been preferred to our moſt gracious Sovereign, which (though to the great conſternation of the people, we now learn, have been cruelly and inſidiouſly prevented reaching the Royal Preſence) we have waited to receive a gracious anſwer to, with the greateſt attention to the public peace, until we find ourſelves invaded with an armed force, ſeizing, impreſſing and impriſoning the perſons of our fellow-ſubjects, contrary to expreſs acts of parliament.

Menaces have been thrown out, fit only for Barbarians, which already affect us in the moſt ſenſible manner, and threaten us with famine and deſolation, as all navigation is obſtructed, upon which alone our whole ſupport depends, and the town is at this criſis in a ſituation, nearly ſuch, as if war was formally declared againſt it.

To contend with our parent ſtate, is in our idea the moſt ſhocking and dreadful extremity; but tamely to relinquiſh the only ſecurity we and our poſterity retain of the enjoyment of our lives and properties, without one ſtruggle, is ſo humiliating and baſe, that we cannot ſupport the reflection: We apprehend, Sir, that it is at your option, in your power, and we would hope in your inclination, to prevent this diſtreſſed, and juſtly incenſed people, from effecting too much, and from the ſhame and reproach of attempting too little.

As the Board of Cuſtoms have thought fit, of their own motion, to relinquiſh the exerciſe of their commiſſion here, and as we cannot but hope, that, being convinced of the impropriety and injuſtice of the appointment of a Board, with ſuch enormous powers, and the inevitable deſtruction which would enſue from the exerciſe of their office, will never reaſſume it. We flatter ourſelves, your Excellency will in tenderneſs to this people, uſe the beſt means in your power, to remove the other grievance, we ſo juſtly complain of, and iſſue your immediate order, to the commander of his Majeſty's ſhip Romney, to remove from this harbour, till we ſhall be aſcertained of the ſucceſs of our applications.

And your Petitioners, as in Duty bound, &c.

At the ſame time the town directed their Committee to prepare a letter to Dennis de Berdt, Eſq; in London, ſetting forth the conduct of the commiſſioners and officers of the cuſtoms, and the officers of his Majeſty's ſhip Romney, relating to a ſeizure made the preceding Friday, as well as the behaviour of ſome of the inhabitants the evening following, in an impartial manner, ſupported by affidavits, to prevent the ill impreſſions that may be made, by a miſrepreſentation; and then adjourn'd to the next day.

At the adjournment on Wedneſday the 15th, the Committee appointed to preſent the town's petition to the Governor, reported from his Excellency the following anſwer, viz.

GENTLEMEN,

MY office and ſtation make me a very incompetent judge of the rights you claim againſt acts of parliament; and therefore it would be to no purpoſe for me to expreſs my opinion thereupon. All I can ſay is, that I ſhall not knowingly infringe any of your rights and privileges, but ſhall religiouſly maintain all thoſe which are committed to me as a ſervant of the King.

In regard to the impreſſing men for the ſervice of the King in his ſhips of war, it is practiſed in Great-Britain, and all other his Majeſty's dominions, and therefore I cannot diſpute it in this part of them. But I ſhall uſe my utmoſt endeavours to get it regulated, ſo as to avoid all the inconveniencies to this town which you are apprehenſive of; and from the knowledge I have of Captain Corner, I have no doubt of my ſucceeding therein.

I cannot pretend to enter into any diſpute between you and your parent ſtate; I deſire to be a faithful ſervant in regard to both; and I ſhall think myſelf moſt highly honoured, if I can be in the loweſt degree an inſtrument in preſerving a perfect conciliation between them. I can aſſure you, that if it was as much in my power as it is in my will, it would always be preſerved.

I am obliged by all kinds of duty, by my general inſtructions, and by his Majeſty's ſpecial orders, to protect, aid and aſſiſt the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms (appointed under the great ſeal of Great-Britain, in purſuance of an act of parliament) and their officers, in their perſons and offices. And whether they ſhall or ſhall not relinquiſh the exerciſe of their commiſſion, I muſt not fail to give them all the protection, aid and aſſiſtance in my power. If in ſo doing I ſhall give offence, I ſhall be ſorry for it. But I ſhall never regret the doing my duty.

I have no command over his Majeſty's ſhips, and therefore cannot iſſue ſuch orders as you deſire, nor indeed any order to the commander of his Majeſty's ſhip the Romney. And it would be highly improper for me to make a requiſition to him to remove from this harbour, when I know he is ſtationed here by a ſuperior officer, and cannot remove from hence but by his orders.

FRA. BERNARD.

The Committee at the ſame time reported the draft of a letter to Mr. De Berdt, which was read, and unanimouſly accepted, and the Committee were directed to forward the ſame, together with ſuch affidavits as they ſhould obtain by the firſt veſſel.

At this adjournment the town appointed another Committee, to prepare inſtructions for their repreſentatives, at this alarming criſis; and further adjourned to Friday the 17th, at 3 o'clock.

On Friday the town met by adjournment, and received the report of their Committee, and unanimouſly voted the following inſtructions to their repreſentatives, viz.

To the Hon. JAMES OTIS, *and* THOMAS CUSHING, *Eſquires; Mr.* SAMUEL ADAMS, *and* JOHN HANCOCK, *Eſq;*

GENTLEMEN,

AFTER the repeal of the late American Stamp Act, we were happy in the pleaſing proſpect of a reſtoration of that tranquility and unanimity among ourſelves, and that harmony and affection between our parent country and us, which had generally ſubſiſted before that deteſtable Act. But with the utmoſt grief and concern, we find that we flattered ourſelves too ſoon, and that the root of bitterneſs is yet alive.---The principle on which that Act was founded continues in full force, and a revenue is ſtill demanded from America.

We have the mortification to obſerve one Act of Parliament after another paſſed for the expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue from us; to ſee our money continually collecting from us without our conſent, by an authority in the conſtitution of which we have no ſhare, and over which we have no kind of influence or controul; to ſee the little circulating caſh that remained among us for the ſupport of our trade, from time to time tranſmitted to a diſtant country, never to return, or what in our eſtimation is worſe, if poſſible, appropriated to the maintenance of ſwarms of Officers and Penſioners in idleneſs and luxury, whoſe example has a tendency to corrupt our morals, and whoſe arbitrary diſpoſitions will trample on our rights.

Under all theſe misfortunes and afflictions, however, it is our fixed reſolution to maintain our loyalty and duty to our moſt gracious Sovereign, a reverence and due ſubordination to the Britiſh Parliament, as the ſupreme legiſlative in all caſes of neceſſity, for the preſervation of the whole empire, and our cordial and ſincere affection for our parent country; and to uſe our utmoſt endeavours for the preſervation of peace and order among ourſelves: Waiting with anxious expectation, for a favourable anſwer to the petitions and ſollicitations of this continent, for relief. At the ſame time it is our unalterable reſolution, at all times, to aſſert and vindicate our dear and invaluable rights and liberties, at the utmoſt hazard of our lives and fortunes; and we have a full and rational confidence that no deſigns formed againſt them will ever proſper.

That ſuch deſigns have been formed, and are ſtill in being, we have reaſon to apprehend. A multitude of Place men and Penſioners, and an enormous train of Underlings and Dependants, all novel in this country, we have ſeen already: Their imperious tempers, their raſh, inconſiderate and weak behaviour, are well known.

In this ſituation of affairs, ſeveral armed veſſels, and among the reſt, his Majeſty's ſhip of war the Romney, have appeared in our harbour; and the laſt, as we believe, by the expreſs application of the Board of Commiſſioners, with deſign to overawe and terrify the inhabitants of this town into baſe compliances, and unlimited ſubmiſſion, has been anchored within a cable's length of the wharves.

But paſſing over other irregularities, we are aſſured, that the laſt alarming act of that ſhip, viz. the violent, and in our opinion illegal ſeizure of a veſſel lying at a wharff, the cutting of her faſts, and removing her with an armed force in hoſtile manner, under the protection of the King's ſhip, without any probable cauſe of ſeizure that we know of, or indeed any cauſe that has yet been made known; no libel or proſecution whatever having yet been inſtituted againſt her, was by the expreſs order, or requeſt in writing, of the Board of Commiſſioners to the commander of that ſhip.

In addition to all this, we are continually alarmed with rumours and reports of new revenue Acts to be paſſed, new importations of Officers and Penſioners to ſuck the life-blood of the body politick, while it is ſtreaming from the veins; freſh arrivals of ſhips of war, to be a ſtill ſeverer reſtraint upon our trade; and the arrival of a military force, to dragoon us into paſſive obedience; orders and requiſitions tranſmitted to New-York, Halifax, and to England, for regiments and troops, to preſerve the public peace.

Under the diſtreſſes ariſing from this ſtate of things, with the higheſt confidence in your integrity, abilities and fortitude, you will exert yourſelves, Gentlemen, on this occaſion, that nothing be left undone, that may conduce to our relief; and in particular we recommend it to your conſideration and diſcretion, in the firſt place, to endeavour that impreſſes of all kinds may if poſſible be prevented. There is an act of parliament in being, which has never been repealed, for the encouragement of the trade to America. We mean by the 6th Ann, Chap. xxxvii. Sect. 9. it is enacted, "That no mariner, or other perſon, who ſhall ſerve on "board, or be retained to ſerve on board any privateer, or trading ſhip or veſſel that ſhall be employed in any part of America, nor any mariner, or other perſon, being on ſhore in any "part thereof, ſhall be liable to be impreſſed, or taken away by "any officer or officers of or belonging to any of her Majeſty's "ſhips of war, impowered by the Lord High Admiral, or any "other perſon whatſoever, unleſs ſuch mariner ſhall have before "deſerted from ſuch ſhip of war belonging to her Majeſty, at "any time after the 14th day of February 1707, upon pain that "any officer or officers ſo impreſſing or taking away, or cauſing "to be impreſſed or taken away, any mariner or other perſon, "contrary to the tenor and true meaning of this act, ſhall forfeit "to the maſter, or owner or owners of any ſuch ſhip or veſſel, "Twenty Pounds for every man he or they ſhall ſo impreſs or "take, to be recovered with full coſts of ſuit in any court "within any part of her Majeſty's dominions." So that any impreſſes of any mariner, from any veſſel whatever, appears to be in direct violation of an act of parliament. In the next place, it is our deſire that you enquire, and uſe your endeavours to promote a parliamentary enquiry for the authors and propagators of ſuch alarming rumours and reports as we have mentioned before; and whether the Commiſſioners, or any other perſons whatever, have really wrote or ſolicited for troops to be ſent here from New-York, Halifax, England or elſewhere, and for what end; and that you forward, if you think it expedient, in the Houſe of Repreſentatives, reſolutions, that every ſuch perſon who ſhall ſolicit or promote the importation of troops at this time, is an enemy to this town and province, and a diſturber of the peace and good order of both.

Then the Meeting was diſſolved.

We hear that a Committee of both Houſes of the General Aſſembly were appointed on Saturday laſt, to enquire into the Grounds of the Peoples preſent Apprehenſions, that Meaſures were taking, or had been taken, to execute the Revenue Acts of Parliament by a naval or military Force.

The Commiſſioners and other gentlemen are ſtill on board the Romney----We hear that orders are given to receive them into the Caſtle, and that they are to remove there in a few days, where they will hold their board.

Letters from North-Carolina, mention that there are great diſturbances in that province, occaſioned by the act of Parliament, prohibiting the iſſuing of any more paper currency.

Friday laſt arrived here his Majeſty's Sloop of war, the Beaver, from Halifax.

NEW-YORK, June 23.

Extract of a Letter from an eminent Merchant in London, dated April, 1768.

"Mr. Trecothick is juſt choſen Member for this City, and I am heartily glad of it, having done all in my Power to effect it, becauſe I think him deſerving; and however ſome, nay, many People in America ſaid he was in the Weſt-India Intereſt, and not in that of North-America, I who know his Actions very minutely, affirm that there is not a Man in England who exerted himſelf more, or had a greater Share in the Repeal of the Stamp-Act. An Act, if not repealed, would not have left a Man on that Continent one Shilling Property, and therefore he deſerves their Reſpect and Gratitude.

"Mr. Wilkes loſt his Election for the City of London, thro' his declaring too late, the Confuſion and Miſmanagement of ſome of his Friends, and the barefaced Oppoſition from above, with circular Letters, ſigned by their Servant Bodington. I rejoice, and ſo does all the Town and Kingdom, that he is juſt elected Knight of the Shire for Middleſex, the moſt opulent County in the Kingdom, and which ſurrounds London."

Many Thouſands of the two following Addreſſes to the Liverymen of London, were diſtributed previous to the Election.

On Mr. Wilkes's Outlawry.

In the 35th Year of Elizabeth, the Commons expreſly voted, *That a Perſon* OUTLAWED MIGHT *be elected.* The Queen, in her Speech to her laſt Parliament, complained of their admitting *Outlaws*, and repreſented that Conduct of the Houſe as a great Abuſe.

In 1604, Sir *Francis Godwin* being choſen Member for *Bucks*, the Chancellor vacated his Seat, and iſſued a Writ for a new Election, when *Forteſcue* was choſen in his Place: But the firſt Act of the Houſe was to remove *Forteſcue*, and reſtore Sir *Francis* to his Seat. At the King's Inſtigation, the Lords deſired a Conference on the Subject, but were abſolutely refuſed by the Commons, as the Queſtion regarded their own Privileges.

Gentlemen,

Honour the Man, protect and ſupport him, who has made your Houſes, *Caſtles*; and your Papers ſacred and ſecure againſt the deteſted Violence of General Warrants.

For ſecuring this ineſtimable Bleſſing, and advancing the Cauſe of *Liberty* to you, he was perſecuted, and obliged to fly his Country.

Reſtore him by your Suffrages, and prove to all the Abettors of Deſpotiſm, that the Voice of the People is the Voice of God.

By the laſt Papers and Advices from England, it appears, that the Election of Mr. Wilkes has exceedingly alarmed and irritated thoſe Men in Power, who have for ſeveral Years paſt been labouring to effect a total Change in the Engliſh Conſtitution, and to deſtroy that Freedom and Security of Property, for which the Nation has been ſo eminently diſtinguiſhed, and to which it entirely owed its Proſperity and Grandeur.

It is thought, that in order to keep him out of the Parliament, they will endeavour to poſtpone his Trial, and continue his Confinement. Whether they will ſucceed or not, and whether the ſame Syſtem of Politicks will ſtill be purſued, which has already produced ſuch a hideous Train of Evils; and from a proſperous, united and happy People, has filled us with Jealouſy,---Diſcontent,---and Animoſity;---reduced us from Affluence to a State of general Poverty, and driven us to the Verge of Ruin and Deſpair; or whether *this Syſtem*, or *the Old Engliſh Conſtitution* ſhall any longer exiſt, will greatly depend upon the prevailing Temper of the new Parliament, the Diſcovery of which is waited for with anxious Solicitude.

A CARD.

OLD NICK preſents his moſt reſpectful compliments to the glorious 1293 freeholders of the county of M------, who have choſen his dearly beloved eldeſt ſon John, to repreſent them in parliament; and *cannot forbear congratulating them, as the moſt diſtinguiſhed of Engliſhmen*, in diſregarding thoſe obſolete notions of electing a man of character, and property (as moſt likely to act with honour and uprightneſs) and making choice of Jack, who roars out independency, tho' ſupported by ſubſcription, a blaſphemer of his God, and a vilifier of his ſovereign upon record. But ſays nevertheleſs, he ſhall think thoſe moments the happieſt, which he employs in maintaining the civil and *religious* rights of Engliſhmen. He begs you to conſider his paſt conduct, as an earneſt of his future, I am convinced it will prove ſo; and that a county which contains more of my friends than the whole kingdom beſides, has now got the propereſt man to repreſent them: One poſſeſſed of the fineſt talents to miſlead an ignorant multitude, and to ſubvert religion and laws.

To you therefore my beſt thanks are due, and if any of you, his electors, can read, you will obſerve my ſon deſires to receive from time to time your inſtructions, which I entreat you may

be ſuch, as may tend to reſtrain that ſeditious ſpirit he is poſſeſt with; leſt expulſion, the pillory and Newgate, ſhould be his portion."

On Tueſday came to Town a ſpecial Meſſenger from Boſton with an Expreſs, we hear, to his Excellency the General, relating to the late Diſturbances in that Town.

Captain Caſtles (in the Ship Thomas Waddel) from Amſterdam, ſpoke the following Veſſels, viz. June 5. Lat. 39:52, Lon. 59:20, a Ship from Maryland for London, 8 Days from the Capes of Virginia; and June 8, Lat. 40:10, Lon. 60, a Ship, David Lord, Maſter, 17 Days from Jamaica, bound for London.

Yeſterday came to Town from Philadelphia, his Excellency Lord Charles Greville Montague, Governor of South-Carolina, and his Lady.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.

A Gentleman in Lancaſter County, who favoured his Friend in this City, with an Account of the late dreadful Hail-Storm, has ſince been pleaſed to furniſh the following Remarks, which, as they cannot fail of being acceptable to ſuch of our Readers as are of a ſpeculative and philoſophical Turn, we are pleaſed with having an Opportunity to inſert them.

---------- "Upon breaking ſeveral of the *Hail-Stones*, "ſuch as were *ſpherical*, were found to be compoſed of various "Orbs, or Coats of Ice, encompaſſing one another like the "Coats of an Onion, which contained in the Middle a tranſpa"rent *Nucleus*, about the Size of a ſmall Piſtol-Bullet. In ſome, "this *Nucleus* was opake, with bright Radiations iſſuing from "it to the Surface, like thoſe diſcovered in breaking the ſul"phureous *Nodules*, or globular *Pyrites*, found in ſeveral Parts of "the Country.---Some were encompaſſed with fine *Striæ*, like "the firſt Shootings of Froſt in damp Ground; and ſome were "concreted into ſolid, but irregular Lumps of Ice.

"As the Wind from the S. E. oppoſed the Progreſs of the "Clouds, which began in the N. W. we may ſuppoſe that the "firſt Clouds, by being preſſed behind by the thickening Storm, "and oppoſed in Front by the Wind, were, by that Means, "forced up into the colder Regions, and that there this *Nucleus* "was formed, which congealed more and more as it fell thro' "the watery Clouds, and ſo received different Coats at different "Stages.----Such Hail-ſtones as appeared under other Forms "were, in all Probability, compoſed of a Number of ſmall "Ones, which met, joined, and congealed together in their "Paſſage through different Clouds.------The dreadful Noiſe, "with which this Storm approached, proceeded, no Doubt, "from the ſtriking and claſhing together of the large Stones in "their Fall.

"How far this Storm extended I have not been able to diſco"ver, but from the beſt Information yet received, it began "ſomewhere about *Shamokin*---divided into different Branches, "all keeping pretty near a S. E. Courſe, and deſtroying whole "Plantations on this Side and that, without touching others "which lay contiguous; and ended (at leaſt with Regard to its "deſtructive Fury) ſomewhere about Warwick-Furnace, in "Cheſter-County.

"How awful are the Diſpenſations of Providence!----JEHO"VAH "rides in the Whirlwind, and directs the Storm."---- "He commands the *Snow* and *Hail*, and they obey his Word.--- "Let us adore---let us tremble!----

"*P. S.*---Much as I was ſurpriſed at the prodigious Size of "the above deſcribed Hail-Stones, I was much more ſo, in read"ing, a few Days ſince, an Account given by Dr. HOOKE, in "ſome of his Philoſophical Papers, collected and publiſhed by "Mr. DERHAM---that he had taken the Dimenſions and Fi"gures of ſeveral Hail-Stones which fell in England, meaſuring "THIRTEEN Inches in Circumference."

Lancaſter County, June 23, 1768.

The following Gentlemen are elected Repreſentatives in the New-Jerſey Aſſembly, for the under-mentioned Counties, viz.

Somerſet, HENDRICK FISHER, and JOHN BERRIEN, Eſquires.

Monmouth, ROBERT HARTSHORNE, and EDWARD TAYLOR, Eſquires.

Middleſex, JOHN WETHERELL, and REUNE RUNYAN, Eſquires.

Eſſex, JOHN OGDEN, and STEPHEN CRANE, Eſquires.

Bergen, TUNIS DEY, and JOHN DE MORAY, Eſquires.

City of Perth-Amboy, CORTLAND SKINNER, and JOHN JOHNSTON, Eſquires.

On Thurſday Night laſt Mr. THOMAS BARTOW, Merchant, was married to Miſs SALLY BENEZET, Daughter of DANIEL BENEZET, Eſq; an agreeable and accompliſhed young Lady.

Sunday laſt came to Town Captain Graham, of the Sloop Kingſton, bound from this Port for the Grenades, who informs, that he left our Capes the 6th Inſtant, and on the 11th the Sloop ſprung a Leak; that on the 12th, it increaſed ſo faſt, they could ſcarce keep her free with both Pumps, and were obliged to throw ſome of the Flour and Lumber overboard; that on the 13th he bore away for our Capes, and arrived off of Townſend's Inlet on the 24th, the Hands being almoſt worn out with conſtant pumping.----On the 20th, in Lat. 38:13, Long. 66:30, he ſpoke the Schooner William, Captain Board, belonging to New-York, bound for Antigua, but having ſprung a Leak, was obliged to put into Rhode-Iſland to get it ſtopped, from whence he had been three Days out on his intended Voyage, all well.

Captain Seaton, from Jamaica, on the 22d Inſtant, off Cape-Hatteras, ſpoke a ſmall Schooner, from New-York for Bermuda, all well, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain Gamble, from Barbados, on the 18th Inſtant, in Lat. 35, Long. 71, ſpoke the Ship James Dawkins, Captain Carter, from this Port for Jamaica, all well.

Captain Haſelton, from Jamaica, on his Paſſage, in Lat. 23:4, Long. 85:3, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Frederick Baker, belonging to New-York, bound to Amſterdam from the Bay of Honduras, out 6 Weeks; and in Lat. 30:10, Long. 79:10, he ſpoke a Snow from Gibraltar for St. Auguſtine, with Soldiers on board, out two Months.

Laſt Friday the Sloop Abigail, Captain Anthony, arrived here from Rhode-Iſland; on the 18th Inſtant, off the Back of Long-Iſland, he had his Topmaſt ſplit to Pieces, his Mainmaſt ſhivered, and two Planks ſtarted, by Lightning, which occaſioned a dangerous Leak; the People on board were all ſtruck ſenſeleſs for a few Minutes.

Captain Tingley, arrived at New-York from Briſtol, on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 40:4, Long. 57, ſpoke a Ship from Philadelphia for Liſbon, 9 Days out, all well.

And Captain Tudor, from Antigua, alſo arrived at New-York, on the 19th Inſtant, in Lat. 38, Long. 70, ſpoke with Captain M'Kinley, from Glaſgow, bound to Virginia, who, ſome Days before, had ſpoke with one of his Majeſty's Ships, homeward bound from the South Seas, that had ſome of the Patagonians on board.

Monday laſt, between One and Two o' Clock, a Fire broke out in the Roof of the Goal of this City; occaſioned, it is imagined, by a Defect in one of the Chimnies; but by the timely Aſſiſtance, and uſual Activity of the Inhabitants, on ſuch Occaſions, it was happily extinguiſhed without any Damage, except ripping up Part of the Shingles.

From York County we learn, that the Storm mentioned in our laſt, has done conſiderable Damage to about Thirty Plantations in that County.

On Monday laſt began the Drawing of the firſt Claſs of the Philadelphia Public Lottery, and will be finiſhed To-morrow.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. *Captain Johnſon, at Cadiz; Albro, at Jamaica; and Captain M'Carty, at the Grenades.*

At Barbados. *Captains Walke, White, Tompkins, and Conway, from Virginia; Earle, and Wells, from Maryland; Ketchum, from New-Haven; Morgan, from Salem; and Captain Cock, from Piſcataqua.*

At Antigua. *Captains Kendall, and Robertſon, from Virginia; Tilghman from Maryland; and Captain Billings, from New-London.*

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Your inſerting the following Lines in your next Paper, will greatly oblige, GENTLEMEN,

Yours, *J. H.*

Upon Miſs L-----G, a young Lady from the Country.

LYDIA's like Autumn ripe, yet mild as May,
Young, modeſt, handſome, lively, witty, gay;
Her ſparkling Eyes the glitt'ring Stone excel,
They with their Luſtre ſolar Rays expel;
Were they, alas, fix'd in the ſtarry Way,
No Orb ſo bright could hail approaching Day;
How ſweet her Temper, how divinely fair,
How white her Hand, how ſmooth her gloſſy Hair;
A noble Soul, with every Grace inſpir'd,
Lov'd by the Wife, and by the Good admir'd;
Indeed great Nature never form'd a Mind
So wiſe, ſo good, ſo noble, and ſo kind. *J. H.*

*** *The* CONTRIBUTORS *to the Sea Captains Club, are deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting on Monday, the Fourth of July next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Six o' Clock in the Evening.*

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 17s. 9d. Wheat 7s. Indian Corn 2s. 4d. Ship Bread 16s. Middling Ditto 25s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. Hogſhead Ditto 5l. Red Oak Ditto 4l. Beef 47s. Pork 77s. 6d. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 4d. New-England Ditto 2s. 6d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 6d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 40 to 56s. Melaſſes 22d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 11s. Turpentine 16s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 4d. Halfpenny. Cotton 21d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 8l. 10s. Muſtard-ſeed 32s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Polly, W. Bartlet, and Schooner Polly, A. Mansfield, from Salem, N. E. Brig Carpenter, C. Jenkins, Montſerrat. Ship Sally, P. Brown, Liſbon. Sloop Abigail, T. Smith, Nantucket. Brig Miriam and Ann, W. Haſelton, and Brig Scarborough, A. Seaton, Jamaica. Sloop Abigail, G. Harriſon, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, Barbados. Brig Rachel, J. Matthews, Grenades. Ship Catherine, A. Henderſon, Cadiz. Schooner Little Nancy, J. Thompſon, New-Providence.

OUTWARDS. *Schooner Polly, W. Bartlet, Salem. Schooner Betſy, C. Biddle, Cadiz. Brig Juno, J. Wilſon, Dominica. Brig Elizabeth, F. Fearis, Newfoundland. Snow Britannia, J. Jefferies, London. Brig Harlequin, J. Knett, Jamaica. Schooner John and Phœbe, C. Cardiff, Antigua. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, South-Carolina. Sloop Abigail, G. Harriſon, Rhode-Iſland. Ship Mercury, J. Aſhmead, Liſbon. Sloop Succeſs, J. Sawyer, Madeira. Brig Jupiter, W. Hamilton, for Liverpool.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Hope, R. Alberſon, to New-York. Sloop Mercury, R. Aynſley, Africa. Ship Molly, B. Alliſon, Cork. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, Cadiz. Sloop Bridget, W. Harris, New-London. Brig St. James, C. Ferguſon, Jamaica. Sloop Tom, J. Tillinghaſt, Rhode-Iſland. Sloop Speedwell, S. Devonſhire, Georgia. Ship Britannia, J. Scott, Briſtol. Sloop Deborah, J. Waterman, Boſton. Brig Nancy, T. Olſon, Barbados. Schooner Priſcilla, J. Shaw, Grenades. Schooner Kenſington, F. Moon, N. Carolina. Sloop Alice, B. Newbold, to Tortola.*

STRAYED or STOLEN,

From a Paſture on Society-Hill, on Sunday Morning, the 26th of this inſtant June,

A LIKELY young black Horſe, 4 Years old, bob Tail, about 15 Hands high, a natural Trotter, newly ſhod before, and trimmed under the Bridle, has no White about him; he has cut himſelf between Hair and Hoof, by tramping with one Foot upon the other. Whoever brings ſaid Horſe, or ſends Word, ſo that the Owner may have him again, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS Reward, or THREE POUNDS for Horſe and Thief, if ſtolen, and reaſonable Charges, paid by the Subſcriber, in Lombard-ſtreet, near St. Peter's Church,

§ JOSEPH CASSIN.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Liverpool, and Ireland, and to be ſold on reaſonable terms, by

CARSAN, BARCLAY and MITCHELL,

At their ſtore, below Walnut-ſtreet,

A COMPLEAT aſſortment of 3-qr. 78ths, and yard wide Iriſh linens, from 19d. to 5s. and 9d. per yard, 9-8ths Iriſh and Ruſſia white ſheetings, brown ſileſias, cambricks, long and clear lawns, huckaback, Ruſſia diaper, 6-qr. table cloths, 6-qr. humhums; Scotch, Mancheſter, and flaxen ozenbrigs; a very large aſſortment of printed linens, cottons, callicoes, chints, linens and muſlins, 9-8ths wd. cottons, for bed or window curtains, Bengall ſtripes, ſilk hoſe and breeches patterns, worſted ditto, cloth coloured undreſſed taffeties, ſtriped perſians, 3-qr. 7-8ths, and ſhort yard black, blue and culgee handkerchiefs, Scotch and Engliſh, ſingle and double printed linen ditto, romals, bandanoes, ſaggathies, poplins, and very low priced ſhalloons, ſilver watches, 6-qr. 6-qr. and half, and 7-qr. bed bunts, 10 and 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yard and yard and 3-8ths linen and cotton checks, ſail canvas No. 1 to 9, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. They have alſo for ſale an ANCHOR, about 900 pounds weight. ¶

ADVERTISEMENT to the PAINTERS.

NATHANIEL and JOHN TWEEDY, Druggiſts (oppoſite the north ſide and upper part of the Jerſey Market, Philadelphia) take this opportunity of informing the Painters, their Friends, and Public in general, That they have for ſale, Painters Colours of all kinds ground in oil, and ready prepared for immediate uſe, amongſt which are, White lead, Spaniſh brown, Spaniſh white, Venetian red, yellow ochres, and umber, all ground in oil.-----Red paints of all kinds; blue, green, yellow and mahogany-coloured ditto, &c. &c. &c.

As they intend to keep a conſtant ſupply of the above paints, ready for uſe, and in any quantities, they are determined to ſell them on the very loweſt terms, and warrant them neat and genuine, with dry paints for limners and common painting; bruſhes and tools, all ſizes; fitches and camels hair pencils; linſeed-oil, boiled and unboiled; ſpirits of turpentine; nut oil; gold, ſilver and Dutch leaf; palate knives, canvas of all ſizes, lamp-black, a very neat and particular kind of varniſh for pictures and carriages, with every ſort of varniſhes and lackers made uſe of. Alſo an univerſal aſſortment of dye-ſtuffs, and a complete aſſortment of drugs and medicines, as uſual.

A MAID, that can do all Sorts of Houſework, may hear of a Place, by enquiring at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet.

FRANCIS HOPKINSON,

At his Store in Walnut-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, hath imported for Sale, in the laſt Ships from LONDON,

A LARGE and complete Aſſortment of beſt ſuperfine Broadcloths; amongſt which are the following Colours, viz. White, Buff, Cream coloured, Crimſon, Green, Blue, Roſe coloured, a Variety of Cloth-colours and Browns, Ravengrey, Blue-greys, Mixtures, Claret, Black, &c. &c. Likewiſe, a few Caſſimers, for Summer wear.

As Mr. Hopkinſon deals for Caſh only, he will Retail at the Prices Goods of the ſame Quality are uſually ſold Wholeſale.

He hath likewiſe an Aſſortment of Trimmings to the above Cloths; a few Family Medicine Cheſts; and a Quantity of beſt Hyſon TEA.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

At the London Coffee-Houſe, on Saturday, the Ninth of July, at Twelve o'Clock,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 20 Years of Age, that can Cook, Waſh, and Iron, and do all Manner of Houſe work; ſhe was brought up in the Country, and can likewiſe do Country-work. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcriber, SILK SPINNER, from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, and living in an Alley, in Front-ſtreet, near the Sign of the Queen of Hungary, would be glad to ſerve thoſe who have Cocoons to ſpin; and all Perſons who have an Inclination to ſee the Curioſity of ſpinning of Silk, will be ſhewn the ſame, by their humble Servant, ELISABETH TAVERNER. ¶

To be SOLD by public vendue,

At the houſe of the widow Jenkins, the ſign of the Coneſtogoe Waggon, in Market-ſtreet, on Wedneſday, the 20th of July, at ſix o' clock in the evening; or at any time before, by private ſale;

A GOOD two ſtory brick houſe, two ſtory brick kitchen, with back buildings, and lot of ground on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Coneſtogoe Waggon, and well ſituate for ſhop keeping, or other public buſineſs. The lot contains in breadth 16 feet front, on Market-ſtreet, and in length or depth 100 feet, bounded on the eaſt by a houſe and lot belonging to Robert Waln, on the weſt by a houſe and lot belonging to William Jones, and on the north by land of Jonathan Price's, with the privilege of an alley, and is ſubject to a groundrent of about 1 l. 13 s. ſterling, per annum. For further particulars enquire of WILLIAM KOSTOR, cooper, in Walnut-ſtreet, above Fourth-ſtreet, or of HENRY CLIFTON, joiner, in Third-ſtreet, above Arch-ſtreet. ♁

Imported in the Britannia, Captain James Jefferies, from LONDON,

By RICHARD TIDMARSH, Surgeon and Apothecary,

Near the Baptiſt Meeting-Houſe, in Second-ſtreet,

A LARGE quantity of Drugs and Medicines, Chymical and Galenical, &c. This being the third Importation this year, from the moſt conſiderable wholeſale Druggiſts in London, to particularize each article, according to cuſtom, would take up a large part of this paper. The importer believes he has as large, if not the moſt conſiderable and complete aſſortment of the beſt genuine Drugs and Medicines ever imported here; and will, for caſh, ſell to any perſon an aſſortment amounting to ten pounds and upwards, at twenty per cent. leſs than the cuſtomary caſh prices, of the beſt genuine drugs, the importer having no other kind.

Patent medicines, of any note, from the original offices; ſweet ſcented waters; glaſs, marble and metal mortars, and other apparatus for ſurgeons and apothecaries; moſt complete red Morocco pouches, with ſurgeons pocket inſtruments, by the beſt maker; medicine cheſts and boxes complete, with glaſs ready to fit up for ſea or country families, with plain and eaſy directions on the ſhorteſt notice.

A large quantity of the very beſt genuine Jeſuits or Peruvian Bark, at fifteen ſhillings per pound; beſt ſweet oil by jar or retail, a large quantity of ſecond ditto, by jar or retail; a large quantity of freſh liquorice root, or ſtick commonly called; ſpices, wholeſale or retail; curious ſmelling bottles in caſes.

N. B. Several hogſheads, caſks and cheſts, iron bound, to ſell cheap.

WANTED, a Journyman Apothecary, of a ſober good character. †

Suſſex County, New-Jerſey, June 28, 1768.

WHEREAS I NICHOLAS SMITH gave RICHARD SHAKELTON two bonds, for One Hundred Pounds each, bearing date April 1764, and a title-bond for a piece of land, and he not performing his contract with me, theſe are to forewarn any perſon from taking an aſſignment of ſaid bonds, as I am determined not to pay the ſame. NICHOLAS SMITH. ¶

THE ſubſcriber begs leave to inform his cuſtomers, that he is now able to carry on his buſineſs, after the late accidental misfortune that happened to him. Thoſe that have been pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom for a number of years paſt, and others that may be inclinable to employ him, may depend on being ſerved faithfully, and with Diſpatch, by their humble ſervant, THOMAS IRELAND. ‡

TO be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, in Briſtol townſhip, a valuable lot of land, ſituated fronting old York road, within 7 miles of Philadelphia, and 2 of Germantown, containing 7 acres and 68 perches, adjoining the lands of Benjamin Armitage, and William Wilſon, having a neat, large, and commodious ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtory high, compleatly finiſhed, with 4 rooms on a floor; a compleat cellar under the whole; a ſtone kitchen, well finiſhed, with two ovens; a large ſtone barn and ſtables, well finiſhed; a large and convenient vault, well arched, and paved with brick; a garden and neat ſummer-houſe, well incloſed; an orchard, containing 100 apple trees of the beſt kind of grafted fruit, bears every year, a compleat ſhed for either waggons or horſes, two good and never failing wells of water, one of which has a pump in it; the whole premiſes is well incloſed. The ſaid houſe has for years paſt been a well accuſtomed tavern, known by the ſign of the King of Pruſſia; the ſituation very pleaſant, and ſuitable for a gentleman's country ſeat. Any gentleman inclining to purchaſe, for terms may apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes,

† JOHN RASER.

Philadelphia, June 28, 1768.

RUN away the 26th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man, named MATTHEW TIERS, by trade a taylor, between 25 and 30 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, born in England, came over laſt Fall with Captain Cobourn, a down-looking ſurly like fellow, wears his own black hair, has been ſhot in the back part of his head and ſhoulders, and ſeveral grains of ſhot may be felt under the ſkin, which is an infallible mark to know him by; had on, and took with him, a brown cloth coat, lined in the ſkirts with durant of the ſame colour, the back and ſleeves with brown holland, the fore parts of his jacket of red ſtriped damaſcus, and the back of brown holland, blue ſaggathy breeches, white and check ſhirts, brown thread, and blue ribbed ſtockings, good ſhoes, and plated buckles; his clothes are almoſt new. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, if taken within this county, and if out of it, THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN M'CALLA.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. ¶ 6 W.

Cheſter, June 27, 1768.

NOW in the cuſtody of the ſubſcriber, an Engliſhman, who calls himſelf JOHN SMITH, is about 5 feet 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, ſhort dark coloured hair; had on, when committed, a lead coloured broad cloth jacket, with cuffs to it, a coarſe flaxen ſhirt, and check trowſers, old felt hat, and coarſe ſhoes; he alſo had with him, a woman's ſhift, a pair of cotton ſtockings, and a pair of womens thread ditto. His maſter, if any, is deſired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be ſold out for the ſame in ſix weeks from the date hereof, by JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler. ¶

ALL Perſons who are indebted to WILLIAM and THOMAS M'CAY, who lately kept Shop in Philadelphia, are deſired to pay their Accounts, immediately, to PHILIP WILSON, living in Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet: And ſuch Perſons are hereby deſired not to pay any Debts that may be due ſaid M'CAYS, to any other Perſon than ſaid WILSON, or his Order, as ſaid M'CAYS have aſſigned their Books, &c. to him.

LISBON and MOUNTAIN WINES, and WEST-INDIA RUM, to be ſold by *ALEXANDER STUART*, on the North-ſide of *Market-ſtreet* Wharff. ¶

Virginia, June 20, 1768.

THE Earl of Tankerville's concurrence being now had, and in the country, to the purchaſes I ſome time ago made of his agents in Virginia, ſo that deeds can be had to the part thereof in Frederick county, Maryland, I purpoſed again to diſpoſe of, which prevented its being done when formerly advertiſed; I now give notice to all perſons, inclinable to purchaſe the whole, or any part thereof, that it is now on ſale, and can be compleated, and that I will attend at the next Auguſt Frederick county court, which begins on the third Tueſday in Auguſt, at the houſe of Mr. Charlton, ready to treat with any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the whole, or any part thereof. It is a tract of choice fine land, remarkably ſuitable for either farming or plantation buſineſs, and very commodiouſly ſituated for trade, not far from Frederick-Town, and the advantage of navigation on Potowmack river, the uſual landing the boats now carry from, being upon the land; it is finely watered, and has great quantities of meadow ground interſperſed amongſt it; contains between ſix and ſeven thouſand acres, and is uſually known by the name of Colvill's tract, called Merryland. Any perſon, who in the interim wants to view or treat for it, may apply to Meſſrs. John Cary, merchant, in Frederick-Town, or Francis Hamilton, at Keep Triſte Furnace, who have power and directions to treat for it, or to the Subſcriber himſelf, at Occoquan forges. Being moſtly fine tenable land, it would make a good ſettlement for a number of people wanting to remove and ſeat themſelves in one neighbourhood; if there are more of them than the land can commodiouſly ſerve, the Subſcriber has ſixteen thouſand acres of equally famous good land, on the oppoſite ſide of Potowmack, which will be ſoon ſettled out, and almoſt adjoining the above tract, excepting the ſeparation by the river, on which they might ſeat themſelves contiguous to one another. Should not purchaſers offer ſoon for it to the Subſcriber's liking, it will be leaſed out to good farmers, there having been many applications to him for it in that way, and which can be lett out at a very great rent. Thoſe who formerly applied, and wanted to purchaſe, and ſtill incline to do ſo, on giving notice in time, will have preference given them.

†

JOHN SEMPLE.

Suſſex County on Delaware, Three-Run Mills, June 24, 1768.

RUN away, from the ſubſcriber, on the 13th of September laſt, one Mulattoe ſlave, named HARRY, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, and well ſet. Had on, when he went away, a brown cloth coat, white linen jacket, and brown breeches; he was bred a miller, and underſtands very well how to manufacture flour, and can invoice the ſame; is much given to ſtrong drink, and playing on the violin; underſtands the carpenter's and millwright's buſineſſes midling well; was removed from Eaſt New-Jerſey in the year 1762, by one Nicholas Veight, who lived at Rockey-Hill, and kept a mill. The ſaid fellow has a free wife, named Peg, and two children, which are ſuppoſed to be ſomewhere in the province of Eaſt New-Jerſey. I am told the ſaid Mulattoe has got a paſs. Any perſon or perſons that will ſecure the ſaid Mulattoe in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have TEN POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by Mr. CHARLES WHARTON, merchant, in Philadelphia; or by LEVIN CRAPPER. ¶

Baltimore-Town, June 20, 1768.

TAKEN up, and committed to Baltimore Town Goal, on ſuſpicion of being runaways, viz.

Timothy Mahony, an Iriſhman, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark brown hair, tied behind, his noſe ſomewhat bent more towards one ſide than the other, he writes a very good hand, and is well acquainted with the inhabitants at North-River, quite up to Albany, and from whence, he ſays, he came laſt March; he had on, when taken up, a ruffled ſhirt, with the mark cut out from the ſide guſhet, and he is remarkably fond of liquor; a letter has been found, wrote by him, which he dates from Quebec, and therein mentions, that he left Sugar-Loaf in March laſt, this letter was directed to Edmund Keho, on Cowfoot-Hill, near the tanyard, New-York.

Richard Whitaker, or Whitacre, a ſhoemaker by trade, about 22 or 23 years of age, ſhort black hair, has a mole under his right eye, near the ear, and another on the left ſide of his neck; he had, when taken, a leathern budget, with the words New-Jerſey, in yellow or gold letters, in which are his tools; he produces a paſs, ſigned John Jarman, one of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace for the county of Salem, which paſs is ſuppoſed to be forged, it being very badly wrote, and much worſe ſpelt; there was alſo found on him a bond, ſigned by John Buck, of Deerfield townſhip, in the county of Cumberland, and province of Weſt-Jerſey, for 46 l. lawful money of Weſt-Jerſey, payable to Richard Whitaker, and witneſſed by William M'Gill.

If not claimed, and fetched away, in one month from the date hereof, they will be ſold out for their fees, by

DANIEL CHAMIER, Sheriff.

June 18, 1768.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Queen-Anne's County, near the head of Cheſter river, a Welch convict ſervant man, named Thomas Richards, about 30 years of age, well ſet, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, wears his hair, of a brown colour, ſpeaks bad Engliſh, has a down look, and has loſt his left thumb, off at the upper joint, by his hand, and is about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on, and took with him, one fine ſhirt, one coarſe ditto and trowſers, a half worn blue fearnought over jacket, home made kerſey under ditto, old ſtockings and ſhoes, and an old caſtor hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have, if taken within 15 miles of home, Twenty Shillings, if further Forty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§

JACOB COMEGYS.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, in Concord Townſhip, Cheſter County, on the firſt Day of June inſt. a brown Horſe, about 3 Years old, 13 Hands and a Half high, a natural Trotter. The Owner is deſired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away. WILLIAM PEIRCE. §

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 14th of June inſt. an Iriſh ſervant man, named Robert Batterſbee, by trade a weaver, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, thick and well made, of a freſh colour, brown hair, a little curled; had on, when he went off, a brown and green worſted coat, with hair buttons, a light coloured ſaggathy jacket, black everlaſting breeches, worſted ſtockings, clouded brown and white, about half worn, ſhoes half ſoaled, with Pinchbeck buckles, carved, a coarſe ſhirt, with ſilver ſleeve buttons, and Pinchbeck knee buckles, and a new wool hat; but he may probably change his clothes. He is much given to ſtrong drink, and apt to be quarrelſome when in liquor. He ran away once before (laſt winter) and rode away a man's horſe, on the road, and ſtole ſome money out of his ſaddle-bags; and, after he was advertiſed, came home himſelf. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

†

JOHN RAMSEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

STRAYED or ſtolen, out of the Paſture of the Subſcriber, on the 14th of June inſt. a light bay Horſe, 15 Hands high, 3 Years old, paces and trots, has no brand Mark, has two ſhoes on him, one ſmaller than the other, his Mane hangs on the off Side, and is a little curled, has a little white Spot, hardly to be ſeen, behind his left Ear, on his Neck, and has a ſhort Tail. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and brings him to the Subſcriber (or informs where he may have him again) living in Bedminſter Townſhip, Bucks County, ſhall have Three Pounds, paid by

DANIEL BIBIGHOUSE. ¶

Cheſter County, June 10, 1768.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Friday, the firſt day of July next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the tavern where John Galbreath now lives, in the townſhip of Oxford, Cheſter county, will be ſold by vendue, a meſſuage or tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing about 300 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Oxford, in Cheſter county, bounded by lands of George M'Callough, George Criſwell, Walter Hoods, Henry Elving, Robert Bunting, and others. Alſo will be ſold, at the ſame time and place, horſes, cows, &c. and ſundry ſorts of houſhold furniture, late the eſtate and effects of the ſaid John Galbreath; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Saturday, the ſecond Day of July next, at 3 o'Clock, on the Premiſes, will be ſold by Vendue, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation, and Piece or Parcel of Land, thereunto belonging, containing 89 Acres, be the ſame more or leſs, ſituate in Aſhtown Townſhip, Cheſter County, four Miles from Cheſter, on the Great Road to Concord; bounded by Lands of Hugh Lynn, the Widow Caldwell deceaſed, Jonathan Richards, Jacob Richards, Samuel Faro, and others. The Land is good, ſome good Meadow thereon, and other good Conveniencies; late the Eſtate of William Thomſon, ſeized in Execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

TO be SOLD by public vendue, at the London Coffee-houſe, in Philadelphia, on the 9th day of Auguſt next, by the ſubſcriber, that part of his land, known by the name of the grazing part, containing about 400 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Uwchland, Cheſter county, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Harris's Ferry, 32 miles from Philadelphia, and 26 from Cheſter; the land is fertile, ſuch as produces black walnut, hickory, and plumb trees in great plenty, a great part of ſaid tract is watered meadow, that never fails of bringing good crops of hay, without mud or dung, in the drieſt ſeaſons; there is on ſaid land two ſtone-dwelling-houſes, with good ſprings of water near each of them; they are pleaſantly ſituated about 3 quarters of a mile diſtance from each other, with an apple orchard near each houſe; this place might ſuit a grazier well, as it is thought, by good judges, there may be hay enough got off the meadows now cleared, to winter 100 head of bullocks. The purchaſer, on paying one half of the money, may have twelve months credit for the remainder, and have a title at the firſt payment. The further conditions will be made known at the day of ſale, by

JOSEPH PHIPPS.

N. B. The ſubſcriber has 3 griſt mills, with good farms, belonging to them, either to ſell or lett. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent, may know the terms, as above. §8W.

TO BE SOLD,

By PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 7th day of July next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, in Philadelphia (the ſale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon)

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 200 acres, ſituate in the Weſtern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia; bounded on the eaſt, with the river Schuylkill, on the north with High-ſtreet, or Coneſtogoe road, and Marſhall's road, in part on the weſt, with a road leading from the Coneſtogoe road to Darby road, and bounded with the line of Mr. William Hamilton, and from thence on the ſouth, along the line of ſaid Mr. Hamilton, to the river Schuylkill;-------- there are upon this plantation, a commodious large brick houſe, two ſtories high, forty feet by thirty eight, with ſtabling, &c. near 100 acres of cleared land, 16 acres in banked meadow, the banks in good repair, 10 acres of upland meadow, and the reſt as fertile to the farmer as any in the province, and the remainder is well wooded; ſeveral ſprings of water in it (along which may be made a quantity of watered meadow) which unite about one quarter of a mile from where they are embraced by the river Schuylkill. This plantation may be ſaid, without vanity, to ſuit the gentleman, the farmer, or the grazier, and nothing but the READY MONEY muſt expect to get it, upon which a good title will be made by

RICHARD GARDINER.

N. B. And, on the 9th day following, on the primiſes, will be ſold, ſundry HOUSHOLD GOODS; a number of cows and young cattle; horſes, ſheep, hogs, implements of huſbandry, &c. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on ſaid day. R. G.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Talbot county, Maryland, a ſervant man, named JOHN DICK, a taylor by trade, but pretends to be a ſailor, he has a forged diſcharge from Captain Hadding, commander of the ſhip Good Intent, and as it is ſuppoſed, has alſo a forged paſs. He had on when he went away, a grey coloured ſerge coat, bound with black, a jacket the back part the ſame as the coat, the fore part of light coloured cloth, a pair of old trowſers, and black breeches under them, an ozenbrigs ſhirt, a half worn Carolina felt hat, a pair of country made ſhoes, a pair of yarn ſtockings, and a pair of thread ones; he is middling well ſet, about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a whitely look, and was born in Scotland. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall have Four Pounds reward, paid by

ROBERT HALL. ¶

N. B. The ſaid John Dick has run away ever ſince the 7th of May laſt. It is ſaid he is gone towards Philadelphia.

To be LETT,

THAT forceable Merchant Mill, and Saw Mill, called MOUNT-JOY MILLS, ſituate very convenient on Account of Wheat, either by Land or Water, and is capable of doing near as much Work as any Mill in the Province. Enquire of JOSEPH POTTS, in Philadelphia, or THOMAS HOCKLEY, at Mount-Joy Forge.

TO be SOLD, in Frederick county, Virginia, by the ſubſcriber, living within 4 miles of Wincheſter, betwixt 4 and 5000 acres of valuable well improved land; 1200 acres within 4 miles of Wincheſter; 200 acres cleared land; 75 acres of meadow, in good order, and as much more may be made, with good conveniency of watering it;---a good orchard, dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſpring-houſe, ſtill-houſe, malt-houſe, barn and ſtables; all in good order; with other improvements, too tedious to mention: Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber for the terms, who will give reaſonable time for the payments. RICHARD PEARIS. ¶8 W.

STRAYED away the 6th of this inſt. June, early in the morning, coming from paſture, a bay HORSE, with a bald face, 14 hands 3 inches high, has a ſhort ſwitch tail, his mane hangs to the near ſide, is 5 years old, and ſhod all round. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, and brings him to Jacob Hiltzheimer's ſtable, in Seventh-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, from the ſaid ¶

JACOB HILTZHEIMER.

Philadelphia, June 6, 1768.

THE Subſcriber, intending very ſoon to leave this Province for England, requeſts thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, or the late Partnerſhip of STEWART, DUNCAN, and Company, to call on him for Payment.

¶

THOMAS DUNCAN.

June 12, 1768.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from James Wroth, John Curbuc, and Oliver Haſtings, living in Kent County, near Cheſter-Town, three Convict Servant Men; one a large brown complexioned Man, who has loſt one of his Thumbs; another a ſmall brown complexioned Man, with black Hair: The other, a ſlim Man, about 40 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high; had on, when he went away, a half-worn Broadcloth Coat, and Veſt, with white buttons, old Caſtor Hat, and took with him more Clothes, that cannot be deſcribed. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo as their Maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JAMES WROTH, OLIVER HASTINGS, and JOHN CURBUC. ¶

WHEREAS Katherine, the Wife of John Kirkpatrick, of Charles-Town, Maryland, hath eloped from his Bed and Board, without any juſt Cauſe known to him; having robbed and plundered his Houſe, and left nothing worth mentioning, at the Time he was at the Point of Death. Theſe are to forewarn all Perſons not to truſt her on his Account, for he will pay no Debts of her contracting after the 28th of May, 1768. JOHN KIRKPATRICK. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 8th of November laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at the head of Bohemia, Cæcil county, Maryland, the following perſons, viz. JAMES BROADY, a native Iriſhman, aged 30 years, about 6 feet 2 inches high, ſandy complexion; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, piſsburnt wig, white linen coat, long trowſers, and new ſhoes, but perhaps may change his clothes; he talks low, and has much of the brogue on his tongue. The other named ROBERT LOWRY, about 6 feet high, yellow complexion, large eyes, long viſage, down look, his under lip hangs down, talks thick, forward in company, and much given to gaming; had on, when he went away, a ſmall felt hat, bound round with black ferreting, an old brown wig, brown coat, with yellow buttons, ſtriped jacket, long trowſers, and new ſhoes, but perhaps may change his clothes, as he took others with him. Whoever ſecures the above perſons, ſo as the ſubſcriber may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or FIVE POUNDS for Lowry, and SIX for Broady, paid by

¶

DANIEL TURNER.

N. B. Said Turner has now to lett, for a term of years, and may be entered on immediately, a large new commodious houſe, and other improvements, fitting for a tavern, ſuppoſed to be in the beſt place in the province for a public-houſe, together with 150 acres of good clear land, as good as any in America, and good ſwamp for meadow ground.

FOR CHARLESTOWN, SOUTH CAROLINA,

The BRIGANTINE PRINCE of WALES,

Thomas Maſon,

Commander;

HAS excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail as ſoon as poſſible. For Freight or Paſſage, pleaſe apply to Captain George Noarth, Alexander Lunan, or ſaid Commander, at Thomas Clifford's Wharff.

To be SOLD by ſaid LUNAN, a parcel of freſh RICE, juſt imported in the Prince of Wales.

STEPHEN PASCHALL, living in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, between 4th and 5th Streets, and BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS, living at the Corner of Ninth-ſtreet, and Market-ſtreet, aforeſaid, makes, and has now by them, for Sale, Screws for Clothiers, Timber-Carriages, Tobacconiſts, Packing, &c. alſo Iron Work for Griſt-Mills, Saw-Mills, and Fulling-Mills, where any Perſon may be ſupplied, by applying to either of them, with the abovementioned Work, or any other Sort of Screws that their Buſineſs may require, made well, with the utmoſt Expedition, and at reaſonable Rates, by

STEPHEN PASCHALL, and BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

Said Paſchall makes, and has now by him, ſeveral Pair of Smiths Bellows, for Sale.

Said Humphreys makes, and has now on Hand, a large Quantity of good Sickles, Scythes, Strawknives, Hayknives, and Briar Scythes, ready for Sale. He hopes the Diſtance from Market will not diſcourage his Friends, and others, from applying to him, who will ſerve them at reaſonable Rates.

For LONDON,

The SNOW BRITANNIA, JAMES JEFFERIES, Maſter;

Now lying at Hamilton's wharff; has good accommodations for paſſengers, and having great part of her cargoe engaged, is expected to ſail in about two weeks. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, SAMUEL PLEASANTS, or ſaid Commander.

North-East, Cecil County, Maryland, June 1, 1768.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 17th day of laſt Month, a luſty young likely Negroe man, named BENN, aged 19 or 20 years; had on when he went away, a coarſe home-ſpun dark coloured kerſey jacket, with the under part of the ſleeves white, old hat, fine ſhirt, with cambrick at the boſom, ſtriped lincey trowſers, and good ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroe, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any goal, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM CURRER. §

COALS, at TWO DOLLARS and an HALF per Chaldron,

TO be ſold by JOHN WILLIS, at Spaniſh River, on the Iſland of Breton. Where all Perſons returning in their Veſſels to the Continent from Newfoundland, Louiſbourg, Quebec, or elſewhere, may be ſupplied the enſuing Summer and Fall, at the above Price, delivered along-ſide the Veſſel, and the utmoſt Diſpatch given. 6 W.

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